

## The Human Rights Guide to the Sustainable Development Goals

Linking human rights with all Sustainable Development Goals and targets

Click on goal, target or instrument to expand details.

Use switch to change which column to be first.

Show first:

Targets

## instruments

Goal	Target	Instrument	Article / Description
3 GOOD HEALTH AND WELL-BEING	By 2030, reduce the global maternal mortality ratio to less than 70 per 100,000 live births.  Indicators 3.1.1  Maternal mortality ratio 3.1.2  Proportion of births attended by skilled health personnel	UDHR Universal Declaration of Human Rights	Show all articles 3 Everyone has the right to life, liberty and security of person.  25.1 Everyone has the right to a standard of living adequate for the health and well-being of himself and of his family, including food, clothing, housing and medical care and necessary social services, and the right to security in the event of unemployment, sickness, disability, widowhood, old age or other lack of livelihood in circumstances beyond his control.
Ensure healthy lives and promote well-being for all at all		ICCPR International Covenant on Civil and Political Rights	Show all articles 6.1 Every human being has the inherent right to life. This right shall be protected by law. No one shall be arbitrarily deprived of his life.
ages.		ICESCR International Covenant on Economic, Social and Cultural Rights	Show all articles 12.1 The States Parties to the present Covenant recognize the right of everyone to the enjoyment of the highest attainable standard of physical and mental health.
			12.2 The steps to be taken by the States Parties to the present Covenant to achieve the full realization of this right shall include those necessary for: 12.2.a The provision for the reduction of the stillbirth-rate and of infant mortality and for the healthy development of the child;
			12.2.b The improvement of all aspects of environmental and industrial hygiene;
			12.2.c The prevention, treatment and control of epidemic, endemic, occupational and other diseases;
			12.2.d The creation of conditions which would assure to all medical service and medical attention in the event of sickness.
		CEDAW Convention on the Elimination of All Forms of Discrimination Against Women	Show all articles 12.1 States Parties shall take all appropriate measures to eliminate discrimination against women in the field of health care in order to ensure, on a basis of equality of men and women, access to health care services, including those related to family planning.
			12.2 Notwithstanding the provisions of paragraph I of this article, States Parties shall ensure to women appropriate services in connection with pregnancy, confinement and the post-natal period, granting free services where necessary, as well as adequate nutrition during pregnancy and lactation.
		CRPD Convention on the Rights of Persons with Disabilities	Show all articles 10 States Parties reaffirm that every human being has the inherent right to life and shall take all necessary measures to ensure its effective enjoyment by persons with disabilities on an equal basis with others.
			25 States Parties recognize that persons with disabilities have the right to the enjoyment of the highest attainable standard of health without discrimination on the basis of disability. States Parties shall take all appropriate measures to ensure access for persons with disabilities to health services that are gender-sensitive, including health-related rehabilitation. In particular, States Parties shall: 25.a Provide persons with disabilities with the same range, quality and standard of free or affordable health care and programmes as provided to other persons, including in the area of sexual and reproductive health and population-based public health programmes;

ICRMW International Convention on the Protection of	Show all articles		
the Rights of All Migrant Workers and Members of Their Families	The right to life of migrant workers and members of their families shall be protected by law.		
	Migrant workers and members of their families shall have the right to receive any medical care that is urgently required for the preservation of their life or the avoidance of irreparable harm to their health on the basis of equality of treatment with nationals of the State concerned. Such emergency medical care shall not be refused them by reason of any irregularity with regard to stay or employment.		
	43.1 Migrant workers shall enjoy equality of treatment with nationals of the State of employment in relation to: 43.1.e  Access to social and health services, provided that the requirements for participation in the respective schemes are met;		
UNDRIP United Nations Declaration on the Rights of Indigenous Peoples	Show all articles 7.1 Indigenous individuals have the rights to life, physical and mental integrity, liberty and security of person.		
	24.1 Indigenous peoples have the right to their traditional medicines and to maintain their health practices, including the conservation of their vital medicinal plants, animals and minerals. Indigenous individuals also have the right to access, without any discrimination, to all social and health services.		
	24.2 Indigenous individuals have an equal right to the enjoyment of the highest attainable standard of physical and mental health. States shall take the necessary steps with a view to achieving progressively the full realization of this right.		
<b>DEVAW</b> Declaration on the Elimination of Violence against Women	Show all articles 3 Women are entitled to the equal enjoyment and protection of all human rights and fundamental freedoms in the political, economic, social, cultural, civil or any other field. These rights include, inter alia: 3.a The right to life;		
FCTC	Show all articles		
WHO Framework Convention on Tobacco Control	The objective of this Convention and its protocols is to protect present and future generations from the devastating health, social, environmental and economic consequences of tobacco consumption and exposure to tobacco smoke by providing a framework for tobacco control measures to be implemented by the Parties at the national, regional and international levels in order to reduce continually and substantially the prevalence of tobacco use and exposure to tobacco smoke.		
European Social Charter European Social Charter (Revised)	Show all articles Part II The Parties undertake, as provided for in Part III, to consider themselves bound by the obligations laid down in the following articles and paragraphs.		
	Part#II.8 With a view to ensuring the effective exercise of the right of employed women to the protection of maternity, the Parties undertake:		
	Part#II.8.5 to prohibit the employment of pregnant women, women who have recently given birth or who are nursing their infants in underground mining and all other work which is unsuitable by reason of its dangerous, unhealthy or arduous nature and to take appropriate measures to protect the employment rights of these women.		
	Part#II.11 With a view to ensuring the effective exercise of the right to protection of health, the Parties undertake, either directly or in cooperation with public or private organisations, to take appropriate measures designed inter alia:		
	Part#II.11.1 to remove as far as possible the causes of ill-health;		
	Part#II.11.3 to prevent as far as possible epidemic, endemic and other diseases, as well as accidents.		
ADRDM	Show all articles		
American Declaration on the Rights and Duties of Man	Every human being has the right to life, liberty and the security of his person.		
	VII All women, during pregnancy and the nursing period, and all children have the right to special protection, care and aid.		
	XI Every person has the right to the preservation of his health through sanitary and social measures relating to food, clothing, housing and medical care, to the extent permitted by public and community resources		

ACHR American Convention on Human Rights	Show all articles 4.1 Every person has the right to have his life respected. This right shall be protected by law and, in general, from the moment of conception. No one shall be arbitrarily deprived of his life.
	19 Every minor child has the right to the measures of protection required by his condition as a minor on the part of his family, society, and the state.
Protocol of San Salvador Additional Protocol to the American Convention on Human Rights in the Area of	Show all articles 10.1 Everyone shall have the right to health, understood to mean the enjoyment of the highest level of physical, mental and social well-being.
Economic, Social and Cultural rights (Protocol of San Salvador)	10.2 In order to ensure the exercise of the right to health, the States Parties agree to recognize health as a public good and, particularly, to adopt the following measures to ensure that right:
	10.2.a Primary health care, that is, essential health care made available to all individuals and families in the community;
	10.2.b Extension of the benefits of health services to all individuals subject to the State's jurisdiction;
	10.2.c Universal immunization against the principal infectious diseases;
	10.2.e Education of the population on the prevention and treatment of health problems,
	10.2.f Satisfaction of the health needs of the highest risk groups and of those whose poverty makes them the most vulnerable.
	15.3 The States Parties hereby undertake to accord adequate protection to the family unit and in particular:
	15.3.a To provide special care and assistance to mothers during a reasonable period before and after childbirth;
Inter-American Convention on	
discrimination against persons with disabilities	Show all articles III To achieve the objectives of this Convention, the states parties undertake:
discrimination against persons with	III
discrimination against persons with disabilities Inter-American Convention on the Elimination of All Forms of Discrimination	III To achieve the objectives of this Convention, the states parties undertake:  III.1 To adopt the legislative, social, educational, labor-related, or any other measures needed to eliminate discrimination against persons with
discrimination against persons with disabilities Inter-American Convention on the Elimination of All Forms of Discrimination	III.1 To achieve the objectives of this Convention, the states parties undertake:  III.1 To adopt the legislative, social, educational, labor-related, or any other measures needed to eliminate discrimination against persons with disabilities and to promote their full integration into society, including, but not limited to:  III.1.a Measures to eliminate discrimination gradually and to promote integration by government authorities and/or private entities in providing or making available goods, services, facilities, programs, and activities such as employment, transportation, communications, housing,
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discrimination against persons with disabilities Inter-American Convention on the Elimination of All Forms of Discrimination against Persons with Disabilities  Convention of Belém do Pará Inter-American Convention on the Prevention, Punishment and Eradication of	III.1 To adopt the legislative, social, educational, labor-related, or any other measures needed to eliminate discrimination against persons with disabilities and to promote their full integration into society, including, but not limited to:  III.1.a Measures to eliminate discrimination gradually and to promote integration by government authorities and/or private entities in providing or making available goods, services, facilities, programs, and activities such as employment, transportation, communications, housing, recreation, education, sports, law enforcement and administration of justice, and political and administrative activities;  III.2 To work on a priority basis in the following areas:  III.2.a Prevention of all forms of preventable disabilities;  III.2.b Early detection and intervention, treatment, rehabilitation, education, job training, and the provision of comprehensive services to ensure the optimal level of independence and quality of life for persons with disabilities;  Show all articles 4 Every woman has the right to the recognition, enjoyment, exercise and protection of all human rights and freedoms embodied in regional
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16.1 Every individual shall have the right to enjoy the best attainable state of physical and 16.2 States parties to the present Charter shall take the necessary measures to protect the medical attention when they are sick.  18.3 The State shall ensure the elimination of every discrimination against women and als the child as stipulated in international declarations and conventions.  Show all articles 14.2 State Parties to the present Charter shall undertake to pursue the full implementation the Child  14.2.e to ensure appropriate health care for expectant and nursing mothers; 20.2 State Parties to the present Charter shall in accordance with their means and national 20.2.a to assist parents and other persons responsible for the child and in case of need, proparticularly with regard to nutrition, health, education, clothing and housing;  Maputo Protocol Protocol to the African Charter on Human and Peoples' Rights on the Rights of Women in Africa  14.1.a the right to control their fertility; 14.1.b the right to decide whether to have children, the number of children and the spacing of the right to self-protection and to be protected against sexually transmitted infections, including HIV/AIDS, in accordance with internationally recognised standard from the right to have family planning education.  14.2.a provide adequate, affordable and accessible health services, including information, elegically those in rural areas; 14.2.b	nental health.			
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establish and strengthen existing pre-natal, delivery and post-natal health and nutritio they are breast-feeding;	nal services for women during pregnancy and while			
14.2.c protect the reproductive rights of women by authorising medical abortion in cases of spregnancy endangers the mental and physical health of the mother or the life of the n				

	HOUR	
3.2	UDHR Universal Declaration of Human Rights	Show all articles
By 2030, end preventable deaths of newborns and children under 5 years of age, with all countries aiming to reduce neonatal mortality to		Everyone has the right to life, liberty and security of person.
years of age, with all countries animing to reduce neoratal mortality to at least as low as 12 per 1,000 live births and under-5 mortality to at least as low as 25 per 1,000 live births.  Indicators 3.2.1		25.1 Everyone has the right to a standard of living adequate for the health and well-being of himself and of his family, including food, clothing, housing and medical care and necessary social services, and the right to security in the event of unemployment, sickness, disability, widowhood, old age or other lack of livelihood in circumstances beyond his control.
Under-five mortality rate	ICCPR	Show all articles
3.2.2 Neonatal mortality rate	International Covenant on Civil and Political Rights	6.1 Every human being has the inherent right to life. This right shall be protected by law. No one shall be arbitrarily deprived of his life.
	ICESCR International Covenant on Economic, Social and Cultural Rights	Show all articles
		12.1 The States Parties to the present Covenant recognize the right of everyone to the enjoyment of the highest attainable standard of physical and mental health.
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		12.2.c The prevention, treatment and control of epidemic, endemic, occupational and other diseases;
		12.2.d The creation of conditions which would assure to all medical service and medical attention in the event of sickness.
	CRC	Show all articles
	Convention on the Rights of the Child	24.1 States Parties recognize the right of the child to the enjoyment of the highest attainable standard of health and to facilities for the treatment of illness and rehabilitation of health. States Parties shall strive to ensure that no child is deprived of his or her right of access to such health care services.
		24.2 States Parties shall pursue full implementation of this right and, in particular, shall take appropriate measures: 24.2.a To diminish infant and child mortality;
		24.2.b To ensure the provision of necessary medical assistance and health care to all children with emphasis on the development of primary health care;
		24.2.c To combat disease and malnutrition, including within the framework of primary health care, through, inter alia, the application of readily available technology and through the provision of adequate nutritious foods and clean drinking-water, taking into consideration the dangers and risks of environmental pollution;
		24.2.d To ensure appropriate pre-natal and post-natal health care for mothers;
		24.2.e To ensure that all segments of society, in particular parents and children, are informed, have access to education and are supported in the use of basic knowledge of child health and nutrition, the advantages of breastfeeding, hygiene and environmental sanitation and the prevention of accidents;
		24.2.f To develop preventive health care, guidance for parents and family planning education and services.
		24.3 States Parties shall take all effective and appropriate measures with a view to abolishing traditional practices prejudicial to the health of children.
	CRPD Convention on the Rights of Persons with Disabilities	Show all articles
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	25 States Parties recognize that persons with disabilities have the right to the enjoyment of the highest attainable standard of health without discrimination on the basis of disability. States Parties shall take all appropriate measures to ensure access for persons with disabilities to health services that are gender-sensitive, including health-related rehabilitation. In particular, States Parties shall: 25.b		
	Provide those health services needed by persons with disabilities specifically because of their disabilities, including early identification and intervention as appropriate, and services designed to minimize and prevent further disabilities, including among children and older persons;		
	25.d Require health professionals to provide care of the same quality to persons with disabilities as to others, including on the basis of free and informed consent by, inter alia, raising awareness of the human rights, dignity, autonomy and needs of persons with disabilities through training and the promulgation of ethical standards for public and private health care;		
ICRMW International Convention on the Protection of the Rights of All Migrant Workers and	Show all articles 9 The right to life of migrant workers and members of their families shall be protected by law.		
Members of Their Families	28 Migrant workers and members of their families shall have the right to receive any medical care that is urgently required for the preservation of their life or the avoidance of irreparable harm to their health on the basis of equality of treatment with nationals of the State concerned. Such emergency medical care shall not be refused them by reason of any irregularity with regard to stay or employment.		
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Indigenous Peoples	Indigenous individuals have the rights to life, physical and mental integrity, liberty and security of person.		
	24.1 Indigenous peoples have the right to their traditional medicines and to maintain their health practices, including the conservation of their vital medicinal plants, animals and minerals. Indigenous individuals also have the right to access, without any discrimination, to all social and health services.		
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Duties of Man	Every human being has the right to life, liberty and the security of his person.		
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	19 Every minor child has the right to the measures of protection required by his condition as a minor on the part of his family, society, and the state.		
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		Protocol of San Salvador Additional Protocol to the American Convention on Human Rights in the Area of	Show all articles 10.1 Everyone shall have the right to health, understood to mean the enjoyment of the highest level of physical, mental and social well-being.
		Economic, Social and Cultural rights (Protocol of San Salvador)	10.2 In order to ensure the exercise of the right to health, the States Parties agree to recognize health as a public good and, particularly, to adopt the following measures to ensure that right:
			10.2.a Primary health care, that is, essential health care made available to all individuals and families in the community;
			10.2.c Universal immunization against the principal infectious diseases;
			10.2.d Prevention and treatment of endemic, occupational and other diseases;
			10.2.e Education of the population on the prevention and treatment of health problems,
			10.2.f Satisfaction of the health needs of the highest risk groups and of those whose poverty makes them the most vulnerable.
			15.3 The States Parties hereby undertake to accord adequate protection to the family unit and in particular:
			15.3.b To guarantee adequate nutrition for children at the nursing stage and during school attendance years;
		ACHPR	Show all articles
		African Charter on Human and Peoples' Rights	Human beings are inviolable. Every human being shall be entitled to respect for his life and the integrity of his person. No one may be arbitrarily deprived of this right.
			16.1 Every individual shall have the right to enjoy the best attainable state of physical and mental health.
			16.2 States parties to the present Charter shall take the necessary measures to protect the health of their people and to ensure that they receive medical attention when they are sick.
		ACRWC African Charter on the Rights and Welfare of the Child	Show all articles 14.1 Every child shall have the right to enjoy the best attainable state of physical, mental and spiritual health.
			14.2 State Parties to the present Charter shall undertake to pursue the full implementation of this right and in particular shall take measures:
			14.2.a to reduce infant and child mortality rate;
			14.2.e to ensure appropriate health care for expectant and nursing mothers;
3.	3	UDHR Universal Declaration of Human Rights	Show all articles
ne	By 2030, end the epidemics of AIDS, tuberculosis, malaria and neglected tropical diseases and combat hepatitis, water-borne		Everyone has the right to life, liberty and security of person.
In 3.	seases and other communicable diseases.  dicators 3.1  umber of new HIV infections per 1,000 uninfected population by sex,		25.1 Everyone has the right to a standard of living adequate for the health and well-being of himself and of his family, including food, clothing, housing and medical care and necessary social services, and the right to security in the event of unemployment, sickness, disability, widowhood, old age or other lack of livelihood in circumstances beyond his control.
ag <b>3.</b> Tu	e and key populations 3.2 specified by the state of the s	ICCPR International Covenant on Civil and Political Rights	Show all articles 6.1 Every human being has the inherent right to life. This right shall be protected by law. No one shall be arbitrarily deprived of his life.
	3.3 alaria incidence per 1,000 population	ICESCR International Covenant on Economic, Social and Cultural Rights	Show all articles
3. He 3.	3.4 epatitis B incidence per 100,000 population 3.5		12.1 The States Parties to the present Covenant recognize the right of everyone to the enjoyment of the highest attainable standard of physical and mental health.
	umber of people requiring interventions against neglected tropical seases		

	12.2 The steps to be taken by the States Parties to the present Covenant to achieve the full realization of this right shall include those necessary for: 12.2.a The provision for the reduction of the stillbirth-rate and of infant mortality and for the healthy development of the child;
	12.2.b The improvement of all aspects of environmental and industrial hygiene;
	12.2.c The prevention, treatment and control of epidemic, endemic, occupational and other diseases;
	12.2.d The creation of conditions which would assure to all medical service and medical attention in the event of sickness.
CRC Convention on the Rights of the Child	Show all articles 24.1 States Parties recognize the right of the child to the enjoyment of the highest attainable standard of health and to facilities for the treatmen of illness and rehabilitation of health. States Parties shall strive to ensure that no child is deprived of his or her right of access to such heal care services.
	24.2 States Parties shall pursue full implementation of this right and, in particular, shall take appropriate measures: 24.2.a To diminish infant and child mortality;
	24.2.b To ensure the provision of necessary medical assistance and health care to all children with emphasis on the development of primary hea care;
	24.2.c To combat disease and malnutrition, including within the framework of primary health care, through, inter alia, the application of readily available technology and through the provision of adequate nutritious foods and clean drinking-water, taking into consideration the danger and risks of environmental pollution;
	24.2.d To ensure appropriate pre-natal and post-natal health care for mothers;
	24.2.e To ensure that all segments of society, in particular parents and children, are informed, have access to education and are supported in the use of basic knowledge of child health and nutrition, the advantages of breastfeeding, hygiene and environmental sanitation and the prevention of accidents;
	24.2.f To develop preventive health care, guidance for parents and family planning education and services.
	24.3 States Parties shall take all effective and appropriate measures with a view to abolishing traditional practices prejudicial to the health of children.
CRPD Convention on the Rights of Persons with Disabilities	Show all articles 10 States Parties reaffirm that every human being has the inherent right to life and shall take all necessary measures to ensure its effective enjoyment by persons with disabilities on an equal basis with others.
	25 States Parties recognize that persons with disabilities have the right to the enjoyment of the highest attainable standard of health without discrimination on the basis of disability. States Parties shall take all appropriate measures to ensure access for persons with disabilities to health services that are gender-sensitive, including health-related rehabilitation. In particular, States Parties shall:
	25.a  Provide persons with disabilities with the same range, quality and standard of free or affordable health care and programmes as provided other persons, including in the area of sexual and reproductive health and population-based public health programmes;
	25.d Require health professionals to provide care of the same quality to persons with disabilities as to others, including on the basis of free and informed consent by, inter alia, raising awareness of the human rights, dignity, autonomy and needs of persons with disabilities through training and the promulgation of ethical standards for public and private health care;
	Show all articles 9 The right to life of migrant workers and members of their families shall be protected by law.
the Rights of All Migrant Workers and Members of Their Families	

<b>UNDRIP</b> United Nations Declaration on the Rights of Indigenous Peoples	Show all articles 7.1 Indigenous individuals have the rights to life, physical and mental integrity, liberty and security of person.		
	24.1 Indigenous peoples have the right to their traditional medicines and to maintain their health practices, including the conservation of their vital medicinal plants, animals and minerals. Indigenous individuals also have the right to access, without any discrimination, to all social and health services.		
	24.2 Indigenous individuals have an equal right to the enjoyment of the highest attainable standard of physical and mental health. States shall take the necessary steps with a view to achieving progressively the full realization of this right.		
<b>DEVAW</b> Declaration on the Elimination of Violence against Women	Show all articles 3 Women are entitled to the equal enjoyment and protection of all human rights and fundamental freedoms in the political, economic, social, cultural, civil or any other field. These rights include, inter alia: 3.a The right to life;		
European Social Charter European Social Charter (Revised)	Show all articles Part II The Parties undertake, as provided for in Part III, to consider themselves bound by the obligations laid down in the following articles and paragraphs.		
	Part#II.11 With a view to ensuring the effective exercise of the right to protection of health, the Parties undertake, either directly or in cooperation with public or private organisations, to take appropriate measures designed inter alia:		
	Part#II.11.3 to prevent as far as possible epidemic, endemic and other diseases, as well as accidents.		
ADRDM	Show all articles		
American Declaration on the Rights and Duties of Man	I Every human being has the right to life, liberty and the security of his person.		
	XI Every person has the right to the preservation of his health through sanitary and social measures relating to food, clothing, housing and medical care, to the extent permitted by public and community resources		
ACHR	Show all articles		
American Convention on Human Rights	4.1 Every person has the right to have his life respected. This right shall be protected by law and, in general, from the moment of conception. No one shall be arbitrarily deprived of his life.		
Protocol of San Salvador	Show all articles		
Additional Protocol to the American Convention on Human Rights in the Area of Economic, Social and Cultural rights	10.1 Everyone shall have the right to health, understood to mean the enjoyment of the highest level of physical, mental and social well-being.		
(Protocol of San Salvador)	10.2 In order to ensure the exercise of the right to health, the States Parties agree to recognize health as a public good and, particularly, to adopt the following measures to ensure that right:		
	10.2.a Primary health care, that is, essential health care made available to all individuals and families in the community;		
	10.2.b Extension of the benefits of health services to all individuals subject to the State's jurisdiction;		
	10.2.c Universal immunization against the principal infectious diseases;		
	10.2.d Prevention and treatment of endemic, occupational and other diseases;		
	10.2.e Education of the population on the prevention and treatment of health problems,		
	10.2.f Satisfaction of the health needs of the highest risk groups and of those whose poverty makes them the most vulnerable.		
Convention of Belém do Pará	Show all articles		
Inter-American Convention on the Prevention, Punishment and Eradication of Violence Against Women	4 Every woman has the right to the recognition, enjoyment, exercise and protection of all human rights and freedoms embodied in regional and international human rights instruments. These rights include, among others:		

		4.a The right to have her life respected;
	ACHPR African Charter on Human and Peoples' Rights	Show all articles
		4 Human beings are inviolable. Every human being shall be entitled to respect for his life and the integrity of his person. No one may be arbitrarily deprived of this right.
		16.1 Every individual shall have the right to enjoy the best attainable state of physical and mental health.
		16.2 States parties to the present Charter shall take the necessary measures to protect the health of their people and to ensure that they receive medical attention when they are sick.
	ACRWC African Charter on the Rights and Welfare of the Child	Show all articles 14.1 Every child shall have the right to enjoy the best attainable state of physical, mental and spiritual health.
	Maputo Protocol Protocol to the African Charter on Human and Peoples' Rights on the Rights of Women in Africa	Show all articles 14.1 States Parties shall ensure that the right to health of women, including sexual and reproductive health is respected and promoted. This includes:
		14.1.d the right to self-protection and to be protected against sexually transmitted infections, including HIV/AIDS;
		14.1.e the right to be informed on one's health status and on the health status of one's partner, particularly if affected with sexually transmitted infections, including HIV/AIDS, in accordance with internationally recognised standards and best practices;
3.4	UDHR	Show all articles
By 2030, reduce by one third premature mortality from non- communicable diseases through prevention and treatment and	Universal Declaration of Human Rights	3 Everyone has the right to life, liberty and security of person.
promote mental health and well- being.  Indicators 3.4.1  Mortality rate attributed to cardiovascular disease, cancer, diabetes or		25.1 Everyone has the right to a standard of living adequate for the health and well-being of himself and of his family, including food, clothing, housing and medical care and necessary social services, and the right to security in the event of unemployment, sickness, disability, widowhood, old age or other lack of livelihood in circumstances beyond his control.
chronic respiratory disease 3.4.2	ICCPR International Covenant on Civil and Political Rights	Show all articles 6.1
Suicide mortality rate		Every human being has the inherent right to life. This right shall be protected by law. No one shall be arbitrarily deprived of his life.
	ICESCR International Covenant on Economic, Social and Cultural Rights	Show all articles 12.1 The States Parties to the present Covenant recognize the right of everyone to the enjoyment of the highest attainable standard of physical and mental health.
		12.2 The steps to be taken by the States Parties to the present Covenant to achieve the full realization of this right shall include those necessary for: 12.2.a
		The provision for the reduction of the stillbirth-rate and of infant mortality and for the healthy development of the child;
		12.2.b The improvement of all aspects of environmental and industrial hygiene;
		12.2.c The prevention, treatment and control of epidemic, endemic, occupational and other diseases;
		12.2.d The creation of conditions which would assure to all medical service and medical attention in the event of sickness.
	CRC Convention on the Rights of the Child	Show all articles 24.1 States Parties recognize the right of the child to the enjoyment of the highest attainable standard of health and to facilities for the treatment of illness and rehabilitation of health. States Parties shall strive to ensure that no child is deprived of his or her right of access to such health care services.
		24.2 States Parties shall pursue full implementation of this right and, in particular, shall take appropriate measures: 24.2.a To diminish infant and child mortality;

	24.2.b To ensure the provision of necessary medical assistance and health care to all children with emphasis on the development of primary heal care;
	24.2.c To combat disease and malnutrition, including within the framework of primary health care, through, inter alia, the application of readily available technology and through the provision of adequate nutritious foods and clean drinking-water, taking into consideration the dangers and risks of environmental pollution;
	24.2.d To ensure appropriate pre-natal and post-natal health care for mothers;
	24.2.e To ensure that all segments of society, in particular parents and children, are informed, have access to education and are supported in the use of basic knowledge of child health and nutrition, the advantages of breastfeeding, hygiene and environmental sanitation and the prevention of accidents;
	24.2.f To develop preventive health care, guidance for parents and family planning education and services.
	24.3 States Parties shall take all effective and appropriate measures with a view to abolishing traditional practices prejudicial to the health of children.
CRPD Convention on the Rights of Persons with Disabilities	Show all articles 10 States Parties reaffirm that every human being has the inherent right to life and shall take all necessary measures to ensure its effective enjoyment by persons with disabilities on an equal basis with others.
	25 States Parties recognize that persons with disabilities have the right to the enjoyment of the highest attainable standard of health without discrimination on the basis of disability. States Parties shall take all appropriate measures to ensure access for persons with disabilities to health services that are gender-sensitive, including health-related rehabilitation. In particular, States Parties shall: 25.a  Provide persons with disabilities with the same range, quality and standard of free or affordable health care and programmes as provided to there persons, including in the area of sexual and reproductive health and population-based public health programmes;
	25.b  Provide those health services needed by persons with disabilities specifically because of their disabilities, including early identification and intervention as appropriate, and services designed to minimize and prevent further disabilities, including among children and older persons
	25.d Require health professionals to provide care of the same quality to persons with disabilities as to others, including on the basis of free and informed consent by, inter alia, raising awareness of the human rights, dignity, autonomy and needs of persons with disabilities through training and the promulgation of ethical standards for public and private health care;
ICRMW International Convention on the Protection of the Rights of All Migrant Workers and	Show all articles 9 The right to life of migrant workers and members of their families shall be protected by law.
Members of Their Families	28 Migrant workers and members of their families shall have the right to receive any medical care that is urgently required for the preservatio of their life or the avoidance of irreparable harm to their health on the basis of equality of treatment with nationals of the State concerned. Such emergency medical care shall not be refused them by reason of any irregularity with regard to stay or employment.
UNDRIP United Nations Declaration on the Rights of Indigenous Peoples	Show all articles 7.1 Indigenous individuals have the rights to life, physical and mental integrity, liberty and security of person.
	24.1 Indigenous peoples have the right to their traditional medicines and to maintain their health practices, including the conservation of their vi medicinal plants, animals and minerals. Indigenous individuals also have the right to access, without any discrimination, to all social and health services.
	24.2 Indigenous individuals have an equal right to the enjoyment of the highest attainable standard of physical and mental health. States shall take the necessary steps with a view to achieving progressively the full realization of this right.
DEVAW Declaration on the Elimination of Violence against Women	Show all articles  3 Women are entitled to the equal enjoyment and protection of all human rights and fundamental freedoms in the political, economic, soci cultural, civil or any other field. These rights include, inter alia:

European Social Charter European Social Charter (Revised)	Show all articles Part II The Parties undertake, as provided for in Part III, to consider themselves bound by the obligations laid down in the following articles and paragraphs.			
	Part#II.11 With a view to ensuring the effective exercise of the right to protection of health, the Parties undertake, either directly or in cooperation with public or private organisations, to take appropriate measures designed inter alia:			
	Part#II.11.1 to remove as far as possible the causes of ill-health;			
	Part#II.11.3 to prevent as far as possible epidemic, endemic and other diseases, as well as accidents.			
ADRDM American Declaration on the Rights and Duties of Man	Show all articles I Every human being has the right to life, liberty and the security of his person.			
	XI Every person has the right to the preservation of his health through sanitary and social measures relating to food, clothing, housing and medical care, to the extent permitted by public and community resources			
ACHR American Convention on Human Rights	Show all articles 4.1 Every person has the right to have his life respected. This right shall be protected by law and, in general, from the moment of conception. No one shall be arbitrarily deprived of his life.			
Protocol of San Salvador Additional Protocol to the American Convention on Human Rights in the Area of Economic, Social and Cultural rights	Show all articles 10.1 Everyone shall have the right to health, understood to mean the enjoyment of the highest level of physical, mental and social well-being.			
(Protocol of San Salvador)	10.2 In order to ensure the exercise of the right to health, the States Parties agree to recognize health as a public good and, particularly, to adopt the following measures to ensure that right:			
	10.2.a Primary health care, that is, essential health care made available to all individuals and families in the community;			
	10.2.b Extension of the benefits of health services to all individuals subject to the State's jurisdiction;			
	10.2.d Prevention and treatment of endemic, occupational and other diseases;			
	10.2.e Education of the population on the prevention and treatment of health problems,			
	10.2.f Satisfaction of the health needs of the highest risk groups and of those whose poverty makes them the most vulnerable.			
Inter-American Convention on discrimination against persons with disabilities	Show all articles III To achieve the objectives of this Convention, the states parties undertake:			
Inter-American Convention on the Elimination of All Forms of Discrimination against Persons with Disabilities	III.2 To work on a priority basis in the following areas:			
	III.2.a Prevention of all forms of preventable disabilities;			
	III.2.b Early detection and intervention, treatment, rehabilitation, education, job training, and the provision of comprehensive services to ensure the optimal level of independence and quality of life for persons with disabilities;			
Convention of Belém do Pará Inter-American Convention on the Prevention, Punishment and Eradication of Violence Against Women	Show all articles 4 Every woman has the right to the recognition, enjoyment, exercise and protection of all human rights and freedoms embodied in regional and international human rights instruments. These rights include, among others:			
	4.a The right to have her life respected;			

	ACRWC African Charter on Human and Peoples' Rights  ACRWC African Charter on the Rights and Welfare of the Child	Show all articles 4 Human beings are inviolable. Every human being shall be entitled to respect for his life and the integrity of his person. No one may be arbitrarily deprived of this right.
		16.1 Every individual shall have the right to enjoy the best attainable state of physical and mental health.
		16.2 States parties to the present Charter shall take the necessary measures to protect the health of their people and to ensure that they receive medical attention when they are sick.
		Show all articles 14.1 Every child shall have the right to enjoy the best attainable state of physical, mental and spiritual health.
		14.2 State Parties to the present Charter shall undertake to pursue the full implementation of this right and in particular shall take measures:
		14.2.d to combat disease and malnutrition within the framework of primary health care through the application of appropriate technology;
		14.2.f to develop preventive health care and family life education and provision of service;
		14.2.h to ensure that all sectors of the society, in particular, parents, children, community leaders and community workers are informed and supported in the use of basic knowledge of child health and nutrition, the advantages of breastfeeding, hygiene and environmental sanitation and the prevention of domestic and other accidents;
		14.2.j to support through technical and financial means, the mobilization of local community resources in the development of primary health care for children.
	Maputo Protocol Protocol to the African Charter on Human and Peoples' Rights on the Rights of Women	Show all articles 14.2 States Parties shall take all appropriate measures to:
	in Africa	14.2.b establish and strengthen existing pre-natal, delivery and post-natal health and nutritional services for women during pregnancy and while they are breast-feeding;
3.5  Strengthen the prevention and treatment of substance abuse, including narcotic drug abuse and harmful use of alcohol.	ICESCR International Covenant on Economic, Social and Cultural Rights	Show all articles 12.2 The steps to be taken by the States Parties to the present Covenant to achieve the full realization of this right shall include those necessary for: 12.2.b
Indicators		The improvement of all aspects of environmental and industrial hygiene;
3.5.1 Coverage of treatment interventions (pharmacological, psychosocial and rehabilitation and aftercare services) for substance use disorders 3.5.2 Alcohol per capita consumption (aged 15 years and older) within a calendar year in litres of pure alcohol	CRC Convention on the Rights of the Child	Show all articles 33 States Parties shall take all appropriate measures, including legislative, administrative, social and educational measures, to protect children from the illicit use of narcotic drugs and psychotropic substances as defined in the relevant international treaties, and to prevent the use of children in the illicit production and trafficking of such substances.
	European Social Charter European Social Charter (Revised)	Show all articles Part II The Parties undertake, as provided for in Part III, to consider themselves bound by the obligations laid down in the following articles and paragraphs.
		Part#II.11 With a view to ensuring the effective exercise of the right to protection of health, the Parties undertake, either directly or in cooperation with public or private organisations, to take appropriate measures designed inter alia:
		Part#II.11.1 to remove as far as possible the causes of ill-health;
		Part#II.11.2 to provide advisory and educational facilities for the promotion of health and the encouragement of individual responsibility in matters of health;

	ACRWC African Charter on the Rights and Welfare of the Child	Show all articles 28 State Parties to the present Charter shall take all appropriate measures to protect the child from the use of narcotics and illicit use of psychotropic substances as defined in the relevant international treaties, and to prevent the use of children in the production and trafficking of such substances.
3.6  By 2020, halve the number of global deaths and injuries from road traffic accidents.  Indicators 3.6.1  Death rate due to road traffic injuries	UDHR Universal Declaration of Human Rights	Show all articles 3 Everyone has the right to life, liberty and security of person.
	ICCPR International Covenant on Civil and Political Rights	Show all articles 6.1 Every human being has the inherent right to life. This right shall be protected by law. No one shall be arbitrarily deprived of his life.
	CRPD Convention on the Rights of Persons with Disabilities	Show all articles 10 States Parties reaffirm that every human being has the inherent right to life and shall take all necessary measures to ensure its effective enjoyment by persons with disabilities on an equal basis with others.
	ICRMW International Convention on the Protection of the Rights of All Migrant Workers and Members of Their Families	Show all articles 9 The right to life of migrant workers and members of their families shall be protected by law.
	UNDRIP United Nations Declaration on the Rights of Indigenous Peoples	Show all articles 7.1 Indigenous individuals have the rights to life, physical and mental integrity, liberty and security of person.
	<b>DEVAW</b> Declaration on the Elimination of Violence against Women	Show all articles 3 Women are entitled to the equal enjoyment and protection of all human rights and fundamental freedoms in the political, economic, social, cultural, civil or any other field. These rights include, inter alia: 3.a The right to life;
	ADRDM American Declaration on the Rights and Duties of Man	Show all articles I Every human being has the right to life, liberty and the security of his person.
	ACHR American Convention on Human Rights	Show all articles 4.1 Every person has the right to have his life respected. This right shall be protected by law and, in general, from the moment of conception. No one shall be arbitrarily deprived of his life.
	ACHPR African Charter on Human and Peoples' Rights	Show all articles 4 Human beings are inviolable. Every human being shall be entitled to respect for his life and the integrity of his person. No one may be arbitrarily deprived of this right.
By 2030, ensure universal access to sexual and reproductive health-care services, including for family planning, information and education, and the integration of reproductive health into national strategies and programmes.  Indicators 3.7.1  Proportion of women of reproductive age (aged 15-49) who have their need for family planning satisfied with modern methods 3.7.2  Adolescent birth rate (aged 10-14 year; aged 15- 19 years) per 1,000 women in that age group	UDHR Universal Declaration of Human Rights	Show all articles 16.1 Men and women of full age, without any limitation due to race, nationality or religion, have the right to marry and to found a family. They are entitled to equal rights as to marriage, during marriage and at its dissolution.
	ICESCR International Covenant on Economic, Social and Cultural Rights	Show all articles 10 The States Parties to the present Covenant recognize that: 10.2 Special protection should be accorded to mothers during a reasonable period before and after childbirth. During such period working mothers should be accorded paid leave or leave with adequate social security benefits.
		12.1 The States Parties to the present Covenant recognize the right of everyone to the enjoyment of the highest attainable standard of physical and mental health.
		12.2 The steps to be taken by the States Parties to the present Covenant to achieve the full realization of this right shall include those necessary for: 12.2 d The creation of conditions which would assure to all medical service and medical attention in the event of sickness.
	CRC Convention on the Rights of the Child	Show all articles 2.1 States Parties shall respect and ensure the rights set forth in the present Convention to each child within their jurisdiction without discrimination of any kind, irrespective of the child's or his or her parent's or legal guardian's race, colour, sex, language, religion, political or other opinion, national, ethnic or social origin, property, disability, birth or other status.

	24.1 States Parties recognize the right of the child to the enjoyment of the highest attainable standard of health and to facilities for the treatment of illness and rehabilitation of health. States Parties shall strive to ensure that no child is deprived of his or her right of access to such health care services.  24.2 States Parties shall pursue full implementation of this right and, in particular, shall take appropriate measures: 24.2.f To develop preventive health care, guidance for parents and family planning education and services.  Show all articles
	24.2.f To develop preventive health care, guidance for parents and family planning education and services.
	Show all articles
CEDAW Convention on the Elimination of All For Discrimination Against Women	ns of 14.2 States Parties shall take all appropriate measures to eliminate discrimination against women in rural areas in order to ensure, on a basis of equality of men and women, that they participate in and benefit from rural development and, in particular, shall ensure to such women the right: 14.2.b To have access to adequate health care facilities, including information, counselling and services in family planning;
	16.1 States Parties shall take all appropriate measures to eliminate discrimination against women in all matters relating to marriage and family relations and in particular shall ensure, on a basis of equality of men and women: 16.1.e  The same rights to decide freely and responsibly on the number and spacing of their children and to have access to the information, education and means to enable them to exercise these rights;
	16.2 The betrothal and the marriage of a child shall have no legal effect, and all necessary action, including legislation, shall be taken to specify a minimum age for marriage and to make the registration of marriages in an official registry compulsory.
CRPD Convention on the Rights of Persons with Disabilities	Show all articles 23.1 States Parties shall take effective and appropriate measures to eliminate discrimination against persons with disabilities in all matters relating to marriage, family, parenthood and relationships, on an equal basis with others, so as to ensure that: 23.1.b The rights of persons with disabilities to decide freely and responsibly on the number and spacing of their children and to have access to age-appropriate information, reproductive and family planning education are recognized, and the means necessary to enable them to exercise these rights are provided;

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