

The Human Rights Guide to the Sustainable Development Goals

Linking human rights with all Sustainable Development Goals and targets


Click on goal, target or instrument to expand details.

Use switch to change which column to be first.

Show first:

Targets

instruments

| Goal | Target | Instrument | Article / Description |
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|  <p>Ensure healthy lives and promote well-being for all at all ages.</p> | <p>3.1 By 2030, reduce the global maternal mortality ratio to less than 70 per 100,000 live births.</p> <p>Indicators 3.1.1 Maternal mortality ratio 3.1.2 Proportion of births attended by skilled health personnel</p> | <p>UDHR Universal Declaration of Human Rights</p> | <p>Show all articles 3 Everyone has the right to life, liberty and security of person.</p> <p>25.1 Everyone has the right to a standard of living adequate for the health and well-being of himself and of his family, including food, clothing, housing and medical care and necessary social services, and the right to security in the event of unemployment, sickness, disability, widowhood, old age or other lack of livelihood in circumstances beyond his control.</p> |
| | | <p>ICCPR International Covenant on Civil and Political Rights</p> | <p>Show all articles 6.1 Every human being has the inherent right to life. This right shall be protected by law. No one shall be arbitrarily deprived of his life.</p> |
| | | <p>ICESCR International Covenant on Economic, Social and Cultural Rights</p> | <p>Show all articles 12.1 The States Parties to the present Covenant recognize the right of everyone to the enjoyment of the highest attainable standard of physical and mental health.</p> |
| | | | <p>12.2 The steps to be taken by the States Parties to the present Covenant to achieve the full realization of this right shall include those necessary for:</p> |
| | | | <p>12.2.a The provision for the reduction of the stillbirth-rate and of infant mortality and for the healthy development of the child;</p> |
| | | | <p>12.2.b The improvement of all aspects of environmental and industrial hygiene;</p> |
| | | | <p>12.2.c The prevention, treatment and control of epidemic, endemic, occupational and other diseases;</p> |
| | | | <p>12.2.d The creation of conditions which would assure to all medical service and medical attention in the event of sickness.</p> |
| | | <p>CEDAW Convention on the Elimination of All Forms of Discrimination Against Women</p> | <p>Show all articles 12.1 States Parties shall take all appropriate measures to eliminate discrimination against women in the field of health care in order to ensure, on a basis of equality of men and women, access to health care services, including those related to family planning.</p> |
| | | | <p>12.2 Notwithstanding the provisions of paragraph 1 of this article, States Parties shall ensure to women appropriate services in connection with pregnancy, confinement and the post-natal period, granting free services where necessary, as well as adequate nutrition during pregnancy and lactation.</p> |
| | | <p>CRPD Convention on the Rights of Persons with Disabilities</p> | <p>Show all articles 10 States Parties reaffirm that every human being has the inherent right to life and shall take all necessary measures to ensure its effective enjoyment by persons with disabilities on an equal basis with others.</p> |
| | | | <p>25 States Parties recognize that persons with disabilities have the right to the enjoyment of the highest attainable standard of health without discrimination on the basis of disability. States Parties shall take all appropriate measures to ensure access for persons with disabilities to health services that are gender-sensitive, including health-related rehabilitation. In particular, States Parties shall:</p> <p>25.a Provide persons with disabilities with the same range, quality and standard of free or affordable health care and programmes as provided to other persons, including in the area of sexual and reproductive health and population-based public health programmes;</p> |

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| | | ICRMW International Convention on the Protection of the Rights of All Migrant Workers and Members of Their Families | Show all articles 9 The right to life of migrant workers and members of their families shall be protected by law. |
| | | | 28 Migrant workers and members of their families shall have the right to receive any medical care that is urgently required for the preservation of their life or the avoidance of irreparable harm to their health on the basis of equality of treatment with nationals of the State concerned. Such emergency medical care shall not be refused them by reason of any irregularity with regard to stay or employment. |
| | | | 43.1 Migrant workers shall enjoy equality of treatment with nationals of the State of employment in relation to: 43.1.e Access to social and health services, provided that the requirements for participation in the respective schemes are met; |
| | | UNDRIP United Nations Declaration on the Rights of Indigenous Peoples | Show all articles 7.1 Indigenous individuals have the rights to life, physical and mental integrity, liberty and security of person. |
| | | | 24.1 Indigenous peoples have the right to their traditional medicines and to maintain their health practices, including the conservation of their vital medicinal plants, animals and minerals. Indigenous individuals also have the right to access, without any discrimination, to all social and health services. |
| | | | 24.2 Indigenous individuals have an equal right to the enjoyment of the highest attainable standard of physical and mental health. States shall take the necessary steps with a view to achieving progressively the full realization of this right. |
| | | DEVAW Declaration on the Elimination of Violence against Women | Show all articles 3 Women are entitled to the equal enjoyment and protection of all human rights and fundamental freedoms in the political, economic, social, cultural, civil or any other field. These rights include, inter alia: 3.a The right to life; |
| | | FCTC WHO Framework Convention on Tobacco Control | Show all articles 3 The objective of this Convention and its protocols is to protect present and future generations from the devastating health, social, environmental and economic consequences of tobacco consumption and exposure to tobacco smoke by providing a framework for tobacco control measures to be implemented by the Parties at the national, regional and international levels in order to reduce continually and substantially the prevalence of tobacco use and exposure to tobacco smoke. |
| | | European Social Charter European Social Charter (Revised) | Show all articles Part II The Parties undertake, as provided for in Part III, to consider themselves bound by the obligations laid down in the following articles and paragraphs. |
| | | | Part#II.8 With a view to ensuring the effective exercise of the right of employed women to the protection of maternity, the Parties undertake: |
| | | | Part#II.8.5 to prohibit the employment of pregnant women, women who have recently given birth or who are nursing their infants in underground mining and all other work which is unsuitable by reason of its dangerous, unhealthy or arduous nature and to take appropriate measures to protect the employment rights of these women. |
| | | | Part#II.11 With a view to ensuring the effective exercise of the right to protection of health, the Parties undertake, either directly or in cooperation with public or private organisations, to take appropriate measures designed inter alia: |
| | | | Part#II.11.1 to remove as far as possible the causes of ill-health; |
| | | | Part#II.11.3 to prevent as far as possible epidemic, endemic and other diseases, as well as accidents. |
| | | ADRDM American Declaration on the Rights and Duties of Man | Show all articles I Every human being has the right to life, liberty and the security of his person. |
| | | | VII All women, during pregnancy and the nursing period, and all children have the right to special protection, care and aid. |
| | | | XI Every person has the right to the preservation of his health through sanitary and social measures relating to food, clothing, housing and medical care, to the extent permitted by public and community resources |
| | | ACHR American Convention on Human Rights | Show all articles 4.1 Every person has the right to have his life respected. This right shall be protected by law and, in general, from the moment of conception. No one shall be arbitrarily deprived of his life. |
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| | | | <p>19 Every minor child has the right to the measures of protection required by his condition as a minor on the part of his family, society, and the state.</p> |
| | | <p>Protocol of San Salvador Additional Protocol to the American Convention on Human Rights in the Area of Economic, Social and Cultural rights (Protocol of San Salvador)</p> | <p>Show all articles</p> <p>10.1 Everyone shall have the right to health, understood to mean the enjoyment of the highest level of physical, mental and social well-being.</p> <p>10.2 In order to ensure the exercise of the right to health, the States Parties agree to recognize health as a public good and, particularly, to adopt the following measures to ensure that right:</p> <p>10.2.a Primary health care, that is, essential health care made available to all individuals and families in the community;</p> <p>10.2.b Extension of the benefits of health services to all individuals subject to the State's jurisdiction;</p> <p>10.2.c Universal immunization against the principal infectious diseases;</p> <p>10.2.e Education of the population on the prevention and treatment of health problems,</p> <p>10.2.f Satisfaction of the health needs of the highest risk groups and of those whose poverty makes them the most vulnerable.</p> <p>15.3 The States Parties hereby undertake to accord adequate protection to the family unit and in particular:</p> <p>15.3.a To provide special care and assistance to mothers during a reasonable period before and after childbirth;</p> |
| | | <p>Inter-American Convention on discrimination against persons with disabilities Inter-American Convention on the Elimination of All Forms of Discrimination against Persons with Disabilities</p> | <p>Show all articles</p> <p>III To achieve the objectives of this Convention, the states parties undertake:</p> <p>III.1 To adopt the legislative, social, educational, labor-related, or any other measures needed to eliminate discrimination against persons with disabilities and to promote their full integration into society, including, but not limited to:</p> <p>III.1.a Measures to eliminate discrimination gradually and to promote integration by government authorities and/or private entities in providing or making available goods, services, facilities, programs, and activities such as employment, transportation, communications, housing, recreation, education, sports, law enforcement and administration of justice, and political and administrative activities;</p> <p>III.2 To work on a priority basis in the following areas:</p> <p>III.2.a Prevention of all forms of preventable disabilities;</p> <p>III.2.b Early detection and intervention, treatment, rehabilitation, education, job training, and the provision of comprehensive services to ensure the optimal level of independence and quality of life for persons with disabilities;</p> |
| | | <p>Convention of Belém do Pará Inter-American Convention on the Prevention, Punishment and Eradication of Violence Against Women</p> | <p>Show all articles</p> <p>4 Every woman has the right to the recognition, enjoyment, exercise and protection of all human rights and freedoms embodied in regional and international human rights instruments. These rights include, among others:</p> <p>4.a The right to have her life respected;</p> |
| | | <p>ACHPR African Charter on Human and Peoples' Rights</p> | <p>Show all articles</p> <p>4 Human beings are inviolable. Every human being shall be entitled to respect for his life and the integrity of his person. No one may be arbitrarily deprived of this right.</p> <p>16.1 Every individual shall have the right to enjoy the best attainable state of physical and mental health.</p> <p>16.2 States parties to the present Charter shall take the necessary measures to protect the health of their people and to ensure that they receive medical attention when they are sick.</p> |

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| | | | <p>18.3 The State shall ensure the elimination of every discrimination against women and also censure the protection of the rights of the woman and the child as stipulated in international declarations and conventions.</p> |
| | | <p>ACRWC African Charter on the Rights and Welfare of the Child</p> | <p>Show all articles</p> <p>14.2 State Parties to the present Charter shall undertake to pursue the full implementation of this right and in particular shall take measures:</p> <p>14.2.e to ensure appropriate health care for expectant and nursing mothers;</p> <p>20.2 State Parties to the present Charter shall in accordance with their means and national conditions take all appropriate measures:</p> <p>20.2.a to assist parents and other persons responsible for the child and in case of need, provide material assistance and support programmes particularly with regard to nutrition, health, education, clothing and housing;</p> |
| | | <p>Maputo Protocol Protocol to the African Charter on Human and Peoples' Rights on the Rights of Women in Africa</p> | <p>Show all articles</p> <p>14.1 States Parties shall ensure that the right to health of women, including sexual and reproductive health is respected and promoted. This includes:</p> <p>14.1.a the right to control their fertility;</p> <p>14.1.b the right to decide whether to have children, the number of children and the spacing of children;</p> <p>14.1.c the right to choose any method of contraception;</p> <p>14.1.d the right to self-protection and to be protected against sexually transmitted infections, including HIV/AIDS;</p> <p>14.1.e the right to be informed on one's health status and on the health status of one's partner, particularly if affected with sexually transmitted infections, including HIV/AIDS, in accordance with internationally recognised standards and best practices;</p> <p>14.1.f the right to have family planning education.</p> <p>14.2 States Parties shall take all appropriate measures to:</p> <p>14.2.a provide adequate, affordable and accessible health services, including information, education and communication programmes to women especially those in rural areas;</p> <p>14.2.b establish and strengthen existing pre-natal, delivery and post-natal health and nutritional services for women during pregnancy and while they are breast-feeding;</p> <p>14.2.c protect the reproductive rights of women by authorising medical abortion in cases of sexual assault, rape, incest, and where the continued pregnancy endangers the mental and physical health of the mother or the life of the mother or the foetus.</p> |

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