## 可持续发展目标人权指南

丹麦人权 研究所

"连接人权与全部可持续 发展目标和具体目标"

Click on goal, target or instrument to expand details. Use switch to change which column to be first.

Show first:

Targets

## instruments

目标	具体目标	文书	条款 / 描述
3 <sup>良好</sup> 健康与福祉	3.3 到2030年, 消除艾滋病、结核病、疟疾和被 忽视的热带疾病等流行病, 抗击肝炎、水传 播疾病和其他传染病。 Indicators 3.3.1 每1000名未感染者中艾滋病毒新感染病例 数(按年龄组、性别和主要群体分列) 3.3.2 每年每10000人结核病发生率 3.3.3 每年每1000人疟疾病例 3.3.4	ICRMW 保护所有移徙工人及其家庭成员权利国际公约	Show all articles 9 移徙工人及其家庭成员的生命权应受法律保护。
-w/•			28 移徙工人及家庭成员应有权按与有关国家国民同等的待遇接受维持其生命或避免对其健康的不可弥补的损害而迫切需要的任何医疗。不得以他们在逗留或就业方面有任 何不正常情况为由,而拒绝给予此种紧急医疗。
确保健康的生活方式, 促进各年龄段人群的福		UNDRIP 联合国土著人民权利宣言	Show all articles 7.1 土著人享有生命权以及身心健全、人身自由和安全的权利。
祉			24.1 土著人民有权使用自己的传统医药,有权保持自己的保健方法,包括保 护他们必需的药用植物、动物和矿物。土著人还有权不受任何歧视地享用所有社会和保健服务。
	某一年每100 000人新乙型肝炎感染人数 3.3.5		24.2 土著人拥有享受能够达到的最高标准身心健康的平等权利。各国应采取 必要步骤,使这一权利逐步得到充分实现。
	须采取干预措施治疗被忽视的热带疾病的人数	DEVAW 消除对妇女暴力宣言	Show all articles 3 妇女有权在政治、经济、社会、文化、公民或其他任何领域平等享有所有人权和基本自由,这些人权和自由应受到保护,这些权利尤其包括: 3.a 生命权利
		European Social Charter European Social Charter (Revised)	Show all articles Part II The Parties undertake, as provided for in Part III, to consider themselves bound by the obligations laid down in the following articles and paragraphs.
			Part#II.11 With a view to ensuring the effective exercise of the right to protection of health, the Parties undertake, either directly or in cooperation with public or private organisations, to take appropriate measures designed inter alia:
			Part#II.11.3 to prevent as far as possible epidemic, endemic and other diseases, as well as accidents.
		ADRDM American Declaration on the Rights and Duties of Man	Show all articles I Every human being has the right to life, liberty and the security of his person.
			XI Every person has the right to the preservation of his health through sanitary and social measures relating to food, clothing, housing and medical care, to the extent permitted by public and community resources
		ACHR American Convention on Human Rights	Show all articles 4.1 Every person has the right to have his life respected. This right shall be protected by law and, in general, from the moment of conception. No one shall be arbitrarily deprived of his life.
		Protocol of San Salvador Additional Protocol to the American Convention on Human Rights in the Area of Economic, Social and Cultural rights (Protocol of San Salvador)	Show all articles 10.1 Everyone shall have the right to health, understood to mean the enjoyment of the highest level of physical, mental and social well-being.

		10.2 In order to ensure the exercise of the right to health, the States Parties agree to recognize health as a public good and, particularly, to adopt the following measures to ensure that right:
		10.2.a Primary health care, that is, essential health care made available to all individuals and families in the community;
		10.2.b Extension of the benefits of health services to all individuals subject to the State's jurisdiction;
		10.2.c Universal immunization against the principal infectious diseases;
		10.2.d Prevention and treatment of endemic, occupational and other diseases;
		10.2.e Education of the population on the prevention and treatment of health problems,
		10.2.f Satisfaction of the health needs of the highest risk groups and of those whose poverty makes them the most vulnerable.
	Convention of Belém do Pará Inter-American Convention on the Prevention, Punishment and Eradication of Violence Against Women	Show all articles 4 Every woman has the right to the recognition, enjoyment, exercise and protection of all human rights and freedoms embodied in regional and international human rights instruments. These rights include, among others:
		4.a The right to have her life respected;
	ACHPR African Charter on Human and Peoples' Rights	Show all articles
		Human beings are inviolable. Every human being shall be entitled to respect for his life and the integrity of his person. No one may be arbitrarily deprived of this right.
		16.1 Every individual shall have the right to enjoy the best attainable state of physical and mental health.
		16.2 States parties to the present Charter shall take the necessary measures to protect the health of their people and to ensure that they receive medical attention when they are sick.
	ACRWC African Charter on the Rights and Welfare of the Child	Show all articles 14.1 Every child shall have the right to enjoy the best attainable state of physical, mental and spiritual health.
	Maputo Protocol Protocol to the African Charter on Human and Peoples' Rights on the Rights of Women	Show all articles 14.1 States Parties shall ensure that the right to health of women, including sexual and reproductive health is respected and promoted. This includes:
	in Africa	14.1.d the right to self-protection and to be protected against sexually transmitted infections, including HIV/AIDS;
		14.1.e the right to be informed on one's health status and on the health status of one's partner, particularly if affected with sexually transmitted infections, including HIV/AIDS, in accordance with internationally recognised standards and best practices;
<b>3.4</b> 到2030年,通过预防、治疗及促进身心健	UDHR 世界人权宣言	Show all articles 3 人人有权享有生命、自由和人身安全。
康,将非传染性疾病导致的过早死亡减少三 分之一。 Indicators 3.4.1		25.1 人人有权享受为维持他本人和家属的健康和福利所需的生活水准,包括食物、衣著、住房、医疗和必要的社会服务;在遭到失业、疾病、残废、守寡、衰老或在其他不 能控制的情况下丧失谋生能力时,有权享受保障。
3.4.1 心血管疾病、癌症、糖尿病或慢性呼吸道疾 病死亡率 3.4.2 自杀死亡率	ICCPR 公民权利和政治权利国际公约	Show all articles 6.1 人人有固有的生命权。这个权利应受法律保护。不得任意剥夺任何人的生命。
	ICESCR 经济、社会和文化权利国际公约	Show all articles 12.1 本公约缔约各国承认人人有权享有能达到的最高的体质和心理健康的标准。

Image: CRPD         24.21 开展預防保健、对父母的指导以及计划生育教育和服务。           24.3         24.3           24.3         24.3           24.3         24.3           24.5         24.3           24.5         24.3           24.5         24.3           24.6         24.3           24.7         第約回面並及力采取一切有效和這当的措施,以期废除对儿童健康有害的传统习俗。           CRPD         予修の副車人人享有固有的生命权,并应当采取一切必要措施,确保残疾人在与其他人平等的基础上切实享有这一权利。           25.6         10           25.6         25.6           回残疾人提供其他人享有的,在范围、质量和标准方面相同的免费或费用低廉的医疗保健服务和方案,包括在性健康和生殖健康及全民公共卫生方案           25.6         10           内残疾人提供其他人享有的,在范围、质量和标准方面相同的免费或费用低廉的医疗保健服务和方案,包括向儿童和老年人提供这           25.4         10           内残疾人提供其他人享有的,在范围、质量和标准方面相同的免费或费用低廉的医疗保健服务和方案,包括向儿童和老年人提供这           25.4         10           PR使人支援供其使持续失着自由表示的知情同意基础上,向残疾人提供在质量上与其他人所得相同的护理,特别是通过提供培训和颁佈公共和 职业道德标准,提高对残疾人人权、尊严、自主和需要的认识。           1         1           2         1           26         1           26         1           26         26		
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保护所有移徙工人及其家庭成员权利国际公约 移徙工人及其家庭成员的生命权应受法律保护。 28 移徙工人及家庭成员应有权按与有关国家国民同等的待遇接受维持其生命或避免对其健康的不可弥补的损害而迫切需要的任何医疗。不得以他们在逗	3	要求医护人员,包括在征得残疾人自由表示的知情同意基础上,向残疾人提供在质量上与其他人所得相同的护理,特别是通过提供培训和颁布公共和私营医疗保健服务
	护所有移徙工人及其家庭成员权利国际公约 §	9
一門不正吊頂虎刃田,則把把给了此柙糸忌医灯。	2	
UNDRIP Show all articles	NDRIP	Show all articles
联合国土著人民权利宣言         7.1           土著人享有生命权以及身心健全、人身自由和安全的权利。		
24.1 土著人民有权使用自己的传统医药,有权保持自己的保健方法,包括保 护他们必需的药用植物、动物和矿物。土著人还有权不受任何歧视地享用所有		24.1 土著人民有权使用自己的传统医药,有权保持自己的保健方法,包括保 护他们必需的药用植物、动物和矿物。土著人还有权不受任何歧视地享用所有社会和保健服务。
24.2 土著人拥有享受能够达到的最高标准身心健康的平等权利。各国应采取 必要步骤,使这一权利逐步得到充分实现。		

<b>DEVAW</b> 消除对妇女暴力宣言	Show all articles 3 妇女有权在政治、经济、社会、文化、公民或其他任何领域平等享有所有人权和基本自由,这些人权和自由应受到保护,这些权利尤其包括: 3.a 生命权利			
European Social Charter European Social Charter (Revised)	Show all articles Part II The Parties undertake, as provided for in Part III, to consider themselves bound by the obligations laid down in the following articles and paragraphs.			
	Part#II.11 With a view to ensuring the effective exercise of the right to protection of health, the Parties undertake, either directly or in cooperation with public or private organisations, to take appropriate measures designed inter alia:			
	Part#II.11.1 to remove as far as possible the causes of ill-health;			
	Part#II.11.3 to prevent as far as possible epidemic, endemic and other diseases, as well as accidents.			
ADRDM American Declaration on the Rights and Duties of Man	Show all articles I Every human being has the right to life, liberty and the security of his person.			
	XI Every person has the right to the preservation of his health through sanitary and social measures relating to food, clothing, housing and medical care, to the extent permitted by public and community resources			
ACHR American Convention on Human Rights	Show all articles 4.1 Every person has the right to have his life respected. This right shall be protected by law and, in general, from the moment of conception. No one shall be arbitrarily deprived of his life.			
Protocol of San Salvador Additional Protocol to the American Convention on Human Rights in the Area of Economic, Social and Cultural rights	Show all articles 10.1 Everyone shall have the right to health, understood to mean the enjoyment of the highest level of physical, mental and social well-being.			
(Protocol of San Salvador)	10.2 In order to ensure the exercise of the right to health, the States Parties agree to recognize health as a public good and, particularly, to adopt the following measures to ensure that right:			
	10.2.a Primary health care, that is, essential health care made available to all individuals and families in the community;			
	10.2.b Extension of the benefits of health services to all individuals subject to the State's jurisdiction;			
	10.2.d Prevention and treatment of endemic, occupational and other diseases;			
	10.2.e Education of the population on the prevention and treatment of health problems,			
	10.2.f Satisfaction of the health needs of the highest risk groups and of those whose poverty makes them the most vulnerable.			
Inter-American Convention on discrimination against persons with disabilities	Show all articles III To achieve the objectives of this Convention, the states parties undertake:			
Inter-American Convention on the Elimination of All Forms of Discrimination against Persons with Disabilities	III.2 To work on a priority basis in the following areas:			
	III.2.a Prevention of all forms of preventable disabilities;			
	III.2.b Early detection and intervention, treatment, rehabilitation, education, job training, and the provision of comprehensive services to ensure the optimal level of independence and quality of life for persons with disabilities;			
Convention of Belém do Pará Inter-American Convention on the	Show all articles 4			

		4.a The right to have her life respected;
	ACHPR African Charter on Human and Peoples'	Show all articles
	Rights	Human beings are inviolable. Every human being shall be entitled to respect for his life and the integrity of his person. No one may be arbitrarily deprived of t
		16.1 Every individual shall have the right to enjoy the best attainable state of physical and mental health.
		16.2 States parties to the present Charter shall take the necessary measures to protect the health of their people and to ensure that they receive medical attention they are sick.
	ACRWC African Charter on the Rights and Welfare of the Child	Show all articles 14.1 Every child shall have the right to enjoy the best attainable state of physical, mental and spiritual health.
		14.2 State Parties to the present Charter shall undertake to pursue the full implementation of this right and in particular shall take measures:
		14.2.d to combat disease and malnutrition within the framework of primary health care through the application of appropriate technology;
		14.2.f to develop preventive health care and family life education and provision of service;
		14.2.h to ensure that all sectors of the society, in particular, parents, children, community leaders and community workers are informed and supported in the use of knowledge of child health and nutrition, the advantages of breastfeeding, hygiene and environmental sanitation and the prevention of domestic and other acc
		14.2.j to support through technical and financial means, the mobilization of local community resources in the development of primary health care for children.
	Maputo Protocol Protocol to the African Charter on Human and Peoples' Rights on the Rights of Women	Show all articles 14.2 States Parties shall take all appropriate measures to:
	in Africa	14.2.b establish and strengthen existing pre-natal, delivery and post-natal health and nutritional services for women during pregnancy and while they are breast-fee
3.5 加强对滥用药物包括滥用麻醉药品和有害使 用酒精的预防和治疗。	ICESCR 经济、社会和文化权利国际公约	Show all articles 12.2 本公约缔约各国为充分实现这一权利而采取的步骤应包括为达到下列目标所需的步骤: 12.2.b 改善环境卫生和工业卫生的各个方面;
Indicators 3.5.1 药物使用紊乱症治疗措施的覆盖面(药物、 心理、康复及疗后护理服务) 3.5.2	<b>CRC</b> 儿童权利公约	Show all articles 33 缔约国应采取一切适当措施,包括立法、行政、社会和教育措施,保护儿童不至非法使用有关国际条约中界定的麻醉药品和精神药物,并防止利用儿童从事非 贩运此类药物。
个历年以内纯酒精升表示的数人均(15岁 及15岁以上)酒精消费量	岁 European Social Charter European Social Charter (Revised)	Show all articles Part II The Parties undertake, as provided for in Part III, to consider themselves bound by the obligations laid down in the following articles and paragraphs.
		Part#II.11 With a view to ensuring the effective exercise of the right to protection of health, the Parties undertake, either directly or in cooperation with public or private organisations, to take appropriate measures designed inter alia:
		Part#II.11.1 to remove as far as possible the causes of ill-health;
		Part#II.11.2 предоставление услуг консультационного и просветительского характера, направленных на укрепление здоровья и здорового образа жизни и на ра чувства личной ответственности за свое здоровье;
	ACRWC African Charter on the Rights and Welfare of the Child	Show all articles 28 State Parties to the present Charter shall take all appropriate measures to protect the child from the use of narcotics and illicit use of psychotropic substances defined in the relevant international treaties, and to prevent the use of children in the production and trafficking of such substances.

3.6 到2020年,全球公路交通事故造成的死伤人	UDHR 世界人权宣言	Show all articles 3 人人有权享有生命、自由和人身安全。
数减半。 Indicators 3.6.1	ICCPR 公民权利和政治权利国际公约	Show all articles         6.1         人人有固有的生命权。这个权利应受法律保护。不得任意剥夺任何人的生命。
每10万人口(年齡标准化)30天内公路交通致 命伤亡人数	CRPD 残疾人权利公约	Show all articles 10 缔约国重申人人享有固有的生命权,并应当采取一切必要措施,确保残疾人在与其他人平等的基础上切实享有这一权利。
	ICRMW 保护所有移徙工人及其家庭成员权利国际公约	Show all articles 9 移徙工人及其家庭成员的生命权应受法律保护。
	UNDRIP 联合国土著人民权利宣言	Show all articles 7.1 土著人享有生命权以及身心健全、人身自由和安全的权利。
	DEVAW 消除对妇女暴力宣言	Show all articles 3 妇女有权在政治、经济、社会、文化、公民或其他任何领域平等享有所有人权和基本自由,这些人权和自由应受到保护,这些权利尤其包括: 3.a 生命权利
	ADRDM American Declaration on the Rights and Duties of Man	Show all articles I Every human being has the right to life, liberty and the security of his person.
	ACHR American Convention on Human Rights	Show all articles 4.1 Every person has the right to have his life respected. This right shall be protected by law and, in general, from the moment of conception. No one shall be arbitrarily deprived of his life.
	ACHPR African Charter on Human and Peoples' Rights	Show all articles 4 Human beings are inviolable. Every human being shall be entitled to respect for his life and the integrity of his person. No one may be arbitrarily deprived of this right.
3.7 到2030年,确保普及性健康和生殖健康保健 服务。包括计划生育。信息范围和教育、均	UDHR 世界人权宣言	Show all articles 16.1 成年男女,不受种族、国籍或宗教的任何限制,有权婚嫁和成立家庭。他们在婚姻方面,在结婚期间和在解除婚约时,应有平等的权利。
服务,包括计划生育、信息获取和教育,将 生殖健康纳入国家战略和方案。 Indicators 3.7.1	ICESCR 经济、社会和文化权利国际公约	Show all articles 10 本公约缔约各国承认: 10.2 对母亲,在产前和产后的合理期间,应给以特别保护。在此期间,对有工作的母亲应给以给薪休假或有适当社会保障福利金的休假。
计划生育方面需求通过现代化方法得到满足 的育龄妇女(15-49岁)的百分比 3.7.2		799来,在1994年7月2日在4期间,应组织特别体护。在此期间,为19年1月的97年2日94年2月2日在3月2日在3月2日在3月2日在3月2日在3月2日在3月2日在3月2日在
该年龄组每1 000名妇女的青少年生育率 (10-14岁,15岁至19岁)		12.2 本公约缔约各国为充分实现这一权利而采取的步骤应包括为达到下列目标所需的步骤: 12.2.d 创造保证人人在患病时能得到医疗照顾的条件。
	CRC 儿童权利公约	Show all articles 2.1 缔约国应遵守本公约所载列的权利,并确保其管辖范围内的每一儿童均享受此种权利,不因儿童或其父母或法定监护人的种族、肤色、性别、语言、宗教、政治或其他 见解、民族、族裔或社会出身、财产、伤残、出生或其他身份而有任何差别。
		2.2 缔约国应采取一切适当措施确保儿童得到保护,不受基于儿童父母、法定监护人或家庭成员的身份、活动、所表达的观点或信仰而加诸的一切形式的歧视或惩罚。
		24.1 缔约国确认儿童有权享有可达到的最商标准的健康,并享有医疗和康复设施;缔约国应努力确保没有任何儿童被剥夺获得这种保健服务的权利。 ————————————————————
		24.2 缔约国应致力充分实现这一权利,特别是应采取适当措施,以: 24.2.f 开展预防保健、对父母的指导以及计划生育教育和服务。
	CEDAW 消除对妇女一切形式歧视公约	Show all articles 14.2 缔约各国应采取一切适当措施以消除对农村地区妇女的歧视,保证她们在男女平等的基础上参与农村发展并受其惠益,尤其是保证她们有权: 14.2.b 有权利用充分的保健设施,包括计划生育方面的知识、辅导和服务。

	16.1 统约多国应亚亚—扣话当进始,当险左方关援拥和完成关系的—扣事项上对加左的性加,并结则应仅证她们左国左亚等的其叫上。	
	16.1 缔约各国应采取一切适当措施,消除在有关婚姻和家庭关系的一切事项上对妇女的歧视,并特别应保证她们在男女平等的基础上: 16.1.e 去中国性和现在主体事件比如了工具,就可以在这一项。并在中心性很好性的公式计算机的知识,就会现在注	
	有相同的权利自由负责地决定子女人数和生育间隔,并有机会获得使她们能够行使这种权利的知识、教育和方法。	
	16.2 童年订婚和童婚应不具法律效力,并应采取一切必要行动,包括制订法律,规定结婚最低年龄,并规定婚姻必须向正式登记机构登记。	
CRPD 残疾人权利公约	Show all articles 23.1 缔约国应当采取有效和适当的措施,在涉及婚姻、家庭、生育和个人关系的一切事项中,在与其他人平等的基础上,消除对残疾人的歧视,以确保: 23.1.b 程度上自由,免责任地语完了在上数和任务问题,并很活动信息,任转教会和法制任务教会的扣利获得承认,并提供必要手段传统任任任任任任任任	
	残疾人自由、负责任地决定子女人数和生育间隔,获得适龄信息、生殖教育和计划生育教育的权利获得承认,并提供必要手段使残疾人能够行使这些权利。	
	25 缔约国确认,残疾人有权享有可达到的最高健康标准,不受基于残疾的歧视。缔约国应当采取一切适当措施,确保残疾人获得考虑到性别因素的医疗卫生服:与健康有关的康复服务。缔约国尤其应当: 与健康有关的康复服务。缔约国尤其应当: 25.a 向残疾人提供其他人享有的,在范围、质量和标准方面相同的免费或费用低廉的医疗保健服务和方案,包括在性健康和生殖健康及全民公共卫生方案方面。	
European Social Charter		
European Social Charter (Revised)	Part II The Parties undertake, as provided for in Part III, to consider themselves bound by the obligations laid down in the following articles and paragraphs.	
	Part#II.11 With a view to ensuring the effective exercise of the right to protection of health, the Parties undertake, either directly or in cooperation with public or private organisations, to take appropriate measures designed inter alia:	
	Part#II.11.1 to remove as far as possible the causes of ill-health;	
	Part#II.11.2 предоставление услуг консультационного и просветительского характера, направленных на укрепление здоровья и здорового образа жизни и на раз чувства личной ответственности за свое здоровье;	
	Part#II.11.3 to prevent as far as possible epidemic, endemic and other diseases, as well as accidents.	
ADRDM American Declaration on the Rights and Duties of Man	Show all articles XI Every person has the right to the preservation of his health through sanitary and social measures relating to food, clothing, housing and medical care, to permitted by public and community resources	
Protocol of San Salvador Additional Protocol to the American Convention on Human Rights in the Area of	Show all articles 10.1 Everyone shall have the right to health, understood to mean the enjoyment of the highest level of physical, mental and social well-being.	
Economic, Social and Cultural rights (Protocol of San Salvador)	10.2 In order to ensure the exercise of the right to health, the States Parties agree to recognize health as a public good and, particularly, to adopt the following meal ensure that right:	
	10.2.a Primary health care, that is, essential health care made available to all individuals and families in the community;	
	10.2.b Extension of the benefits of health services to all individuals subject to the State's jurisdiction;	
	10.2.e Education of the population on the prevention and treatment of health problems,	
	10.2.f Satisfaction of the health needs of the highest risk groups and of those whose poverty makes them the most vulnerable.	
Inter-American Convention on discrimination against persons with	Show all articles	
disabilities Inter-American Convention on the	To achieve the objectives of this Convention, the states parties undertake:	
Elimination of All Forms of Discrimination against Persons with Disabilities	III.2 To work on a priority basis in the following areas:	
	III.2.a Prevention of all forms of preventable disabilities;	
Convention of Belém do Pará Inter-American Convention on the	Show all articles	
	4 Every woman has the right to the recognition, enjoyment, exercise and protection of all human rights and freedoms embodied in regional and international human rights and freedoms embodied in regional and international human rights are constructed as the regional and international human rights are constructed as the regional and international human rights are constructed as the regional and international human rights are constructed as the regional and international human rights are constructed as the regional and international human rights are constructed as the regional and international human rights are constructed as the regional and international human rights are constructed as the regional are constructed as the regio	

	4.b The right to have her physical, mental and moral integrity respected;
	4.e The rights to have the inherent dignity of her person respected and her family protected;
ACHPR African Charter on Human and Peoples' Rights	Show all articles 16.1 Every individual shall have the right to enjoy the best attainable state of physical and mental health.
	16.2 States parties to the present Charter shall take the necessary measures to protect the health of their people and to ensure that they receive medical attention when they are sick.
	18.3 The State shall ensure the elimination of every discrimination against women and also censure the protection of the rights of the woman and the child as stipulated in international declarations and conventions.
ACRWC	Show all articles
African Charter on the Rights and Welfare of the Child	3 Every child shall be entitled to the enjoyment of the rights and freedoms recognized and guaranteed in this Charter irrespective of the child's or his/her parents' or legal guardians' race, ethnic group, colour, sex, language, religion, political or other opinion, national and social origin, fortune, birth or other status.
	14.2 State Parties to the present Charter shall undertake to pursue the full implementation of this right and in particular shall take measures:
	14.2.f to develop preventive health care and family life education and provision of service;
Maputo Protocol Protocol to the African Charter on Human	Show all articles
and Peoples' Rights on the Rights of Women	14.1 States Parties shall ensure that the right to health of women, including sexual and reproductive health is respected and promoted. This includes:
in Africa	14.1.a the right to control their fertility;
	14.1.b the right to decide whether to have children, the number of children and the spacing of children;
	14.1.c the right to choose any method of contraception;
	14.1.d the right to self-protection and to be protected against sexually transmitted infections, including HIV/AIDS;
	14.1.e the right to be informed on one's health status and on the health status of one's partner, particularly if affected with sexually transmitted infections, including HIV/AIDS, in accordance with internationally recognised standards and best practices;
	14.1.f the right to have family planning education.
	14.2 States Parties shall take all appropriate measures to:
	14.2.a provide adequate, affordable and accessible health services, including information, education and communication programmes to women especially those in rural areas;
	14.2.b establish and strengthen existing pre-natal, delivery and post-natal health and nutritional services for women during pregnancy and while they are breast-feeding;
	14.2.c protect the reproductive rights of women by authorising medical abortion in cases of sexual assault, rape, incest, and where the continued pregnancy endangers the mental and physical health of the mother or the life of the mother or the foetus.

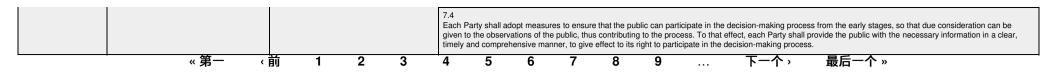
3.8 实现全民健康保障,包括提供金融风险保 护,人人享有优质的基本保健服务,人人获	UDHR 世界人权宣言	Show all articles 25.1 人人有权享受为维持他本人和家属的健康和福利所需的生活水准,包括食物、衣著、住房、医疗和必要的社会服务;在遭到失业、疾病、残废、守寡、衰老或在其他不 能控制的情况下丧失谋生能力时,有权享受保障。
得安全、有效、优质和负担得起的基本药品 和疫苗。 Indicators 3.8.1	ICESCR 经济、社会和文化权利国际公约 -	Show all articles 9 本公约缔约各国承认人人有权享受社会保障,包括社会保险。
基本健康服务的覆盖面 3.8.2 家庭保健支出在家庭总支出或收入中所占份		12.1 本公约缔约各国承认人人有权享有能达到的最高的体质和心理健康的标准。
额大的人口比例		12.2 本公约缔约各国为充分实现这一权利而采取的步骤应包括为达到下列目标所需的步骤: 12.2.a 减低死胎率和婴儿死亡率,和使儿童得到健康的发育;
		12.2.b 改善环境卫生和工业卫生的各个方面;
		12.2.c 预防、治疗和控制传染病、风土病、职业病以及其他的疾病;
		12.2.d 创造保证人人在患病时能得到医疗照顾的条件。
	CRC 儿童权利公约	Show all articles 24.1 缔约国确认儿童有权享有可达到的最商标准的健康,并享有医疗和康复设施;缔约国应努力确保没有任何儿童被剥夺获得这种保健服务的权利。
		24.2 缔约国应致力充分实现这一权利,特别是应采取适当措施,以: 24.2.a 降低婴幼儿死亡率。
		24.2.b 确保向所有儿童提供必要的医疗援助和保健,侧重发展初级保健。
		24.2.c 消除疾病和营养不良现象,包括在初级保健范围内利用现有可得的技术和提供充足的营养食品和清洁饮水,要考虑到环境污染的危险和风险。
		24.2.d 确保母亲得到适当的产前和产后保健。
		24.2.e 确保向社会各阶层、特别是向父母和儿童介绍有关儿童保健和营养、母乳育婴优点、个人卫生和环境卫生及防止意外事故的基本知识,使他们得到这方面的教育并帮助 他们应用这种基本知识。
		24.2.f 开展预防保健、对父母的指导以及计划生育教育和服务。
	CRPD 残疾人权利公约	Show all articles 25 络约国确认,残疾人有权享有可达到的最高健康标准,不受基于残疾的歧视。缔约国应当采取一切适当措施,确保残疾人获得考虑到性别因素的医疗卫生服务,包括 与健康有关的康复服务。缔约国尤其应当: 25.a 向残疾人提供其他人享有的,在范围、质量和标准方面相同的免费或费用低廉的医疗保健服务和方案,包括在性健康和生殖健康及全民公共卫生方案方面。
		25.b 向残疾人提供残疾特需医疗卫生服务,包括酌情提供早期诊断和干预,并提供旨在尽量减轻残疾和预防残疾恶化的服务,包括向儿童和老年人提供这些服务。
		25.d 要求医护人员,包括在征得残疾人自由表示的知情同意基础上,向残疾人提供在质量上与其他人所得相同的护理,特别是通过提供培训和颁布公共和私营医疗保健服务 职业道德标准,提高对残疾人人权、尊严、自主和需要的认识。
		25.e 在提供医疗保险和国家法律允许的人寿保险方面禁止歧视残疾人,这些保险应当以公平合理的方式提供。
		25.f 防止基于残疾而歧视性地拒绝提供医疗保健或医疗卫生服务,或拒绝提供食物和液体。
	ICRMW 保护所有移徙工人及其家庭成员权利国际公约	Show all articles 28 移徙工人及家庭成员应有权按与有关国家国民同等的待遇接受维持其生命或避免对其健康的不可弥补的损害而迫切需要的任何医疗。不得以他们在逗留或就业方面有任 何不正常情况为由,而拒绝给予此种紧急医疗。

	移徙工人在以下方面应享有与就业国国民同等的待遇:			
UNDRIP 联合国土著人民权利宣言	Show all articles 24.1 土著人民有权使用自己的传统医药,有权保持自己的保健方法,包括保 护他们必需的药用植物、动物和矿物。土著人还有权不受任何歧视地享用所有社会和保			
	24.2 土著人拥有享受能够达到的最高标准身心健康的平等权利。各国应采取 必要步骤,使这一权利逐步得到充分实现。			
European Social Charter European Social Charter (Revised)	Show all articles Part II The Parties undertake, as provided for in Part III, to consider themselves bound by the obligations laid down in the following articles and paragraphs.			
	Part#I.8 Employed women, in case of maternity, have the right to a special protection.			
	Part#II.8 With a view to ensuring the effective exercise of the right of employed women to the protection of maternity, the Parties undertake:			
	Part#II.8.1 to provide either by paid leave, by adequate social security benefits or by benefits from public funds for employed women to take leave before and after child a total of at least fourteen weeks;			
	Part#II.11 With a view to ensuring the effective exercise of the right to protection of health, the Parties undertake, either directly or in cooperation with public or private organisations, to take appropriate measures designed inter alia:			
	Part#II.11.1 to remove as far as possible the causes of ill-health;			
	Part#II.11.2 предоставление услуг консультационного и просветительского характера, направленных на укрепление здоровья и здорового образа жизни и на развит чувства личной ответственности за свое здоровье;			
	Part#II.11.3 to prevent as far as possible epidemic, endemic and other diseases, as well as accidents.			
	Part#II.13 With a view to ensuring the effective exercise of the right to social and medical assistance, the Parties undertake:			
	Part#II.13.1 to ensure that any person who is without adequate resources and who is unable to secure such resources either by his own efforts or from other sources, in by benefits under a social security scheme, be granted adequate assistance, and, in case of sickness, the care necessitated by his condition;			
	Part#II.13.2 to ensure that persons receiving such assistance shall not, for that reason, suffer from a diminution of their political or social rights;			
	Part#II.13.3 to provide that everyone may receive by appropriate public or private services such advice and personal help as may be required to prevent, to remove, or to personal or family want;			
	Part#II.13.4 to apply the provisions referred to in paragraphs 1, 2 and 3 of this article on an equal footing with their nationals to nationals of other Parties lawfully within th territories, in accordance with their obligations under the European Convention on Social and Medical Assistance, signed at Paris on 11 December 1953.			
European Framework Convention on Minorities Council of Europe Framework Convention for the Protection of National Minorities	Show all articles 4.2 The Parties undertake to adopt, where necessary, adequate measures in order to promote, in all areas of economic, social, political and cultural life, full and e equality between persons belonging to a national minority and those belonging to the majority. In this respect, they shall take due account of the specific cond the persons belonging to national minorities.			
ADRDM American Declaration on the Rights and Duties of Man	Show all articles XI Every person has the right to the preservation of his health through sanitary and social measures relating to food, clothing, housing and medical care, to the e permitted by public and community resources			
Protocol of San Salvador Additional Protocol to the American Convention on Human Rights in the Area of Economic, Social and Cultural rights (Protocol of San Salvador) Protocol of San Salvador)				

		9.2 In the case of persons who are employed, the right to social security shall cover at least medical care and an allowance or retirement benefit in the case of work accidents or occupational disease and, in the case of women, paid maternity leave before and after childbirth.
		10.1 Everyone shall have the right to health, understood to mean the enjoyment of the highest level of physical, mental and social well-being.
		10.2 In order to ensure the exercise of the right to health, the States Parties agree to recognize health as a public good and, particularly, to adopt the following measures to ensure that right:
		10.2.a Primary health care, that is, essential health care made available to all individuals and families in the community;
		10.2.b Extension of the benefits of health services to all individuals subject to the State's jurisdiction;
	Inter-American Convention on discrimination against persons with	Show all articles IV
	disabilities Inter-American Convention on the Elimination of All Forms of Discrimination	To achieve the objectives of this Convention, the states parties undertake to:
	against Persons with Disabilities	To achieve the objectives of this Convention, the states parties undertake:
		Collaborate effectively in: III.2 To used on a priority basis in the following energy
		To work on a priority basis in the following areas:
		Prevention of all forms of preventable disabilities; IV.2.a Scientific and technological research related to the prevention of disabilities and to the treatment, rehabilitation, and integration into society of persons with disabilities;
		III.2.b Early detection and intervention, treatment, rehabilitation, education, job training, and the provision of comprehensive services to ensure the optimal level of independence and quality of life for persons with disabilities;
	ACHPR African Charter on Human and Peoples' Rights	Show all articles 16.1 Every individual shall have the right to enjoy the best attainable state of physical and mental health.
		16.2 States parties to the present Charter shall take the necessary measures to protect the health of their people and to ensure that they receive medical attention when they are sick.
	ACRWC African Charter on the Rights and Welfare of the Child	Show all articles 14.1 Every child shall have the right to enjoy the best attainable state of physical, mental and spiritual health.
		14.2 State Parties to the present Charter shall undertake to pursue the full implementation of this right and in particular shall take measures:
		14.2.b to ensure the provision of necessary medical assistance and health care to all children with emphasis on the development of primary health care;
		14.2.d to combat disease and malnutrition within the framework of primary health care through the application of appropriate technology;
		14.2.e to ensure appropriate health care for expectant and nursing mothers;
		14.2.f to develop preventive health care and family life education and provision of service;
		14.2.g to integrate basic health service programmes in national development plans;
		14.2.i to ensure the meaningful participation of non-governmental organizations, local communities and the beneficiary population in the planning and management of basic service programmes for children;

		14.2.j to support through technical and financial means, the mobilization of local community resources in the development of primary health care for children.
	Maputo Protocol Protocol to the African Charter on Human and Peoples' Rights on the Rights of Women in Africa	Show all articles 14.1 States Parties shall ensure that the right to health of women, including sexual and reproductive health is respected and promoted. This includes:
		14.1.a the right to control their fertility;
		14.2 States Parties shall take all appropriate measures to:
		14.2.b establish and strengthen existing pre-natal, delivery and post-natal health and nutritional services for women during pregnancy and while they are breast-feeding;
<b>3.9</b> 到2030年,大幅减少危险化学品以及空气、	UDHR 世界人权宣言	Show all articles 3 人人有权享有生命、自由和人身安全。
水和土壤污染导致的死亡和患病人数。 Indicators		八月74年4月1147。 19 人人有权享有主张和发表意见的自由;此项权利包括持有主张而不受干涉的自由;和通过任何媒介和不论国界寻求、接受和传递消息和思想的自由。
3.9.1 归因于家庭和环境空气污染的死亡率 3.9.2	ICCPR 公民权利和政治权利国际公约	Show all articles 6.1
不安全供水、不安全环卫设施以及缺乏个人 卫生(接触人人享有饮水、环境卫生和个人 卫生项目(水卫项目)所述的不安全服务)		人人有固有的生命权。这个权利应受法律保护。不得任意剥夺任何人的生命。 19.2
导致的死亡率 3.9.3 意外中毒导致的死亡率		15.2 人人有自由发表意见的权利;此项权利包括寻求、接受和传递各种消息和思想的自由,而不论国界,也不论口头的、书写的、印刷的、采取艺术形式的、或通过他将 择的任何其他媒介。
	ICESCR 经济、社会和文化权利国际公约	Show all articles 12.1 本公约缔约各国承认人人有权享有能达到的最高的体质和心理健康的标准。
		12.2 本公约缔约各国为充分实现这一权利而采取的步骤应包括为达到下列目标所需的步骤: 12.2.b 改善环境卫生和工业卫生的各个方面;
	<b>CRPD</b> 残疾人权利公约	Show all articles 10 缔约国重申人人享有固有的生命权,并应当采取一切必要措施,确保残疾人在与其他人平等的基础上切实享有这一权利。
	ICRMW 保护所有移徙工人及其家庭成员权利国际公约	Show all articles 9 移徙工人及其家庭成员的生命权应受法律保护。
	UNDRIP 联合国土著人民权利宣言	Show all articles 7.1 土著人享有生命权以及身心健全、人身自由和安全的权利。
		29.2 各国应采取有效措施,确保未事先获得土著人民的自由知情同意,不得 在其土地或领土上存放或处置危险物质。
		29.3 各国还应采取有效措施,根据需要,确保由受此种危险物质影响的土著 人民制定和执行的旨在监测、保持和恢复土著人民健康的方案得到适当执行。
	DEVAW 消除对妇女暴力宣言	Show all articles 3 妇女有权在政治、经济、社会、文化、公民或其他任何领域平等享有所有人权和基本自由,这些人权和自由应受到保护,这些权利尤其包括: 3.a 生命权利
	Aarhus Convention Convention on Access to Information, Public Participation in Decision-making and Access to Justice in Environmental Matters	Show all articles 5.1.a 公共当局具备并更新与自身 职能相关的环境信息;
		5.7.c 以适当的形式提供关于各级 政府在环境方面履行公共职 能或提供公共服务情况的信 息。
	Escazú Agreement Regional Agreement on Access to Information, Public Participation and Justice in Environmental Matters in Latin America and the Caribbean	Show all articles 1 The objective of the present Agreement is to guarantee the full and effective implementation in Latin America and the Caribbean of the rights of access to environmental information, public participation in the environmental decision-making process and access to justice in environmental matters, and the creation and strengthening of capacities and cooperation, contributing to the protection of the right of every person of present and future generations to live in a healthy environ and to sustainable development.

	4.1 Each Party shall guarantee the right of every person to live in a healthy environment and any other universally-recognized human right related to the present Agreement.
	5.2 The exercise of the right of access to environmental information includes:
	5.2.a requesting and receiving information from competent authorities without mentioning any special interest or explaining the reasons for the request;
	5.2.b being informed promptly whether the requested information is in possession or not of the competent authority receiving the request;
	5.2.c being informed of the right to challenge and appeal when information is not delivered, and of the requirements for exercising this right.
	5.3 Each Party shall facilitate access to environmental information for persons or groups in vulnerable situations, establishing procedures for the provision of assistance, from the formulation of requests through to the delivery of the information, taking into account their conditions and specificities, for the purpose of promoting access and participation under equal conditions.
	5.4 Each Party shall guarantee that the above-mentioned persons or groups in vulnerable situations, including indigenous peoples and ethnic groups, receive assistance in preparing their requests and obtain a response.
	6.3 Each Party shall have in place one or more up-to-date environmental information systems, which may include, inter alia:
	6.3.b reports on the state of the environment;
	6.3.c a list of public entities competent in environmental matters and, where possible, their respective areas of operation;
	6.3.d a list of polluted areas, by type of pollutant and location;
	6.3.e information on the use and conservation of natural resources and ecosystem services;
	6.3.f scientific, technical or technological reports, studies and information on environmental matters produced by academic and research institutions, whether public or private, national or foreign;
	6.3.h information on environmental impact assessment processes and on other environmental management instruments, where applicable, and environmental licences or permits granted by the public authorities;
	6.3.i an estimated list of waste by type and, when possible, by volume, location and year; and
	7.1 Each Party shall ensure the public's right to participation and, for that purpose, commits to implement open and inclusive participation in environmental decision- making processes based on domestic and international normative frameworks.
	7.2 Each Party shall guarantee mechanisms for the participation of the public in decision-making processes, revisions, re-examinations or updates with respect to projects and activities, and in other processes for granting environmental permits that have or may have a significant impact on the environment, including when they may affect health.
	7.3 Each Party shall promote the participation of the public in decision-making processes, revisions, re-examinations or updates other than those referred to in paragraph 2 of the present article with respect to environmental matters of public interest, such as land-use planning, policies, strategies, plans, programmes, rules and regulations, which have or may have a significant impact on the environment.



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