

# The Human Rights Guide to the Sustainable Development Goals

Linking human rights with all Sustainable Development Goals and targets

Click on goal, target or instrument to expand details.

Use switch to change which column to be first.

Show first:

Targets

# instruments

Goal	Target	Instrument	Article / Description
Make cities and human settlements inclusive, safe, resilient and sustainable.	By 2020, substantially increase the number of cities and human settlements adopting and implementing integrated policies and plans towards inclusion, resource efficiency, mitigation and adaptation to climate change, resilience to disasters, and develop and implement, in line with the Sendai Framework for Disaster Risk Reduction 2015-2030, holistic disaster risk management at all levels.  Indicators 11.b.1  Number of countries that adopt and implement national disaster risk reduction strategies in line with the Sendai Framework for Disaster Risk Reduction 2015–2030 11.b.2  Proportion of local governments that adopt and implement local disaster risk reduction strategies in line with national disaster risk reduction strategies in line with national disaster risk reduction strategies in line with national disaster risk reduction strategies	ICESCR International Covenant on Economic, Social and Cultural Rights	Show all articles 12.2. The steps to be taken by the States Parties to the present Covenant to achieve the full realization of this right shall include those necessary for: 12.2.b The improvement of all aspects of environmental and industrial hygiene;
		Escazú Agreement Regional Agreement on Access to Information, Public Participation and Justice in Environmental Matters in Latin America and the Caribbean	Show all articles 4.5 Each Party shall ensure that guidance and assistance is provided to the public —particularly those persons or groups in vulnerable situations— in order to facilitate the exercise of their access rights.
			4.6 Each Party shall guarantee an enabling environment for the work of persons, associations, organizations or groups that promote environmental protection, by recognizing and protecting them.
			5.3 Each Party shall facilitate access to environmental information for persons or groups in vulnerable situations, establishing procedures for the provision of assistance, from the formulation of requests through to the delivery of the information, taking into account their conditions and specificities, for the purpose of promoting access and participation under equal conditions.
			5.4 Each Party shall guarantee that the above-mentioned persons or groups in vulnerable situations, including indigenous peoples and ethnic groups, receive assistance in preparing their requests and obtain a response.
			6.1 Each Party shall guarantee, to the extent possible within available resources, that the competent authorities generate, collect, publicize and disseminate environmental information relevant to their functions in a systematic, proactive, timely, regular, accessible and comprehensible manner, and periodically update this information and encourage the disaggregation and decentralization of environmental information at the subnational and local levels. Each Party shall strengthen coordination between the different authorities of the State.
			6.3 Each Party shall have in place one or more up-to-date environmental information systems, which may include, inter alia:
			6.5 Each Party shall guarantee that in the case of an imminent threat to public health or the environment, the relevant competent authority shall immediately disclose and disseminate through the most effective means all pertinent information in its possession that could help the public take measures to prevent or limit potential damage. Each Party shall develop and implement an early warning system using available mechanisms.
			6.6 In order to facilitate access by persons or groups in vulnerable situations to information that particularly affects them, each Party shall endeavour, where applicable, to ensure that the competent authorities disseminate environmental information in the various languages used in the country, and prepare alternative formats that are comprehensible to those groups, using suitable channels of communication.
			6.8 Each Party shall encourage independent environmental performance reviews that take into account nationally or internationally agreed criteria and guides and common indicators, with a view to evaluating the efficacy, effectiveness and progress of its national environmental policies in fulfilment of their national and international commitments. The reviews shall include participation by the various stakeholders.
			7.1 Each Party shall ensure the public's right to participation and, for that purpose, commits to implement open and inclusive participation in environmental decision-making processes based on domestic and international normative frameworks.

	7.3
	Each Party shall promote the participation of the public in decision-making processes, revisions, re-examinations or updates other than those referred to in paragraph 2 of the present article with respect to environmental matters of public interest, such as land-use planning, policies, strategies, plans, programmes and regulations, which have or may have a significant impact on the environment.
	7.6 The public shall be informed, through appropriate means, such as in writing, electronically, orally and by customary methods, and in an effective, comprehen and timely manner, as a minimum, of the following:
	7.14  The public authorities shall make efforts to identify and support persons or groups in vulnerable situations in order to engage them in an active, timely and ef manner in participation mechanisms. For these purposes, appropriate means and formats will be considered, in order to eliminate barriers to participation.
	10.2 Each Party, in line with its capacities, may take, inter alia, the following measures:
	10.2.a train authorities and civil servants on environmental access rights;
	10.2.b develop and strengthen environmental law and access rights awareness-raising and capacity-building programmes for, inter alia, the public, judicial and administrative officials, national human rights institutions and jurists;
	10.2.c provide the competent institutions and entities with adequate equipment and resources;
	10.2.d promote education and training on, and raise public awareness of, environmental matters, through, inter alia, basic educational modules on access rights for students at all levels of education;
	10.2.e develop specific measures for persons or groups in vulnerable situations, such as providing interpreters or translators in languages other than official languages when necessary;
	10.2.f acknowledge the importance of associations, organizations or groups that train the public on or raise public awareness of access rights;
	10.2.g strengthen capabilities to collect, retain and evaluate environmental information.
	11.1 The Parties shall cooperate to strengthen their national capacities with the aim of implementing the present Agreement in an effective manner.
	11.3 For the purposes of implementing paragraph 2 of the present article, the Parties shall promote activities and mechanisms, such as:
	11.3.a discussions, workshops, expert exchanges, technical assistance, education and observatories;
	11.3.b developing, sharing and implementing educational, training and awareness-raising materials and programmes;
	11.3.c sharing experiences of voluntary codes of conduct, guidelines, good practices and standards;
	11.3.d committees, councils and forums of multisectoral development stakeholders to address cooperation priorities and activities.
ACHR American Convention on Human Rights	Show all articles 26 The States Parties undertake to adopt measures, both internally and through international cooperation, especially those of an economic and technical nature a view to achieving progressively, by legislation or other appropriate means, the full realization of the rights implicit in the economic, social, educational, scie and cultural standards set forth in the Charter of the Organization of American States as amended by the Protocol of Buenos Aires.
Protocol of San Salvador Additional Protocol to the American Convention on Human Rights in the Area of Economic, Social and Cultural rights (Protocol of San Salvador)	Show all articles 11.2 The States Parties shall promote the protection, preservation, and improvement of the environment.
Maputo Protocol	Show all articles

## UNFCCC

United Nations Framework Convention on Climate Change

#### Show all articles

3

In their actions to achieve the objective of the Convention and to implement its provisions, the Parties shall be guided, inter alia, by the following:

#### 3.1

The Parties should protect the climate system for the benefit of present and future generations of humankind, on the basis of equity and in accordance with their common but differentiated responsibilities and respective capabilities. Accordingly, the developed country Parties should take the lead in combating climate change and the adverse effects thereof.

#### 3.3

The Parties should take precautionary measures to anticipate, prevent or minimize the causes of climate change and mitigate its adverse effects. Where there are threats of serious or irreversible damage, lack of full scientific certainty should not be used as a reason for postponing such measures, taking into account that policies and measures to deal with climate change should be cost-effective so as to ensure global benefits at the lowest possible cost. To achieve this, such policies and measures should take into account different socio-economic contexts, be comprehensive, cover all relevant sources, sinks and reservoirs of greenhouse gases and adaptation, and comprise all economic sectors. Efforts to address climate change may be carried out cooperatively by interested Parties.

#### 11

All Parties, taking into account their common but differentiated responsibilities and their specific national and regional development priorities, objectives and circumstances, shall:

#### 4.1.a

Develop, periodically update, publish and make available to the Conference of the Parties, in accordance with Article 12, national inventories of anthropogenic emissions by sources and removals by sinks of all greenhouse gases not controlled by the Montreal Protocol, using comparable methodologies to be agreed upon by the Conference of the Parties;

## 4.1.f

Take climate change considerations into account, to the extent feasible, in their relevant social, economic and environmental policies and actions, and employ appropriate methods, for example impact assessments, formulated and determined nationally, with a view to minimizing adverse effects on the economy, on public health and on the quality of the environment, of projects or measures undertaken by them to mitigate or adapt to climate change;

## 4.2

The developed country Parties and other Parties included in Annex I commit themselves specifically as provided for in the following:

#### 4.2.a

Each of these Parties shall adopt national policies and take corresponding measures on the mitigation of climate change, by limiting its anthropogenic emissions of greenhouse gases and protecting and enhancing its greenhouse gase sinks and reservoirs. These policies and measures will demonstrate that developed countries are taking the lead in modifying longer-term trends in anthropogenic emissions consistent with the objective of the Convention, recognizing that the return by the end of the present decade to earlier levels of anthropogenic emissions of carbon dioxide and other greenhouse gases not controlled by the Montreal Protocol would contribute to such modification, and taking into account the differences in these Parties' starting points and approaches, economic structures and resource bases, the need to maintain strong and sustainable economic growth, available technologies and other individual circumstances, as well as the need for equitable and appropriate contributions by each of these Parties to the global effort regarding that objective. These Parties may implement such policies and measures jointly with other Parties in contributing to the achievement of the objective of the Convention and, in particular, that of this subparagraph;

## Paris Agreement

Paris Agreement

## Show all articles

The entire convention is relevant

The Paris Agreement is relevant to this Target in its entirety

## 3

As nationally determined contributions to the global response to climate change, all Parties are to undertake and communicate ambitious efforts as defined in Articles 4, 7, 9, 10, 11 and 13 with the view to achieving the purpose of this Agreement as set out in Article 2. The efforts of all Parties will represent a progression over time, while recognizing the need to support developing country Parties for the effective implementation of this Agreement.

## 4.1

In order to achieve the long-term temperature goal set out in Article 2, Parties aim to reach global peaking of greenhouse gas emissions as soon as possible, recognizing that peaking will take longer for developing country Parties, and to undertake rapid reductions thereafter in accordance with best available science, so as to achieve a balance between anthropogenic emissions by sources and removals by sinks of greenhouse gases in the second half of this century, on the basis of equity, and in the context of sustainable development and efforts to eradicate poverty.

## 4.19

All Parties should strive to formulate and communicate long-term low greenhouse gas emission development strategies, mindful of Article 2 taking into account their common but differentiated responsibilities and respective capabilities, in the light of different national circumstances.

## 6.1

Parties recognize that some Parties choose to pursue voluntary cooperation in the implementation of their nationally determined contributions to allow for higher ambition in their mitigation and adaptation actions and to promote sustainable development and environmental integrity.

## 7.1

Parties hereby establish the global goal on adaptation of enhancing adaptive capacity, strengthening resilience and reducing vulnerability to climate change, with a view to contributing to sustainable development and ensuring an adequate adaptation response in the context of the temperature goal referred to in Article 2.

## 7.9

Each Party shall, as appropriate, engage in adaptation planning processes and the implementation of actions, including the development or enhancement of relevant plans, policies and/or contributions, which may include:

ptation actions, undertakings and/or efforts;  Ind implement national adaptation plans;  change impacts and vulnerability, with a view to formulating nationally determined prioritized actions, taking into account vulnerable
change impacts and vulnerability, with a view to formulating nationally determined prioritized actions, taking into account vulnerable
tems;
and learning from adaptation plans, policies, programmes and actions;
ocioeconomic and ecological systems, including through economic diversification and sustainable management of natural resources.
this Convention, the Parties shall:
erty eradication into efforts to combat desertification and mitigate the effects of drought;
g affected country Parties in the fields of environmental protection and the conservation of land and water resources, as they relate to
ns pursuant to article 4, affected country Parties undertake to:
orities, within the framework of sustainable development plans and/or policies, to combat desertification and mitigate the effects of
es may include, inter alia, some or all of the following measures to prepare for and mitigate the effects of drought:
gthening, as appropriate, of early warning systems, including local and national facilities and joint systems at the subregional and regional rassisting environmentally displaced persons;
reparedness and management, including drought contingency plans at the local, national, subregional and regional levels, which take I to interannual climate predictions;
gthening, as appropriate, of food security systems, including storage and marketing facilities, particularly in rural areas;
e livelihood projects that could provide incomes in drought prone areas;
e irrigation programmes for both crops and livestock.
cumstances and requirements specific to each affected country Party, national action programmes include, as appropriate, inter alia, the following priority fields as they relate to combating desertification and mitigating the effects of drought in affected areas and to their alternative livelihoods and improvement of national economic environments with a view to strengthening programmes aimed at the at ensuring food security; demographic dynamics; sustainable management of natural resources; sustainable agricultural practices; use of various energy sources; institutional and legal frameworks; strengthening of capabilities for assessment and systematic ological and meteorological services, and capacity building, education and public awareness.

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