

The Human Rights Guide to the Sustainable Development Goals

Linking human rights with all Sustainable Development Goals and targets


Click on goal, target or instrument to expand details.

Use switch to change which column to be first.

Show first:

Targets

instruments

| Goal | Target | Instrument | Article / Description |
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|  <p>Take urgent action to combat climate change and its impacts.</p> | 13.1 Strengthen resilience and adaptive capacity to climate-related hazards and natural disasters in all countries. Indicators 13.1.1 Number of deaths, missing persons and directly affected persons attributed to disasters per 100,000 population 13.1.2 Number of countries that adopt and implement national disaster risk reduction strategies in line with the Sendai Framework for Disaster Risk Reduction 2015–2030 13.1.3 Proportion of local governments that adopt and implement local disaster risk reduction strategies in line with national disaster risk reduction strategies | UDHR Universal Declaration of Human Rights | Show all articles 3 Everyone has the right to life, liberty and security of person. |
| | | ICCPR International Covenant on Civil and Political Rights | Show all articles 6.1 Every human being has the inherent right to life. This right shall be protected by law. No one shall be arbitrarily deprived of his life. |
| | | ICESCR International Covenant on Economic, Social and Cultural Rights | Show all articles 12.2 The steps to be taken by the States Parties to the present Covenant to achieve the full realization of this right shall include those necessary for: 12.2.b The improvement of all aspects of environmental and industrial hygiene; |
| | | CRC Convention on the Rights of the Child | Show all articles 6.1 States Parties recognize that every child has the inherent right to life. |
| | | | 6.2 States Parties shall ensure to the maximum extent possible the survival and development of the child. |
| | | | 37 States Parties shall ensure that: 37.c Every child deprived of liberty shall be treated with humanity and respect for the inherent dignity of the human person, and in a manner which takes into account the needs of persons of his or her age. In particular, every child deprived of liberty shall be separated from adults unless it is considered in the child's best interest not to do so and shall have the right to maintain contact with his or her family through correspondence and visits, save in exceptional circumstances; |
| | | CRPD Convention on the Rights of Persons with Disabilities | Show all articles 10 States Parties reaffirm that every human being has the inherent right to life and shall take all necessary measures to ensure its effective enjoyment by persons with disabilities on an equal basis with others. |
| | | | 11 States Parties shall take, in accordance with their obligations under international law, including international humanitarian law and international human rights law, all necessary measures to ensure the protection and safety of persons with disabilities in situations of risk, including situations of armed conflict, humanitarian emergencies and the occurrence of natural disasters. |
| | | ICRMW International Convention on the Protection of the Rights of All Migrant Workers and Members of Their Families | Show all articles 9 The right to life of migrant workers and members of their families shall be protected by law. |
| | | UNDRIP United Nations Declaration on the Rights of Indigenous Peoples | Show all articles 7.1 Indigenous individuals have the rights to life, physical and mental integrity, liberty and security of person. |
| | | DEVAW Declaration on the Elimination of Violence against Women | Show all articles 3 Women are entitled to the equal enjoyment and protection of all human rights and fundamental freedoms in the political, economic, social, cultural, civil or any other field. These rights include, inter alia: 3.a The right to life; |

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| | | Escazú Agreement Regional Agreement on Access to Information, Public Participation and Justice in Environmental Matters in Latin America and the Caribbean | Show all articles |
| | | | 4.3 Each Party shall adopt the necessary measures, of a legislative, regulatory, administrative or any other nature, in the framework of its domestic provisions, to guarantee the implementation of the provisions of the present Agreement. |
| | | | 4.4 With the aim of contributing to the effective application of the present Agreement, each Party shall provide the public with information to facilitate the acquisition of knowledge on access rights. |
| | | | 5.2 The exercise of the right of access to environmental information includes: |
| | | | 5.2.a requesting and receiving information from competent authorities without mentioning any special interest or explaining the reasons for the request; |
| | | | 5.2.b being informed promptly whether the requested information is in possession or not of the competent authority receiving the request; |
| | | | 5.2.c being informed of the right to challenge and appeal when information is not delivered, and of the requirements for exercising this right. |
| | | | 5.3 Each Party shall facilitate access to environmental information for persons or groups in vulnerable situations, establishing procedures for the provision of assistance, from the formulation of requests through to the delivery of the information, taking into account their conditions and specificities, for the purpose of promoting access and participation under equal conditions. |
| | | | 5.4 Each Party shall guarantee that the above-mentioned persons or groups in vulnerable situations, including indigenous peoples and ethnic groups, receive assistance in preparing their requests and obtain a response. |
| | | | 6.5 Each Party shall guarantee that in the case of an imminent threat to public health or the environment, the relevant competent authority shall immediately disclose and disseminate through the most effective means all pertinent information in its possession that could help the public take measures to prevent or limit potential damage. Each Party shall develop and implement an early warning system using available mechanisms. |
| | | | 10.2 Each Party, in line with its capacities, may take, inter alia, the following measures: |
| | | | 10.2.a train authorities and civil servants on environmental access rights; |
| | | | 10.2.b develop and strengthen environmental law and access rights awareness-raising and capacity-building programmes for, inter alia, the public, judicial and administrative officials, national human rights institutions and jurists; |
| | | | 10.2.c provide the competent institutions and entities with adequate equipment and resources; |
| | | | 10.2.d promote education and training on, and raise public awareness of, environmental matters, through, inter alia, basic educational modules on access rights for students at all levels of education; |
| | | | 10.2.e develop specific measures for persons or groups in vulnerable situations, such as providing interpreters or translators in languages other than official languages when necessary; |
| | | | 10.2.f acknowledge the importance of associations, organizations or groups that train the public on or raise public awareness of access rights; |
| | | | 10.2.g strengthen capabilities to collect, retain and evaluate environmental information. |
| | | | 11.1 The Parties shall cooperate to strengthen their national capacities with the aim of implementing the present Agreement in an effective manner. |
| | | | 11.3 For the purposes of implementing paragraph 2 of the present article, the Parties shall promote activities and mechanisms, such as: |
| | | | 11.3.a discussions, workshops, expert exchanges, technical assistance, education and observatories; |

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| | | | 11.3.b developing, sharing and implementing educational, training and awareness-raising materials and programmes; |
| | | | 11.3.c sharing experiences of voluntary codes of conduct, guidelines, good practices and standards; |
| | | | 11.3.d committees, councils and forums of multisectoral development stakeholders to address cooperation priorities and activities. |
| | | ADDDM American Declaration on the Rights and Duties of Man | Show all articles I Every human being has the right to life, liberty and the security of his person. |
| | | ACHR American Convention on Human Rights | Show all articles 4.1 Every person has the right to have his life respected. This right shall be protected by law and, in general, from the moment of conception. No one shall be arbitrarily deprived of his life. |
| | | Protocol of San Salvador Additional Protocol to the American Convention on Human Rights in the Area of Economic, Social and Cultural rights (Protocol of San Salvador) | Show all articles 11.1 Everyone shall have the right to live in a healthy environment and to have access to basic public services. |
| | | | 11.2 The States Parties shall promote the protection, preservation, and improvement of the environment. |
| | | Convention of Belém do Pará Inter-American Convention on the Prevention, Punishment and Eradication of Violence Against Women | Show all articles 4 Every woman has the right to the recognition, enjoyment, exercise and protection of all human rights and freedoms embodied in regional and international human rights instruments. These rights include, among others: |
| | | | 4.a The right to have her life respected; |
| | | ACHPR African Charter on Human and Peoples' Rights | Show all articles 4 Human beings are inviolable. Every human being shall be entitled to respect for his life and the integrity of his person. No one may be arbitrarily deprived of this right. |
| | | | 24 All peoples shall have the right to a general satisfactory environment favourable to their development. |
| | | ACRWC African Charter on the Rights and Welfare of the Child | Show all articles 5.1 Every child has an inherent right to life. This right shall be protected by law. |
| | | | 5.2 State Parties to the present Charter shall ensure, to the maximum extent possible, the survival, protection and development of the child. |
| | | Maputo Protocol Protocol to the African Charter on Human and Peoples' Rights on the Rights of Women in Africa | Show all articles 4.1 Every woman shall be entitled to respect for her life and the integrity and security of her person. All forms of exploitation, cruel, inhuman or degrading punishment and treatment shall be prohibited. |
| | | | 18.1 Women shall have the right to live in a healthy and sustainable environment. |
| | | UNFCCC United Nations Framework Convention on Climate Change | Show all articles The entire convention is relevant The United Nations Framework Convention on Climate Change is relevant to this Target in its entirety |
| | | Paris Agreement Paris Agreement | Show all articles The entire convention is relevant The Paris Agreement is relevant to this Target in its entirety. |
| | | CBD Convention on Biological Diversity | Show all articles 14.1 Each Contracting Party, as far as possible and as appropriate, shall: |
| | | | 14.1.e Promote national arrangements for emergency responses to activities or events, whether caused naturally or otherwise, which present a grave and imminent danger to biological diversity and encourage international cooperation to supplement such national efforts and, where appropriate and agreed by the States or regional economic integration organizations concerned, to establish joint contingency plans; |
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| | UNCCD UN Convention to Combat Desertification | Show all articles 8.1 The Parties shall encourage the coordination of activities carried out under this Convention and, if they are Parties to them, under other relevant international agreements, particularly the United Nations Framework Convention on Climate Change and the Convention on Biological Diversity, in order to derive maximum benefit from activities under each agreement while avoiding duplication of effort. The Parties shall encourage the conduct of joint programmes, particularly in the fields of research, training, systematic observation and information collection and exchange, to the extent that such activities may contribute to achieving the objectives of the agreements concerned. |
| | | 10.2 National action programmes shall specify the respective roles of government, local communities and land users and the resources available and needed. They shall, inter alia: |
| | | 10.2.a incorporate long-term strategies to combat desertification and mitigate the effects of drought, emphasize implementation and be integrated with national policies for sustainable development; |
| | | 10.2.b allow for modifications to be made in response to changing circumstances and be sufficiently flexible at the local level to cope with different socio-economic, biological and geo-physical conditions; |
| | | 10.2.c give particular attention to the implementation of preventive measures for lands that are not yet degraded or which are only slightly degraded; |
| | | 10.2.d enhance national climatological, meteorological and hydrological capabilities and the means to provide for drought early warning; |
| | | 10.3 National action programmes may include, inter alia, some or all of the following measures to prepare for and mitigate the effects of drought: |
| | | 10.3.a establishment and/or strengthening, as appropriate, of early warning systems, including local and national facilities and joint systems at the subregional and regional levels, and mechanisms for assisting environmentally displaced persons; |
| | | 10.3.b strengthening of drought preparedness and management, including drought contingency plans at the local, national, subregional and regional levels, which take into consideration seasonal to interannual climate predictions; |
| | | 10.3.c establishment and/or strengthening, as appropriate, of food security systems, including storage and marketing facilities, particularly in rural areas; |
| | | 10.3.d establishment of alternative livelihood projects that could provide incomes in drought prone areas; |
| | 13.2 Integrate climate change measures into national policies, strategies and planning. Indicators 13.2.1 Number of countries with nationally determined contributions, long-term strategies, national adaptation plans, strategies as reported in adaptation communications and national communications 13.2.2 Total greenhouse gas emissions per year | Escazú Agreement Regional Agreement on Access to Information, Public Participation and Justice in Environmental Matters in Latin America and the Caribbean Show all articles 4.3 Each Party shall adopt the necessary measures, of a legislative, regulatory, administrative or any other nature, in the framework of its domestic provisions, to guarantee the implementation of the provisions of the present Agreement. |
| | | 6.1 Each Party shall guarantee, to the extent possible within available resources, that the competent authorities generate, collect, publicize and disseminate environmental information relevant to their functions in a systematic, proactive, timely, regular, accessible and comprehensible manner, and periodically update this information and encourage the disaggregation and decentralization of environmental information at the subnational and local levels. Each Party shall strengthen coordination between the different authorities of the State. |
| | | 6.3 Each Party shall have in place one or more up-to-date environmental information systems, which may include, inter alia: |
| | | 6.3.g climate change sources aimed at building national capacities; |
| | | 13 Each Party, to the extent of its ability and in accordance with its national priorities, commits to provide the resources for national activities that are needed to fulfil the obligations derived from the present Agreement. |
| | Protocol of San Salvador Additional Protocol to the American Convention on Human Rights in the Area of Economic, Social and Cultural rights (Protocol of San Salvador) | Show all articles 11.1 Everyone shall have the right to live in a healthy environment and to have access to basic public services. |
| | | 11.2 The States Parties shall promote the protection, preservation, and improvement of the environment. |
| | ACHPR African Charter on Human and Peoples' Rights | Show all articles 24 All peoples shall have the right to a general satisfactory environment favourable to their development. |

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| | | Maputo Protocol Protocol to the African Charter on Human and Peoples' Rights on the Rights of Women in Africa | Show all articles 18.1 Women shall have the right to live in a healthy and sustainable environment. |
| | | UNFCCC United Nations Framework Convention on Climate Change | Show all articles The entire convention is relevant The United Nations Framework Convention on Climate Change is relevant to this Target in its entirety |
| | | Paris Agreement Paris Agreement | Show all articles The entire convention is relevant The Paris Agreement is relevant to this Target in its entirety. |
| | | CBD Convention on Biological Diversity | Show all articles 3 States have, in accordance with the Charter of the United Nations and the principles of international law, the sovereign right to exploit their own resources pursuant to their own environmental policies, and the responsibility to ensure that activities within their jurisdiction or control do not cause damage to the environment of other States or of areas beyond the limits of national jurisdiction. |
| | | | 6 Each Contracting Party shall, in accordance with its particular conditions and capabilities: |
| | | | 6.a Develop national strategies, plans or programmes for the conservation and sustainable use of biological diversity or adapt for this purpose existing strategies, plans or programmes which shall reflect, inter alia, the measures set out in this Convention relevant to the Contracting Party concerned; |
| | | | 6.b Integrate, as far as possible and as appropriate, the conservation and sustainable use of biological diversity into relevant sectoral or cross-sectoral plans, programmes and policies. |
| | | | 10 Each Contracting Party shall, as far as possible and as appropriate: |
| | | | 10.a Integrate consideration of the conservation and sustainable use of biological resources into national decision-making; |
| | | | 10.b Adopt measures relating to the use of biological resources to avoid or minimize adverse impacts on biological diversity; |
| | | | 10.c Protect and encourage customary use of biological resources in accordance with traditional cultural practices that are compatible with conservation or sustainable use requirements; |
| | | | 10.d Support local populations to develop and implement remedial action in degraded areas where biological diversity has been reduced; |
| | | | 10.e Encourage cooperation between its governmental authorities and its private sector in developing methods for sustainable use of biological resources. |
| | | UNCCD UN Convention to Combat Desertification | Show all articles 8.1 The Parties shall encourage the coordination of activities carried out under this Convention and, if they are Parties to them, under other relevant international agreements, particularly the United Nations Framework Convention on Climate Change and the Convention on Biological Diversity, in order to derive maximum benefit from activities under each agreement while avoiding duplication of effort. The Parties shall encourage the conduct of joint programmes, particularly in the fields of research, training, systematic observation and information collection and exchange, to the extent that such activities may contribute to achieving the objectives of the agreements concerned. |
| | 13.3 Improve education, awareness- raising and human and institutional capacity on climate change mitigation, adaptation, impact reduction and early warning. Indicators 13.3.1 Extent to which (i) global citizenship education and (ii) education for sustainable development are mainstreamed in (a) national education policies; (b) curricula; (c) teacher education; and (d) student assessment | UDHR Universal Declaration of Human Rights | Show all articles 19 Everyone has the right to freedom of opinion and expression; this right includes freedom to hold opinions without interference and to seek, receive and impart information and ideas through any media and regardless of frontiers. |
| | | | 21.1 Everyone has the right to take part in the government of his country, directly or through freely chosen representatives. |
| | | | 26.2 Education shall be directed to the full development of the human personality and to the strengthening of respect for human rights and fundamental freedoms. It shall promote understanding, tolerance and friendship among all nations, racial or religious groups, and shall further the activities of the United Nations for the maintenance of peace. |
| | | | 27.2 Everyone has the right to the protection of the moral and material interests resulting from any scientific, literary or artistic production of which he is the author. |

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| | | ICCPR International Covenant on Civil and Political Rights | Show all articles 19.1 Everyone shall have the right to hold opinions without interference. |
| | | | 19.2 Everyone shall have the right to freedom of expression; this right shall include freedom to seek, receive and impart information and ideas of all kinds, regardless of frontiers, either orally, in writing or in print, in the form of art, or through any other media of his choice. |
| | | | 25 Every citizen shall have the right and the opportunity, without any of the distinctions mentioned in article 2 and without unreasonable restrictions: 25.a To take part in the conduct of public affairs, directly or through freely chosen representatives; |
| | | | 25.b To vote and to be elected at genuine periodic elections which shall be by universal and equal suffrage and shall be held by secret ballot, guaranteeing the free expression of the will of the electors; |
| | | ICESCR International Covenant on Economic, Social and Cultural Rights | Show all articles 13.1 The States Parties to the present Covenant recognize the right of everyone to education. They agree that education shall be directed to the full development of the human personality and the sense of its dignity, and shall strengthen the respect for human rights and fundamental freedoms. They further agree that education shall enable all persons to participate effectively in a free society, promote understanding, tolerance and friendship among all nations and all racial, ethnic or religious groups, and further the activities of the United Nations for the maintenance of peace. |
| | | | 15.1 The States Parties to the present Covenant recognize the right of everyone: 15.1.b To enjoy the benefits of scientific progress and its applications; |
| | | ICERD International Convention on the Elimination of All Forms of Racial Discrimination | Show all articles 5 In compliance with the fundamental obligations laid down in article 2 of this Convention, States Parties undertake to prohibit and to eliminate racial discrimination in all its forms and to guarantee the right of everyone, without distinction as to race, colour, or national or ethnic origin, to equality before the law, notably in the enjoyment of the following rights: 5.c Political rights, in particular the right to participate in elections-to vote and to stand for election-on the basis of universal and equal suffrage, to take part in the Government as well as in the conduct of public affairs at any level and to have equal access to public service; |
| | | | Show all articles 12.1 States Parties shall assure to the child who is capable of forming his or her own views the right to express those views freely in all matters affecting the child, the views of the child being given due weight in accordance with the age and maturity of the child. |
| | | CEDAW Convention on the Elimination of All Forms of Discrimination Against Women | Show all articles 7 States Parties shall take all appropriate measures to eliminate discrimination against women in the political and public life of the country and, in particular, shall ensure to women, on equal terms with men, the right: 7.b To participate in the formulation of government policy and the implementation thereof and to hold public office and perform all public functions at all levels of government; |
| | | | 7.c To participate in non-governmental organizations and associations concerned with the public and political life of the country. |
| | | | 10 States Parties shall take all appropriate measures to eliminate discrimination against women in order to ensure to them equal rights with men in the field of education and in particular to ensure, on a basis of equality of men and women: 10.c The elimination of any stereotyped concept of the roles of men and women at all levels and in all forms of education by encouraging coeducation and other types of education which will help to achieve this aim and, in particular, by the revision of textbooks and school programmes and the adaptation of teaching methods; |
| | | | 10.h Access to specific educational information to help to ensure the health and well-being of families, including information and advice on family planning. |
| | | | 14.2 States Parties shall take all appropriate measures to eliminate discrimination against women in rural areas in order to ensure, on a basis of equality of men and women, that they participate in and benefit from rural development and, in particular, shall ensure to such women the right: 14.2.h To enjoy adequate living conditions, particularly in relation to housing, sanitation, electricity and water supply, transport and communications. |
| | | | Show all articles 4.3 In the development and implementation of legislation and policies to implement the present Convention, and in other decision-making processes concerning issues relating to persons with disabilities, States Parties shall closely consult with and actively involve persons with disabilities, including children with disabilities, through their representative organizations. |
| | | CRPD Convention on the Rights of Persons with Disabilities | Show all articles 4.3 In the development and implementation of legislation and policies to implement the present Convention, and in other decision-making processes concerning issues relating to persons with disabilities, States Parties shall closely consult with and actively involve persons with disabilities, including children with disabilities, through their representative organizations. |

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| | | | <p>9.2 States Parties shall also take appropriate measures to:</p> <p>9.2.g Promote access for persons with disabilities to new information and communications technologies and systems, including the Internet;</p> <p>9.2.h Promote the design, development, production and distribution of accessible information and communications technologies and systems at an early stage, so that these technologies and systems become accessible at minimum cost.</p> <p>21 States Parties shall take all appropriate measures to ensure that persons with disabilities can exercise the right to freedom of expression and opinion, including the freedom to seek, receive and impart information and ideas on an equal basis with others and through all forms of communication of their choice, as defined in article 2 of the present Convention, including by:</p> <p>21.a Providing information intended for the general public to persons with disabilities in accessible formats and technologies appropriate to different kinds of disabilities in a timely manner and without additional cost;</p> <p>21.b Accepting and facilitating the use of sign languages, Braille, augmentative and alternative communication, and all other accessible means, modes and formats of communication of their choice by persons with disabilities in official interactions;</p> <p>21.c Urging private entities that provide services to the general public, including through the Internet, to provide information and services in accessible and usable formats for persons with disabilities;</p> <p>21.d Encouraging the mass media, including providers of information through the Internet, to make their services accessible to persons with disabilities;</p> <p>21.e Recognizing and promoting the use of sign languages.</p> <p>24.3 States Parties shall enable persons with disabilities to learn life and social development skills to facilitate their full and equal participation in education and as members of the community. To this end, States Parties shall take appropriate measures, including:</p> <p>24.3.a Facilitating the learning of Braille, alternative script, augmentative and alternative modes, means and formats of communication and orientation and mobility skills, and facilitating peer support and mentoring;</p> <p>24.3.b Facilitating the learning of sign language and the promotion of the linguistic identity of the deaf community;</p> <p>24.3.c Ensuring that the education of persons, and in particular children, who are blind, deaf or deafblind, is delivered in the most appropriate languages and modes and means of communication for the individual, and in environments which maximize academic and social development.</p> |
| | | <p>ICRMW International Convention on the Protection of the Rights of All Migrant Workers and Members of Their Families</p> | <p>Show all articles</p> <p>41.1 Migrant workers and members of their families shall have the right to participate in public affairs of their State of origin and to vote and to be elected at elections of that State, in accordance with its legislation.</p> <p>41.2 The States concerned shall, as appropriate and in accordance with their legislation, facilitate the exercise of these rights.</p> <p>42.1 States Parties shall consider the establishment of procedures or institutions through which account may be taken, both in States of origin and in States of employment, of special needs, aspirations and obligations of migrant workers and members of their families and shall envisage, as appropriate, the possibility for migrant workers and members of their families to have their freely chosen representatives in those institutions.</p> <p>42.2 States of employment shall facilitate, in accordance with their national legislation, the consultation or participation of migrant workers and members of their families in decisions concerning the life and administration of local communities.</p> <p>42.3 Migrant workers may enjoy political rights in the State of employment if that State, in the exercise of its sovereignty, grants them such rights.</p> |
| | | <p>UNDRIP United Nations Declaration on the Rights of Indigenous Peoples</p> | <p>Show all articles</p> <p>5 Indigenous peoples have the right to maintain and strengthen their distinct political, legal, economic, social and cultural institutions, while retaining their right to participate fully, if they so choose, in the political, economic, social and cultural life of the State.</p> |

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| | | | 15.1 Indigenous peoples have the right to the dignity and diversity of their cultures, traditions, histories and aspirations which shall be appropriately reflected in education and public information. |
| | | 18 Indigenous peoples have the right to participate in decision-making in matters which would affect their rights, through representatives chosen by themselves in accordance with their own procedures, as well as to maintain and develop their own indigenous decision-making institutions. | |
| | | Aarhus Convention Convention on Access to Information, Public Participation in Decision-making and Access to Justice in Environmental Matters | Show all articles 3.3 Each Party shall promote environmental education and environmental awareness among the public, especially on how to obtain access to information, to participate in decision-making and to obtain access to justice in environmental matters. |
| | | 4.8 Each Party may allow its public authorities to make a charge for supplying information, but such charge shall not exceed a reasonable amount. Public authorities intending to make such a charge for supplying information shall make available to applicants a schedule of charges which may be levied, indicating the circumstances in which they may be levied or waived and when the supply of information is conditional on the advance payment of such a charge. | |
| | | 5.1.b Mandatory systems are established so that there is an adequate flow of information to public authorities about proposed and existing activities which may significantly affect the environment; | |
| | | 5.1.c In the event of any imminent threat to human health or the environment, whether caused by human activities or due to natural causes, all information which could enable the public to take measures to prevent or mitigate harm arising from the threat and is held by a public authority is disseminated immediately and without delay to members of the public who may be affected. | |
| | | 5.2.b Establishing and maintaining practical arrangements, such as: | |
| | | 5.2.b.ii Requiring officials to support the public in seeking access to information under this Convention; and | |
| | | 5.2.b.iii The identification of points of contact; and | |
| | | 5.6 Each Party shall encourage operators whose activities have a significant impact on the environment to inform the public regularly of the environmental impact of their activities and products, where appropriate within the framework of voluntary eco-labelling or eco-auditing schemes or by other means. | |
| | | 5.7 Each Party shall: | |
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| | | Kiev Protocol Kiev Protocol on Pollutant Release and Transfer Registers to the Aarhus Convention | Show all articles 15.2 Each Party should provide adequate capacity-building for and guidance to the responsible authorities and bodies to assist them in carrying out their duties under this Protocol. |
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| | | Escazú Agreement Regional Agreement on Access to Information, Public Participation and Justice in Environmental Matters in Latin America and the Caribbean | Show all articles 4.4 With the aim of contributing to the effective application of the present Agreement, each Party shall provide the public with information to facilitate the acquisition of knowledge on access rights. |
| | | 5.2 The exercise of the right of access to environmental information includes: | |
| | | 5.2.a requesting and receiving information from competent authorities without mentioning any special interest or explaining the reasons for the request; | |
| | | 5.2.b being informed promptly whether the requested information is in possession or not of the competent authority receiving the request; | |
| | | 5.2.c being informed of the right to challenge and appeal when information is not delivered, and of the requirements for exercising this right. | |
| | | 5.3 Each Party shall facilitate access to environmental information for persons or groups in vulnerable situations, establishing procedures for the provision of assistance, from the formulation of requests through to the delivery of the information, taking into account their conditions and specificities, for the purpose of promoting access and participation under equal conditions. | |
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| 5.4 | Each Party shall guarantee that the above-mentioned persons or groups in vulnerable situations, including indigenous peoples and ethnic groups, receive assistance in preparing their requests and obtain a response. |
| 5.11 | The competent authorities shall guarantee that the environmental information is provided in the format requested by the applicant, if available. If such a format is not available, the environmental information shall be provided in the available format. |
| 5.12 | The competent authorities shall respond to requests for environmental information as quickly as possible and within a period not longer than 30 business days from the date of receipt of the request, or less if so stipulated in domestic legislation. |
| 5.17 | Environmental information shall be disclosed at no cost, insofar as its reproduction or delivery is not required. Reproduction and delivery costs shall be applied in accordance with the procedures established by the competent authority. Such costs shall be reasonable and made known in advance, and payment can be waived in the event that the applicant is deemed to be in a vulnerable situation or to have special circumstances warranting such a waiver. |
| 6.1 | Each Party shall guarantee, to the extent possible within available resources, that the competent authorities generate, collect, publicize and disseminate environmental information relevant to their functions in a systematic, proactive, timely, regular, accessible and comprehensible manner, and periodically update this information and encourage the disaggregation and decentralization of environmental information at the subnational and local levels. Each Party shall strengthen coordination between the different authorities of the State. |
| 6.2 | The competent authorities shall endeavour to ensure, to the extent possible, that environmental information is reusable, processable and available in formats that are accessible, and that no restrictions are placed on its reproduction or use, in accordance with domestic legislation. |
| 6.3 | Each Party shall have in place one or more up-to-date environmental information systems, which may include, inter alia: |
| 6.3.a | the texts of treaties and international agreements, as well as environmental laws, regulations and administrative acts; |
| 6.3.b | reports on the state of the environment; |
| 6.3.c | a list of public entities competent in environmental matters and, where possible, their respective areas of operation; |
| 6.3.d | a list of polluted areas, by type of pollutant and location; |
| 6.3.e | information on the use and conservation of natural resources and ecosystem services; |
| 6.3.f | scientific, technical or technological reports, studies and information on environmental matters produced by academic and research institutions, whether public or private, national or foreign; |
| 6.3.g | climate change sources aimed at building national capacities; |
| 6.3.h | information on environmental impact assessment processes and on other environmental management instruments, where applicable, and environmental licences or permits granted by the public authorities; |
| 6.3.i | an estimated list of waste by type and, when possible, by volume, location and year; and |
| 6.3.j | information on the imposition of administrative sanctions in environmental matters. |
| 6.3.z | Each Party shall guarantee that environmental information systems are duly organized, accessible to all persons and made progressively available through information technology and georeferenced media, where appropriate. |
| 6.4 | Each Party shall take steps to establish a pollutant release and transfer register covering air, water, soil and subsoil pollutants, as well as materials and waste in its jurisdiction. This register will be established progressively and updated periodically. |
| 6.6 | In order to facilitate access by persons or groups in vulnerable situations to information that particularly affects them, each Party shall endeavour, where applicable, to ensure that the competent authorities disseminate environmental information in the various languages used in the country, and prepare alternative formats that are comprehensible to those groups, using suitable channels of communication. |

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| | | | 6.7 Each Party shall use its best endeavours to publish and disseminate at regular intervals, not exceeding five years, a national report on the state of the environment, which may contain: |
| | | | 6.7.a information on the state of the environment and natural resources, including quantitative data, where possible; |
| | | | 6.7.b national actions to fulfil environmental legal obligations; |
| | | | 6.7.c advances in the implementation of the access rights; and |
| | | | 6.7.d collaboration agreements among public, social and private sectors. |
| | | | 6.7.z Such reports shall be drafted in an easily comprehensible manner and accessible to the public in different formats and disseminated through appropriate means, taking into account cultural realities. Each Party may invite the public to make contributions to these reports. |
| | | | 6.10 Each Party shall ensure that consumers and users have official, relevant and clear information on the environmental qualities of goods and services and their effects on health, favouring sustainable production and consumption patterns. |
| | | | 6.12 Each Party shall take the necessary measures, through legal or administrative frameworks, among others, to promote access to environmental information in the possession of private entities, in particular information on their operations and the possible risks and effects on human health and the environment. |
| | | | 10.2 Each Party, in line with its capacities, may take, inter alia, the following measures: |
| | | | 10.2.a train authorities and civil servants on environmental access rights; |
| | | | 10.2.b develop and strengthen environmental law and access rights awareness-raising and capacity-building programmes for, inter alia, the public, judicial and administrative officials, national human rights institutions and jurists; |
| | | | 10.2.c provide the competent institutions and entities with adequate equipment and resources; |
| | | | 10.2.d promote education and training on, and raise public awareness of, environmental matters, through, inter alia, basic educational modules on access rights for students at all levels of education; |
| | | | 10.2.e develop specific measures for persons or groups in vulnerable situations, such as providing interpreters or translators in languages other than official languages when necessary; |
| | | | 10.2.f acknowledge the importance of associations, organizations or groups that train the public on or raise public awareness of access rights; |
| | | | 10.2.g strengthen capabilities to collect, retain and evaluate environmental information. |
| | | ECHR European Convention for the Protection of Human Rights and Fundamental Freedoms | Show all articles 10.1 Everyone has the right to freedom of expression. This right shall include freedom to hold opinions and to receive and impart information and ideas without interference by public authority and regardless of frontiers. This Article shall not prevent States from requiring the licensing of broadcasting, television or cinema enterprises. |
| | | European Framework Convention on Minorities Council of Europe Framework Convention for the Protection of National Minorities | Show all articles 9.1 The Parties undertake to recognise that the right to freedom of expression of every person belonging to a national minority includes freedom to hold opinions and to receive and impart information and ideas in the minority language, without interference by public authorities and regardless of frontiers. The Parties shall ensure, within the framework of their legal systems, that persons belonging to a national minority are not discriminated against in their access to the media. |
| | | ADRDM American Declaration on the Rights and Duties of Man | Show all articles IV Every person has the right to freedom of investigation, of opinion, and of the expression and dissemination of ideas, by any medium whatsoever. |

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| | | <p>XII</p> <p>Every person has the right to an education, which should be based on the principles of liberty, morality and human solidarity. Likewise every person has the right to an education that will prepare him to attain a decent life, to raise his standard of living, and to be a useful member of society. The right to an education includes the right to equality of opportunity in every case, in accordance with natural talents, merit and the desire to utilize the resources that the state or the community is in a position to provide. Every person has the right to receive, free, at least a primary education.</p> |
| | <p>ACHR American Convention on Human Rights</p> | <p>Show all articles</p> <p>13.1</p> <p>Everyone has the right to freedom of thought and expression. This right includes freedom to seek, receive, and impart information and ideas of all kinds, regardless of frontiers, either orally, in writing, in print, in the form of art, or through any other medium of one's choice.</p> |
| | <p>Protocol of San Salvador Additional Protocol to the American Convention on Human Rights in the Area of Economic, Social and Cultural rights (Protocol of San Salvador)</p> | <p>Show all articles</p> <p>11.2</p> <p>The States Parties shall promote the protection, preservation, and improvement of the environment.</p> <p>13.2</p> <p>The States Parties to this Protocol agree that education should be directed towards the full development of the human personality and human dignity and should strengthen respect for human rights, ideological pluralism, fundamental freedoms, justice and peace. They further agree that education ought to enable everyone to participate effectively in a democratic and pluralistic society and achieve a decent existence and should foster understanding, tolerance and friendship among all nations and all racial, ethnic or religious groups and promote activities for the maintenance of peace.</p> |
| | <p>ACHPR African Charter on Human and Peoples' Rights</p> | <p>Show all articles</p> <p>9.1</p> <p>Every individual shall have the right to receive information.</p> <p>9.2</p> <p>Every individual shall have the right to express and disseminate his opinions within the law.</p> <p>24</p> <p>All peoples shall have the right to a general satisfactory environment favourable to their development.</p> <p>25</p> <p>States parties to the present Charter shall have the duty to promote and ensure through teaching, education and publication, the respect of the rights and freedoms contained in the present Charter and to see to it that these freedoms and rights as well as corresponding obligations and duties are understood.</p> |
| | <p>ACRWC African Charter on the Rights and Welfare of the Child</p> | <p>Show all articles</p> <p>7</p> <p>Every child who is capable of communicating his or her own views shall be assured the rights to express his opinions freely in all matters and to disseminate his opinions subject to such restrictions as are prescribed by laws.</p> <p>11.2</p> <p>The education of the child shall be directed to:</p> <p>11.2.g</p> <p>the development of respect for the environment and natural resources;</p> <p>14.1</p> <p>Every child shall have the right to enjoy the best attainable state of physical, mental and spiritual health.</p> |
| | <p>Maputo Protocol Protocol to the African Charter on Human and Peoples' Rights on the Rights of Women in Africa</p> | <p>Show all articles</p> <p>18.2</p> <p>States Parties shall take all appropriate measures to:</p> <p>18.2.a</p> <p>ensure greater participation of women in the planning, management and preservation of the environment and the sustainable use of natural resources at all levels;</p> |
| | <p>UNFCCC United Nations Framework Convention on Climate Change</p> | <p>Show all articles</p> <p>The entire convention is relevant</p> <p>The United Nations Framework Convention on Climate Change is relevant to this Target in its entirety</p> |
| | <p>Paris Agreement Paris Agreement</p> | <p>Show all articles</p> <p>The entire convention is relevant</p> <p>The Paris Agreement is relevant to this Target in its entirety.</p> |
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| <p>13.a</p> <p>Implement the commitment undertaken by developed-country parties to the United Nations Framework Convention on Climate Change to a goal of mobilizing jointly \$100 billion annually by 2020 from all sources to address the needs of developing countries in the context of meaningful mitigation actions and transparency on implementation and fully operationalize the Green Climate fund through its capitalization as soon as possible.</p> <p>Indicators</p> <p>13.a.1</p> <p>Amounts provided and mobilized in United States dollars per year in relation to the continued existing collective mobilization goal of the \$100 billion commitment through to 2025</p> | <p>ICESCR International Covenant on Economic, Social and Cultural Rights</p> | <p>Show all articles</p> <p>11.1 The States Parties to the present Covenant recognize the right of everyone to an adequate standard of living for himself and his family, including adequate food, clothing and housing, and to the continuous improvement of living conditions. The States Parties will take appropriate steps to ensure the realization of this right, recognizing to this effect the essential importance of international co-operation based on free consent.</p> |
| | <p>Kiev Protocol Kiev Protocol on Pollutant Release and Transfer Registers to the Aarhus Convention</p> | <p>Show all articles</p> <p>17.2.h Consider establishing financial arrangements by consensus and technical assistance mechanisms to facilitate the implementation of this Protocol;</p> |
| | <p>Escazú Agreement Regional Agreement on Access to Information, Public Participation and Justice in Environmental Matters in Latin America and the Caribbean</p> | <p>Show all articles</p> <p>11.1 The Parties shall cooperate to strengthen their national capacities with the aim of implementing the present Agreement in an effective manner.</p> |
| | | <p>11.2 The Parties shall give particular consideration to least developed countries, landlocked developing countries and small island developing States from Latin America and the Caribbean.</p> |
| | | <p>11.3 For the purposes of implementing paragraph 2 of the present article, the Parties shall promote activities and mechanisms, such as:</p> |
| | | <p>11.3.a discussions, workshops, expert exchanges, technical assistance, education and observatories;</p> |
| | | <p>11.3.b developing, sharing and implementing educational, training and awareness-raising materials and programmes;</p> |
| | | <p>11.3.c sharing experiences of voluntary codes of conduct, guidelines, good practices and standards;</p> |
| | | <p>11.3.d committees, councils and forums of multisectoral development stakeholders to address cooperation priorities and activities.</p> |
| | | <p>11.4 The Parties shall encourage partnerships with States from other regions, intergovernmental, non-governmental, academic and private organizations, as well as civil society organizations and other relevant stakeholders to implement the present Agreement.</p> |
| | | <p>11.5 The Parties recognize that regional cooperation and information-sharing shall be promoted in relation to all aspects of illicit activities against the environment.</p> |
| | | <p>13 Each Party, to the extent of its ability and in accordance with its national priorities, commits to provide the resources for national activities that are needed to fulfil the obligations derived from the present Agreement.</p> |
| | <p>ACHPR African Charter on Human and Peoples' Rights</p> | <p>Show all articles</p> <p>24 All peoples shall have the right to a general satisfactory environment favourable to their development.</p> |
| | <p>UNFCCC United Nations Framework Convention on Climate Change</p> | <p>Show all articles</p> <p>4.3 The developed country Parties and other developed Parties included in Annex II shall provide new and additional financial resources to meet the agreed full costs incurred by developing country Parties in complying with their obligations under Article 12, paragraph 1. They shall also provide such financial resources, including for the transfer of technology, needed by the developing country Parties to meet the agreed full incremental costs of implementing measures that are covered by paragraph 1 of this Article and that are agreed between a developing country Party and the international entity or entities referred to in Article 11, in accordance with that Article. The implementation of these commitments shall take into account the need for adequacy and predictability in the flow of funds and the importance of appropriate burden sharing among the developed country Parties.</p> |
| | | <p>4.4 The developed country Parties and other developed Parties included in Annex II shall also assist the developing country Parties that are particularly vulnerable to the adverse effects of climate change in meeting costs of adaptation to those adverse effects.</p> |
| | <p>Paris Agreement Paris Agreement</p> | <p>Show all articles</p> <p>The entire convention is relevant The Paris Agreement is relevant to this Target in its entirety.</p> |

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| <p>13.b</p> <p>Promote mechanisms for raising capacity for effective climate change-related planning and management in least developed countries, including focusing on women, youth and local and marginalized communities.</p> <p>Indicators</p> <p>13.b.1</p> <p>Number of least developed countries and small island developing States with nationally determined contributions, long-term strategies, national adaptation plans, strategies as reported in adaptation communications and national communications</p> | <p>UNDROP UN Declaration on Rights of Peasants</p> | <p>Show all articles</p> <p>13.3 States shall create an enabling environment with opportunities for work for peasants and other people working in rural areas and their families that provide remuneration allowing for an adequate standard of living.</p> |
| | <p>UDHR Universal Declaration of Human Rights</p> | <p>Show all articles</p> <p>19 Everyone has the right to freedom of opinion and expression; this right includes freedom to hold opinions without interference and to seek, receive and impart information and ideas through any media and regardless of frontiers.</p> |
| | | <p>21.1 Everyone has the right to take part in the government of his country, directly or through freely chosen representatives.</p> |
| | | <p>27.1 Everyone has the right freely to participate in the cultural life of the community, to enjoy the arts and to share in scientific advancement and its benefits.</p> |
| | <p>ICCPR International Covenant on Civil and Political Rights</p> | <p>Show all articles</p> <p>19.1 Everyone shall have the right to hold opinions without interference.</p> |
| | | <p>19.2 Everyone shall have the right to freedom of expression; this right shall include freedom to seek, receive and impart information and ideas of all kinds, regardless of frontiers, either orally, in writing or in print, in the form of art, or through any other media of his choice.</p> |
| | | <p>25 Every citizen shall have the right and the opportunity, without any of the distinctions mentioned in article 2 and without unreasonable restrictions: 25.a To take part in the conduct of public affairs, directly or through freely chosen representatives;</p> |
| | | <p>25.b To vote and to be elected at genuine periodic elections which shall be by universal and equal suffrage and shall be held by secret ballot, guaranteeing the free expression of the will of the electors;</p> |
| | <p>ICESCR International Covenant on Economic, Social and Cultural Rights</p> | <p>Show all articles</p> <p>2.2 The States Parties to the present Covenant undertake to guarantee that the rights enunciated in the present Covenant will be exercised without discrimination of any kind as to race, colour, sex, language, religion, political or other opinion, national or social origin, property, birth or other status.</p> |
| | | <p>3 The States Parties to the present Covenant undertake to ensure the equal right of men and women to the enjoyment of all economic, social and cultural rights set forth in the present Covenant.</p> |
| | | <p>11.1 The States Parties to the present Covenant recognize the right of everyone to an adequate standard of living for himself and his family, including adequate food, clothing and housing, and to the continuous improvement of living conditions. The States Parties will take appropriate steps to ensure the realization of this right, recognizing to this effect the essential importance of international co-operation based on free consent.</p> |
| | | <p>15.1 The States Parties to the present Covenant recognize the right of everyone: 15.1.b To enjoy the benefits of scientific progress and its applications;</p> |
| | | <p>15.2 The steps to be taken by the States Parties to the present Covenant to achieve the full realization of this right shall include those necessary for the conservation, the development and the diffusion of science and culture.</p> |
| | | <p>15.3 The States Parties to the present Covenant undertake to respect the freedom indispensable for scientific research and creative activity.</p> |
| | | <p>15.4 The States Parties to the present Covenant recognize the benefits to be derived from the encouragement and development of international contacts and co-operation in the scientific and cultural fields.</p> |
| | | <p>ICERD International Convention on the Elimination of All Forms of Racial Discrimination</p> |
| | | <p>Show all articles</p> <p>5 In compliance with the fundamental obligations laid down in article 2 of this Convention, States Parties undertake to prohibit and to eliminate racial discrimination in all its forms and to guarantee the right of everyone, without distinction as to race, colour, or national or ethnic origin, to equality before the law, notably in the enjoyment of the following rights: 5.c Political rights, in particular the right to participate in elections-to vote and to stand for election-on the basis of universal and equal suffrage, to take part in the Government as well as in the conduct of public affairs at any level and to have equal access to public service;</p> |

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| | | CRC Convention on the Rights of the Child | Show all articles 12.1 States Parties shall assure to the child who is capable of forming his or her own views the right to express those views freely in all matters affecting the child, the views of the child being given due weight in accordance with the age and maturity of the child. |
| | | CEDAW Convention on the Elimination of All Forms of Discrimination Against Women | Show all articles 7 States Parties shall take all appropriate measures to eliminate discrimination against women in the political and public life of the country and, in particular, shall ensure to women, on equal terms with men, the right: 7.a To vote in all elections and public referenda and to be eligible for election to all publicly elected bodies; |
| | | | 7.b To participate in the formulation of government policy and the implementation thereof and to hold public office and perform all public functions at all levels of government; |
| | | | 7.c To participate in non-governmental organizations and associations concerned with the public and political life of the country. |
| | | | 14.2 States Parties shall take all appropriate measures to eliminate discrimination against women in rural areas in order to ensure, on a basis of equality of men and women, that they participate in and benefit from rural development and, in particular, shall ensure to such women the right: 14.2.h To enjoy adequate living conditions, particularly in relation to housing, sanitation, electricity and water supply, transport and communications. |
| | | CRPD Convention on the Rights of Persons with Disabilities | Show all articles 4.3 In the development and implementation of legislation and policies to implement the present Convention, and in other decision-making processes concerning issues relating to persons with disabilities, States Parties shall closely consult with and actively involve persons with disabilities, including children with disabilities, through their representative organizations. |
| | | | 9.2 States Parties shall also take appropriate measures to: 9.2.g Promote access for persons with disabilities to new information and communications technologies and systems, including the Internet; |
| | | | 9.2.h Promote the design, development, production and distribution of accessible information and communications technologies and systems at an early stage, so that these technologies and systems become accessible at minimum cost. |
| | | | 11 States Parties shall take, in accordance with their obligations under international law, including international humanitarian law and international human rights law, all necessary measures to ensure the protection and safety of persons with disabilities in situations of risk, including situations of armed conflict, humanitarian emergencies and the occurrence of natural disasters. |
| | | | 21 States Parties shall take all appropriate measures to ensure that persons with disabilities can exercise the right to freedom of expression and opinion, including the freedom to seek, receive and impart information and ideas on an equal basis with others and through all forms of communication of their choice, as defined in article 2 of the present Convention, including by: 21.a Providing information intended for the general public to persons with disabilities in accessible formats and technologies appropriate to different kinds of disabilities in a timely manner and without additional cost; |
| | | | 21.b Accepting and facilitating the use of sign languages, Braille, augmentative and alternative communication, and all other accessible means, modes and formats of communication of their choice by persons with disabilities in official interactions; |
| | | | 21.c Urging private entities that provide services to the general public, including through the Internet, to provide information and services in accessible and usable formats for persons with disabilities; |
| | | | 21.d Encouraging the mass media, including providers of information through the Internet, to make their services accessible to persons with disabilities; |
| | | | 21.e Recognizing and promoting the use of sign languages. |
| | | ICRMW International Convention on the Protection of the Rights of All Migrant Workers and Members of Their Families | Show all articles 41.1 Migrant workers and members of their families shall have the right to participate in public affairs of their State of origin and to vote and to be elected at elections of that State, in accordance with its legislation. |
| | | | 41.2 The States concerned shall, as appropriate and in accordance with their legislation, facilitate the exercise of these rights. |
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| | | | 42.1 States Parties shall consider the establishment of procedures or institutions through which account may be taken, both in States of origin and in States of employment, of special needs, aspirations and obligations of migrant workers and members of their families and shall envisage, as appropriate, the possibility for migrant workers and members of their families to have their freely chosen representatives in those institutions. |
| | | | 42.2 States of employment shall facilitate, in accordance with their national legislation, the consultation or participation of migrant workers and members of their families in decisions concerning the life and administration of local communities. |
| | | | 42.3 Migrant workers may enjoy political rights in the State of employment if that State, in the exercise of its sovereignty, grants them such rights. |
| | | UNDRIP United Nations Declaration on the Rights of Indigenous Peoples | Show all articles 5 Indigenous peoples have the right to maintain and strengthen their distinct political, legal, economic, social and cultural institutions, while retaining their right to participate fully, if they so choose, in the political, economic, social and cultural life of the State. |
| | | | 18 Indigenous peoples have the right to participate in decision-making in matters which would affect their rights, through representatives chosen by themselves in accordance with their own procedures, as well as to maintain and develop their own indigenous decision-making institutions. |
| | | Aarhus Convention Convention on Access to Information, Public Participation in Decision-making and Access to Justice in Environmental Matters | Show all articles 5.1 Each Party shall ensure that: |
| | | Kiev Protocol Kiev Protocol on Pollutant Release and Transfer Registers to the Aarhus Convention | Show all articles 16.1.c In sharing information under this Protocol on releases and transfers within border areas; and |
| | | | 16.1.d In sharing information under this Protocol concerning transfers among Parties. |
| | | Escazú Agreement Regional Agreement on Access to Information, Public Participation and Justice in Environmental Matters in Latin America and the Caribbean | Show all articles 4.3 Each Party shall adopt the necessary measures, of a legislative, regulatory, administrative or any other nature, in the framework of its domestic provisions, to guarantee the implementation of the provisions of the present Agreement. |
| | | | 4.4 With the aim of contributing to the effective application of the present Agreement, each Party shall provide the public with information to facilitate the acquisition of knowledge on access rights. |
| | | | 10.2 Each Party, in line with its capacities, may take, inter alia, the following measures: |
| | | | 10.2.a train authorities and civil servants on environmental access rights; |

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