

Руководство по правам человека к Целям в области устойчивого развития

Взаимосвязь прав человека с всеми Целями в области устойчивого развития и соответствующими задачами


Click on goal, target or instrument to expand details.

Use switch to change which column to be first.

Show first:

Targets

instruments

Цель	Задача	Документ	Статья / Описание
 <p>Обеспечить всеобщий доступ к недорогому, надежному, устойчивому и современному энергоснабжению.</p>	<p>7.1 К 2030 году обеспечить всеобщий доступ к недорогому, надежному и современным энергетическим услугам.</p> <p>Indicators 7.1.1 Процентная доля населения, имеющего доступ к электроэнергии. 7.1.2 Процентная доля населения, использующего в основном чистые виды топлива и технологии.</p>	<p>ВДПЧ Всеобщая декларация прав человека (ВДПЧ)</p>	<p>Show all articles 25.1 Каждый человек имеет право на такой жизненный уровень, включая пищу, одежду, жилище, медицинский уход и необходимое социальное обслуживание, который необходим для поддержания здоровья и благосостояния его самого и его семьи, и право на обеспечение на случай безработицы, болезни, инвалидности, вдовства, наступления старости или иного случая утраты средств к существованию по не зависящим от него обстоятельствам.</p>
		<p>МПЭСКП Международный пакт об экономических, социальных и культурных правах (МПЭСКП)</p>	<p>Show all articles 11.1 Участвующие в настоящем Пакте государства признают право каждого на достаточный жизненный уровень для него и его семьи, включающий достаточное питание, одежду и жилище, и на непрерывное улучшение условий жизни. Государства-участники примут надлежащие меры к обеспечению осуществления этого права, признавая важное значение в этом отношении международного сотрудничества, основанного на свободном согласии.</p>
		<p>МКЛРД Международная конвенция о ликвидации всех форм расовой дискриминации (МКЛРД)</p>	<p>Show all articles 5 В соответствии с основными обязательствами, изложенными в статье 2 настоящей Конвенции, государства-участники обязуются запретить и ликвидировать расовую дискриминацию во всех ее формах и обеспечить равноправие каждого человека перед законом, без различия расы, цвета кожи, национального или этнического происхождения, в особенности в отношении осуществления следующих прав: 5.e прав в экономической, социальной и культурной областях, в частности:</p>
		<p>КЛДЖ Конвенция о ликвидации всех форм дискриминации в отношении женщин (КЛДЖ)</p>	<p>Show all articles 13 Государства-участники принимают все соответствующие меры для ликвидации дискриминации в отношении женщин в других областях экономической и социальной жизни, с тем чтобы обеспечить на основе равенства мужчин и женщин равные права, в частности:</p> <p>14.2 Государства-участники принимают все соответствующие меры для ликвидации дискриминации в отношении женщин в сельских районах, с тем чтобы обеспечить на основе равенства мужчин и женщин их участие в развитии сельских районов и в получении выгод от такого развития и, в частности, обеспечивают таким женщинам право: 14.2.h пользоваться надлежащими условиями жизни, особенно жилищными условиями, санитарными услугами, электро- и водоснабжением, а также транспортом и средствами связи.</p>
		<p>КПИ Конвенция о правах инвалидов (КПИ)</p>	<p>Show all articles 28.1 Государства-участники признают право инвалидов на достаточный жизненный уровень для них самих и их семей, включающий достаточное питание, одежду и жилище, и на непрерывное улучшение условий жизни и принимают надлежащие меры к обеспечению и поощрению реализации этого права без дискриминации по признаку инвалидности.</p>
		<p>UNDRIP Декларация о правах коренных народов</p>	<p>Show all articles 21.1 Коренные народы имеют право без дискриминации на улучшение социально-экономических условий их жизни, в том числе, в частности, в таких областях, как образование, занятость, профессионально-техническая подготовка и переподготовка, обеспечение жильем, санитария, здравоохранение и социальное обеспечение.</p> <p>21.2 Государства принимают действенные меры и, при необходимости, особые меры по обеспечению непрерывного улучшения социально экономических условий их жизни. Конкретное внимание уделяется правам и особым потребностям престарелых, женщин, молодежи, детей и инвалидов, принадлежащих к коренным народам.</p>

		<p>Escazú Agreement Regional Agreement on Access to Information, Public Participation and Justice in Environmental Matters in Latin America and the Caribbean</p>	<p>Show all articles</p> <p>4.5 Each Party shall ensure that guidance and assistance is provided to the public —particularly those persons or groups in vulnerable situations— in order to facilitate the exercise of their access rights.</p> <p>5.2 The exercise of the right of access to environmental information includes:</p> <p>5.2.a requesting and receiving information from competent authorities without mentioning any special interest or explaining the reasons for the request;</p> <p>5.2.b being informed promptly whether the requested information is in possession or not of the competent authority receiving the request;</p> <p>5.2.c being informed of the right to challenge and appeal when information is not delivered, and of the requirements for exercising this right.</p> <p>5.3 Each Party shall facilitate access to environmental information for persons or groups in vulnerable situations, establishing procedures for the provision of assistance, from the formulation of requests through to the delivery of the information, taking into account their conditions and specificities, for the purpose of promoting access and participation under equal conditions.</p> <p>5.4 Each Party shall guarantee that the above-mentioned persons or groups in vulnerable situations, including indigenous peoples and ethnic groups, receive assistance in preparing their requests and obtain a response.</p> <p>6.1 Each Party shall guarantee, to the extent possible within available resources, that the competent authorities generate, collect, publicize and disseminate environmental information relevant to their functions in a systematic, proactive, timely, regular, accessible and comprehensible manner, and periodically update this information and encourage the disaggregation and decentralization of environmental information at the subnational and local levels. Each Party shall strengthen coordination between the different authorities of the State.</p> <p>6.3 Each Party shall have in place one or more up-to-date environmental information systems, which may include, inter alia:</p> <p>6.3.e information on the use and conservation of natural resources and ecosystem services;</p> <p>6.3.h information on environmental impact assessment processes and on other environmental management instruments, where applicable, and environmental licences or permits granted by the public authorities;</p> <p>6.6 In order to facilitate access by persons or groups in vulnerable situations to information that particularly affects them, each Party shall endeavour, where applicable, to ensure that the competent authorities disseminate environmental information in the various languages used in the country, and prepare alternative formats that are comprehensible to those groups, using suitable channels of communication.</p> <p>6.9 Each Party shall promote access to environmental information contained in concessions, contracts, agreements or authorizations granted, which involve the use of public goods, services or resources, in accordance with domestic legislation.</p> <p>6.10 Each Party shall ensure that consumers and users have official, relevant and clear information on the environmental qualities of goods and services and their effects on health, favouring sustainable production and consumption patterns.</p> <p>6.12 Each Party shall take the necessary measures, through legal or administrative frameworks, among others, to promote access to environmental information in the possession of private entities, in particular information on their operations and the possible risks and effects on human health and the environment.</p> <p>7.1 Each Party shall ensure the public's right to participation and, for that purpose, commits to implement open and inclusive participation in environmental decision-making processes based on domestic and international normative frameworks.</p> <p>7.2 Each Party shall guarantee mechanisms for the participation of the public in decision-making processes, revisions, re-examinations or updates with respect to projects and activities, and in other processes for granting environmental permits that have or may have a significant impact on the environment, including when they may affect health.</p> <p>7.3 Each Party shall promote the participation of the public in decision-making processes, revisions, re-examinations or updates other than those referred to in paragraph 2 of the present article with respect to environmental matters of public interest, such as land-use planning, policies, strategies, plans, programmes, rules and regulations, which have or may have a significant impact on the environment.</p>
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			<p>7.5 The public participation procedure will provide for reasonable timeframes that allow sufficient time to inform the public and for its effective participation.</p>
			<p>7.6 The public shall be informed, through appropriate means, such as in writing, electronically, orally and by customary methods, and in an effective, comprehensible and timely manner, as a minimum, of the following:</p>
			<p>7.6.a the type or nature of the environmental decision under consideration and, where appropriate, in non-technical language;</p>
			<p>7.6.b the authority responsible for making the decision and other authorities and bodies involved;</p>
			<p>7.6.c the procedure foreseen for the participation of the public, including the date on which the procedure will begin and end, mechanisms for participation and, where applicable, the date and place of any public consultation or hearing; and</p>
			<p>7.6.d the public authorities involved from which additional information on the environmental decision under consideration can be requested and the procedure for requesting information.</p>
			<p>7.7 The public's right to participate in environmental decision-making processes shall include the opportunity to present observations through appropriate means available, according to the circumstances of the process. Before adopting the decision, the relevant public authority shall give due consideration to the outcome of the participation process.</p>
			<p>7.8 Each Party shall ensure that, once a decision has been made, the public is informed in a timely manner thereof and of the grounds and reasons underlying the decision, including how the observations of the public have been taken into consideration. The decision and its basis shall be made public and be accessible.</p>
			<p>7.9 The dissemination of the decisions resulting from environmental impact assessments and other environmental decision-making processes in which the public has participated shall be carried out through appropriate means, which may include written, electronic or oral means and customary methods, in an effective and prompt manner. The information disseminated shall include the established procedure to allow the public to take the relevant administrative and judicial actions.</p>
			<p>7.10 Each Party shall establish conditions that are favourable to public participation in environmental decision-making processes and that are adapted to the social, economic, cultural, geographical and gender characteristics of the public.</p>
			<p>7.11 When the primary language of the directly affected public is different to the official languages, the public authority shall ensure that means are provided to facilitate their understanding and participation.</p>
			<p>7.12 Each Party shall promote, where appropriate and in accordance with domestic legislation, public participation in international forums and negotiations on environmental matters or with an environmental impact, in accordance with the procedural rules on participation of each forum. The participation of the public at the national level on matters of international environmental forums shall also be promoted, where appropriate.</p>
			<p>7.13 Each Party shall encourage the establishment of appropriate spaces for consultation on environmental matters or the use of those that are already in existence in which various groups and sectors are able to participate. Each Party shall promote regard for local knowledge, dialogue and interaction of different views and knowledge, where appropriate.</p>
			<p>7.14 The public authorities shall make efforts to identify and support persons or groups in vulnerable situations in order to engage them in an active, timely and effective manner in participation mechanisms. For these purposes, appropriate means and formats will be considered, in order to eliminate barriers to participation.</p>
			<p>7.15 In the implementation of the present Agreement, each Party shall guarantee that its domestic legislation and international obligations in relation to the rights of indigenous peoples and local communities are observed.</p>
			<p>7.16 The public authority shall make efforts to identify the public directly affected by the projects or activities that have or may have a significant impact on the environment and shall promote specific actions to facilitate their participation.</p>
			<p>7.17 With respect to the environmental decision-making processes referred to in paragraph 2 of the present article, as a minimum, the following information shall be made public:</p>

			7.17.a a description of the area of influence and physical and technical characteristics of the proposed project or activity;
			7.17.b a description of the main environmental impacts of the project or activity and, as appropriate, the cumulative environmental impact;
			7.17.c a description of the measures foreseen with respect to those impacts;
			7.17.d a summary of (a), (b) and (c) of the present paragraph in comprehensible, non-technical language;
			7.17.e the public reports and opinions of the involved entities addressed to the public authority related to the project or activity under consideration;
			7.17.f a description of the available technologies to be used and alternative locations for executing the project or activity subject to assessment, when the information is available; and
			7.17.g actions taken to monitor the implementation and results of environmental impact assessment measures.
			7.17.z The aforementioned information shall be made available free of charge to the public in accordance with paragraph 17 of article 5 of the present Agreement.
			13 Each Party, to the extent of its ability and in accordance with its national priorities, commits to provide the resources for national activities that are needed to fulfil the obligations derived from the present Agreement.
		Inter-American Convention on discrimination against persons with disabilities Inter-American Convention on the Elimination of All Forms of Discrimination against Persons with Disabilities	Show all articles III To achieve the objectives of this Convention, the states parties undertake:
			III.2 To work on a priority basis in the following areas:
			III.2.b Early detection and intervention, treatment, rehabilitation, education, job training, and the provision of comprehensive services to ensure the optimal level of independence and quality of life for persons with disabilities;
		ACHPR African Charter on Human and Peoples' Rights	Show all articles 22.2 States shall have the duty, individually or collectively, to ensure the exercise of the right to development.
			24 All peoples shall have the right to a general satisfactory environment favourable to their development.
		Maputo Protocol Protocol to the African Charter on Human and Peoples' Rights on the Rights of Women in Africa	Show all articles 18.2 States Parties shall take all appropriate measures to:
			18.2.b promote research and investment in new and renewable energy sources and appropriate technologies, including information technologies and facilitate women's access to, and participation in their control;

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