

The Human Rights Guide to the Sustainable Development Goals

Linking human rights with all Sustainable Development Goals and targets


Click on goal, target or instrument to expand details.

Use switch to change which column to be first.

Show first:

Targets

instruments

| Goal | Target | Instrument | Article / Description |
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|  <p>Promote peaceful and inclusive societies for sustainable development, provide access to justice for all and build effective, accountable and inclusive institutions at all levels.</p> | <p>16.7 Ensure responsive, inclusive, participatory and representative decision-making at all levels.</p> <p>Indicators 16.7.1 Proportions of positions in national and local institutions, including (a) the legislatures; (b) the public service; and (c) the judiciary, compared to national distributions, by sex, age, persons with disabilities and population groups 16.7.2 Proportion of population who believe decision-making is inclusive and responsive, by sex, age, disability and population group</p> | <p>ACRWC African Charter on the Rights and Welfare of the Child</p> | <p>Show all articles 7 Every child who is capable of communicating his or her own views shall be assured the rights to express his opinions freely in all matters and to disseminate his opinions subject to such restrictions as are prescribed by laws.</p> |
| | | <p>Maputo Protocol Protocol to the African Charter on Human and Peoples' Rights on the Rights of Women in Africa</p> | <p>Show all articles 9.1 States Parties shall take specific positive action to promote participative governance and the equal participation of women in the political life of their countries through affirmative action, enabling national legislation and other measures to ensure that:</p> |
| | | | <p>9.1.a women participate without any discrimination in all elections;</p> |
| | | | <p>9.1.b women are represented equally at all levels with men in all electoral processes;</p> |
| | | | <p>9.1.c women are equal partners with men at all levels of development and implementation of State policies and development programmes.</p> |
| | | | <p>9.2 States Parties shall ensure increased and effective representation and participation of women at all levels of decision-making.</p> |
| | | | <p>17.1 Women shall have the right to live in a positive cultural context and to participate at all levels in the determination of cultural policies</p> |
| | | | <p>17.2 States Parties shall take all appropriate measures to enhance the participation of women in the formulation of cultural policies at all levels.</p> |
| | | | <p>18.2 States Parties shall take all appropriate measures to:</p> |
| | | | <p>18.2.a ensure greater participation of women in the planning, management and preservation of the environment and the sustainable use of natural resources at all levels;</p> |
| | | | <p>19 Women shall have the right to fully enjoy their right to sustainable development. In this connection, the States Parties shall take all appropriate measures to:</p> |
| | | | <p>19.b ensure participation of women at all levels in the conceptualisation, decision-making, implementation and evaluation of development policies and programmes;</p> |
| | | <p>UNFCCC United Nations Framework Convention on Climate Change</p> | <p>Show all articles 4.1 All Parties, taking into account their common but differentiated responsibilities and their specific national and regional development priorities, objectives and circumstances, shall:</p> |
| | | | <p>4.1.i Promote and cooperate in education, training and public awareness related to climate change and encourage the widest participation in this process, including that of non-governmental organizations;</p> |

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| | | | 6 In carrying out their commitments under Article 4, paragraph 1(i), the Parties shall: |
| | | | 6.a Promote and facilitate at the national and, as appropriate, subregional and regional levels, and in accordance with national laws and regulations, and within their respective capacities: |
| | | | 6.a.i The development and implementation of educational and public awareness programmes on climate change and its effects; |
| | | | 6.a.ii Public access to information on climate change and its effects; |
| | | | 6.a.iii Public participation in addressing climate change and its effects and developing adequate responses; |
| | | | 6.b Cooperate in and promote, at the international level, and, where appropriate, using existing bodies: |
| | | | 6.b.i The development and exchange of educational and public awareness material on climate change and its effects; |
| | | | 6.b.ii The development and implementation of education and training programmes, including the strengthening of national institutions and the exchange or secondment of personnel to train experts in this field, in particular for developing countries. |
| | | CBD Convention on Biological Diversity | Show all articles 8 Each Contracting Party shall, as far as possible and as appropriate: |
| | | | 8.j Subject to its national legislation, respect, preserve and maintain knowledge, innovations and practices of indigenous and local communities embodying traditional lifestyles relevant for the conservation and sustainable use of biological diversity and promote their wider application with the approval and involvement of the holders of such knowledge, innovations and practices and encourage the equitable sharing of the benefits arising from the utilization of such knowledge, innovations and practices; |
| | | | 14.1 Each Contracting Party, as far as possible and as appropriate, shall: |
| | | | 14.1.a Introduce appropriate procedures requiring environmental impact assessment of its proposed projects that are likely to have significant adverse effects on biological diversity with a view to avoiding or minimizing such effects and, where appropriate, allow for public participation in such procedures; |
| | 16.8 Broaden and strengthen the participation of developing countries in the institutions of global governance. Indicators 16.8.1 Proportion of members and voting rights of developing countries in international organizations | UDHR Universal Declaration of Human Rights | Show all articles 28 Everyone is entitled to a social and international order in which the rights and freedoms set forth in this Declaration can be fully realized. |
| | | ICCPR International Covenant on Civil and Political Rights | Show all articles 1.1 All peoples have the right of self-determination. By virtue of that right they freely determine their political status and freely pursue their economic, social and cultural development. |
| | | ICESCR International Covenant on Economic, Social and Cultural Rights | Show all articles 1.1 All peoples have the right of self-determination. By virtue of that right they freely determine their political status and freely pursue their economic, social and cultural development. |
| | 16.9 By 2030, provide legal identity for all, including birth registration. Indicators 16.9.1 Proportion of children under 5 years of age whose births have been registered with a civil authority, by age | UDHR Universal Declaration of Human Rights | Show all articles 15.1 Everyone has the right to a nationality. |
| | | ICCPR International Covenant on Civil and Political Rights | Show all articles 24.2 Every child shall be registered immediately after birth and shall have a name. |
| | | | 24.3 Every child has the right to acquire a nationality. |

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| | | ICERD International Convention on the Elimination of All Forms of Racial Discrimination | Show all articles 5 In compliance with the fundamental obligations laid down in article 2 of this Convention, States Parties undertake to prohibit and to eliminate racial discrimination in all its forms and to guarantee the right of everyone, without distinction as to race, colour, or national or ethnic origin, to equality before the law, notably in the enjoyment of the following rights: 5.d Other civil rights, in particular: 5.d.iii The right to nationality; |
| | | CRC Convention on the Rights of the Child | Show all articles 7.1 The child shall be registered immediately after birth and shall have the right from birth to a name, the right to acquire a nationality and, as far as possible, the right to know and be cared for by his or her parents. |
| | | | 7.2 States Parties shall ensure the implementation of these rights in accordance with their national law and their obligations under the relevant international instruments in this field, in particular where the child would otherwise be stateless. |
| | | CEDAW Convention on the Elimination of All Forms of Discrimination Against Women | Show all articles 9.1 States Parties shall grant women equal rights with men to acquire, change or retain their nationality. They shall ensure in particular that neither marriage to an alien nor change of nationality by the husband during marriage shall automatically change the nationality of the wife, render her stateless or force upon her the nationality of the husband. |
| | | | 9.2 States Parties shall grant women equal rights with men with respect to the nationality of their children. |
| | | CRPD Convention on the Rights of Persons with Disabilities | Show all articles 18.1 States Parties shall recognize the rights of persons with disabilities to liberty of movement, to freedom to choose their residence and to a nationality, on an equal basis with others, including by ensuring that persons with disabilities: 18.1.a Have the right to acquire and change a nationality and are not deprived of their nationality arbitrarily or on the basis of disability; |
| | | | 18.1.b Are not deprived, on the basis of disability, of their ability to obtain, possess and utilize documentation of their nationality or other documentation of identification, or to utilize relevant processes such as immigration proceedings, that may be needed to facilitate exercise of the right to liberty of movement; |
| | | | 18.2 Children with disabilities shall be registered immediately after birth and shall have the right from birth to a name, the right to acquire a nationality and, as far as possible, the right to know and be cared for by their parents. |
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| | | UNDRIP United Nations Declaration on the Rights of Indigenous Peoples | Show all articles 6 Every indigenous individual has the right to a nationality. |
| | | | 33.1 Indigenous peoples have the right to determine their own identity or membership in accordance with their customs and traditions. This does not impair the right of indigenous individuals to obtain citizenship of the States in which they live. |
| | | European Framework Convention on Minorities Council of Europe Framework Convention for the Protection of National Minorities | Show all articles 4.2 The Parties undertake to adopt, where necessary, adequate measures in order to promote, in all areas of economic, social, political and cultural life, full and effective equality between persons belonging to a national minority and those belonging to the majority. In this respect, they shall take due account of the specific conditions of the persons belonging to national minorities. |
| | | | 11.1 The Parties undertake to recognise that every person belonging to a national minority has the right to use his or her surname (patronym) and first names in the minority language and the right to official recognition of them, according to modalities provided for in their legal system. |
| | | ADDDM American Declaration on the Rights and Duties of Man | Show all articles XVII Every person has the right to be recognized everywhere as a person having rights and obligations, and to enjoy the basic civil rights. |
| | | | XIX Every person has the right to the nationality to which he is entitled by law and to change it, if he so wishes, for the nationality of any other country that is willing to grant it to him. |
| | | ACHR American Convention on Human Rights | Show all articles 3 Every person has the right to recognition as a person before the law. |
| | | | 18 Every person has the right to a given name and to the surnames of his parents or that of one of them. The law shall regulate the manner in which this right shall be ensured for all, by the use of assumed names if necessary. |

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| | | | 20.1 Every person has the right to a nationality. |
| | | | 20.2 Every person has the right to the nationality of the state in whose territory he was born if he does not have the right to any other nationality. |
| | | | 20.3 No one shall be arbitrarily deprived of his nationality or of the right to change it. |
| | | ACHPR African Charter on Human and Peoples' Rights | Show all articles 3.1 Every individual shall be equal before the law. |
| | | | 5 Every individual shall have the right to the respect of the dignity inherent in a human being and to the recognition of his legal status. All forms of exploitation and degradation of man particularly slavery, slave trade, torture, cruel, inhuman or degrading punishment and treatment shall be prohibited. |
| | | ACRWC African Charter on the Rights and Welfare of the Child | Show all articles 6.2 Every child shall be registered immediately after birth |
| | | | 6.3 Every child has the right to acquire a nationality. State Parties to the present Charter shall undertake to ensure that their Constitutional legislation recognize the principles according to which a child shall acquire the nationality of the State in the territory of which he has been born if, at the time of the child's birth he is not granted nationality by any other State in accordance with its laws. |
| | | Maputo Protocol Protocol to the African Charter on Human and Peoples' Rights on the Rights of Women in Africa | Show all articles 3.1 Every woman shall have the right to dignity inherent in a human being and to the recognition and protection of her human and legal rights. |
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| 16.a Strengthen relevant national institutions, including through international cooperation, for building capacity at all levels, in particular in developing countries, to prevent violence and combat terrorism and crime. Indicators 16.a.1 Existence of independent national human rights institutions in compliance with the Paris Principles | | UNDHRD Declaration on Human Rights Defenders | Show all articles 2.1 Each State has a prime responsibility and duty to protect, promote and implement all human rights and fundamental freedoms, inter alia, by adopting such steps as may be necessary to create all conditions necessary in the social, economic, political and other fields, as well as the legal guarantees required to ensure that all persons under its jurisdiction, individually and in association with others, are able to enjoy all those rights and freedoms in practice |
| | | | 2.2 Each State shall adopt such legislative, administrative and other steps as may be necessary to ensure that the rights and freedoms referred to in the present Declaration are effectively guaranteed |
| | | | 9.1 In the exercise of human rights and fundamental freedoms, including the promotion and protection of human rights as referred to in the present Declaration, everyone has the right, individually and in association with others, to benefit from an effective remedy and to be protected in the event of the violation of those rights |
| | | | 9.2 To this end, everyone whose rights or freedoms are allegedly violated has the right, either in person or through legally authorized representation, to complain to and have that complaint promptly reviewed in a public hearing before an independent, impartial and competent judicial or other authority established by law and to obtain from such an authority a decision, in accordance with law, providing redress, including any compensation due, where there has been a violation of that person's rights or freedoms, as well as enforcement of the eventual decision and award, all without undue delay |
| | | | 9.3 To the same end, everyone has the right, individually and in association with others, inter alia: 9.3.a To complain about the policies and actions of individual officials and governmental bodies with regard to violations of human rights and fundamental freedoms, by petition or other appropriate means, to competent domestic judicial, administrative or legislative authorities or any other competent authority provided for by the legal system of the State, which should render their decision on the complaint without undue delay |
| | | | 9.3.b To attend public hearings, proceedings and trials so as to form an opinion on their compliance with national law and applicable international obligations and commitments |
| | | | 9.3.c To offer and provide professionally qualified legal assistance or other relevant advice and assistance in defending human rights and fundamental freedoms |
| | | | 9.5 The State shall conduct a prompt and impartial investigation or ensure that an inquiry takes place whenever there is reasonable ground to believe that a violation of human rights and fundamental freedoms has occurred in any territory under its jurisdiction |
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| | | | 12.2 The State shall take all necessary measures to ensure the protection by the competent authorities of everyone, individually and in association with others, against any violence, threats, retaliation, de facto or de jure adverse discrimination, pressure or any other arbitrary action as a consequence of his or her legitimate exercise of the rights referred to in the present Declaration |
| | | | 12.1 Everyone has the right, individually and in association with others, to participate in peaceful activities against violations of human rights and fundamental freedoms |
| | | | 12.3 In this connection, everyone is entitled, individually and in association with others, to be protected effectively under national law in reacting against or opposing, through peaceful means, activities and acts, including those by omission, attributable to States that result in violations of human rights and fundamental freedoms, as well as acts of violence perpetrated by groups or individuals that affect the enjoyment of human rights and fundamental freedoms |
| | | | 14.3 The State shall ensure and support, where appropriate, the creation and development of further independent national institutions for the promotion and protection of human rights and fundamental freedoms in all territory under its jurisdiction, whether they be ombudsmen, human rights commissions or any other form of national institution |
| | | | 15 The State has the responsibility to promote and facilitate the teaching of human rights and fundamental freedoms at all levels of education and to ensure that all those responsible for training lawyers, law enforcement officers, the personnel of the armed forces and public officials include appropriate elements of human rights teaching in their training programme |
| | | ICCPR International Covenant on Civil and Political Rights | Show all articles 2.2 Where not already provided for by existing legislative or other measures, each State Party to the present Covenant undertakes to take the necessary steps, in accordance with its constitutional processes and with the provisions of the present Covenant, to adopt such laws or other measures as may be necessary to give effect to the rights recognized in the present Covenant. |
| | | ICESCR International Covenant on Economic, Social and Cultural Rights | Show all articles 11.1 The States Parties to the present Covenant recognize the right of everyone to an adequate standard of living for himself and his family, including adequate food, clothing and housing, and to the continuous improvement of living conditions. The States Parties will take appropriate steps to ensure the realization of this right, recognizing to this effect the essential importance of international co-operation based on free consent. |
| | | Aarhus Convention Convention on Access to Information, Public Participation in Decision-making and Access to Justice in Environmental Matters | Show all articles 4.8 Each Party may allow its public authorities to make a charge for supplying information, but such charge shall not exceed a reasonable amount. Public authorities intending to make such a charge for supplying information shall make available to applicants a schedule of charges which may be levied, indicating the circumstances in which they may be levied or waived and when the supply of information is conditional on the advance payment of such a charge. |
| | | Escazú Agreement Regional Agreement on Access to Information, Public Participation and Justice in Environmental Matters in Latin America and the Caribbean | Show all articles 4.3 Each Party shall adopt the necessary measures, of a legislative, regulatory, administrative or any other nature, in the framework of its domestic provisions, to guarantee the implementation of the provisions of the present Agreement. |
| | | | 4.10 The Parties may promote knowledge of the provisions of the present Agreement in other international forums related to environmental matters, in accordance with the rules of each forum. |
| | | | 7.12 Each Party shall promote, where appropriate and in accordance with domestic legislation, public participation in international forums and negotiations on environmental matters or with an environmental impact, in accordance with the procedural rules on participation of each forum. The participation of the public at the national level on matters of international environmental forums shall also be promoted, where appropriate. |
| | | | 10.2 Each Party, in line with its capacities, may take, inter alia, the following measures: |
| | | | 10.2.a train authorities and civil servants on environmental access rights; |
| | | | 10.2.b develop and strengthen environmental law and access rights awareness-raising and capacity-building programmes for, inter alia, the public, judicial and administrative officials, national human rights institutions and jurists; |
| | | | 10.2.c provide the competent institutions and entities with adequate equipment and resources; |
| | | | 10.2.d promote education and training on, and raise public awareness of, environmental matters, through, inter alia, basic educational modules on access rights for students at all levels of education; |

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| | | | 10.2.e develop specific measures for persons or groups in vulnerable situations, such as providing interpreters or translators in languages other than official languages when necessary; |
| | | | 10.2.f acknowledge the importance of associations, organizations or groups that train the public on or raise public awareness of access rights; |
| | | | 10.2.g strengthen capabilities to collect, retain and evaluate environmental information. |
| | | | 11.1 The Parties shall cooperate to strengthen their national capacities with the aim of implementing the present Agreement in an effective manner. |
| | | | 11.2 The Parties shall give particular consideration to least developed countries, landlocked developing countries and small island developing States from Latin America and the Caribbean. |
| | | | 11.3 For the purposes of implementing paragraph 2 of the present article, the Parties shall promote activities and mechanisms, such as: |
| | | | 11.3.a discussions, workshops, expert exchanges, technical assistance, education and observatories; |
| | | | 11.3.b developing, sharing and implementing educational, training and awareness-raising materials and programmes; |
| | | | 11.3.c sharing experiences of voluntary codes of conduct, guidelines, good practices and standards; |
| | | | 11.3.d committees, councils and forums of multisectoral development stakeholders to address cooperation priorities and activities. |
| | | | 11.4 The Parties shall encourage partnerships with States from other regions, intergovernmental, non-governmental, academic and private organizations, as well as civil society organizations and other relevant stakeholders to implement the present Agreement. |
| | | | 11.5 The Parties recognize that regional cooperation and information-sharing shall be promoted in relation to all aspects of illicit activities against the environment. |
| | | ACHPR African Charter on Human and Peoples' Rights | Show all articles 25 States parties to the present Charter shall have the duty to promote and ensure through teaching, education and publication, the respect of the rights and freedoms contained in the present Charter and to see to it that these freedoms and rights as well as corresponding obligations and duties are understood. |
| | | Maputo Protocol Protocol to the African Charter on Human and Peoples' Rights on the Rights of Women in Africa | Show all articles 26.2 States Parties undertake to adopt all necessary measures and in particular shall provide budgetary and other resources for the full and effective implementation of the rights herein recognised |
| | 16.b Promote and enforce non- discriminatory laws and policies for sustainable development. Indicators 16.b.1 Proportion of population reporting having personally felt discriminated against or harassed in the previous 12 months on the basis of a ground of discrimination prohibited under international human rights law | UNDHRD Declaration on Human Rights Defenders | Show all articles 1 Everyone has the right, individually and in association with others, to promote and to strive for the protection and realization of human rights and fundamental freedoms at the national and international levels 8.1 Everyone has the right, individually and in association with others, to have effective access, on a non-discriminatory basis, to participation in the government of his or her country and in the conduct of public affairs 8.2 This includes, inter alia, the right, individually and in association with others, to submit to governmental bodies and agencies and organizations concerned with public affairs criticism and proposals for improving their functioning and to draw attention to any aspect of their work that may hinder or impede the promotion, protection and realization of human rights and fundamental freedoms |

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| | | UDHR Universal Declaration of Human Rights | Show all articles 2 Everyone is entitled to all the rights and freedoms set forth in this Declaration, without distinction of any kind, such as race, colour, sex, language, religion, political or other opinion, national or social origin, property, birth or other status. Furthermore, no distinction shall be made on the basis of the political, jurisdictional or international status of the country or territory to which a person belongs, whether it be independent, trust, non-self-governing or under any other limitation of sovereignty. |
| | | | 21.1 Everyone has the right to take part in the government of his country, directly or through freely chosen representatives. |
| | | | 21.2 Everyone has the right to equal access to public service in his country. |
| | | | 22 Everyone, as a member of society, has the right to social security and is entitled to realization, through national effort and international co-operation and in accordance with the organization and resources of each State, of the economic, social and cultural rights indispensable for his dignity and the free development of his personality. |
| | | | 25.1 Everyone has the right to a standard of living adequate for the health and well-being of himself and of his family, including food, clothing, housing and medical care and necessary social services, and the right to security in the event of unemployment, sickness, disability, widowhood, old age or other lack of livelihood in circumstances beyond his control. |
| | | ICCPR International Covenant on Civil and Political Rights | Show all articles 2.1 Each State Party to the present Covenant undertakes to respect and to ensure to all individuals within its territory and subject to its jurisdiction the rights recognized in the present Covenant, without distinction of any kind, such as race, colour, sex, language, religion, political or other opinion, national or social origin, property, birth or other status. |
| | | | 2.2 Where not already provided for by existing legislative or other measures, each State Party to the present Covenant undertakes to take the necessary steps, in accordance with its constitutional processes and with the provisions of the present Covenant, to adopt such laws or other measures as may be necessary to give effect to the rights recognized in the present Covenant. |
| | | | 25 Every citizen shall have the right and the opportunity, without any of the distinctions mentioned in article 2 and without unreasonable restrictions: 25.a To take part in the conduct of public affairs, directly or through freely chosen representatives; |
| | | | 25.b To vote and to be elected at genuine periodic elections which shall be by universal and equal suffrage and shall be held by secret ballot, guaranteeing the free expression of the will of the electors; |
| | | | 25.c To have access, on general terms of equality, to public service in his country. |
| | | ICESCR International Covenant on Economic, Social and Cultural Rights | Show all articles 2.1 Each State Party to the present Covenant undertakes to take steps, individually and through international assistance and co-operation, especially economic and technical, to the maximum of its available resources, with a view to achieving progressively the full realization of the rights recognized in the present Covenant by all appropriate means, including particularly the adoption of legislative measures. |
| | | | 2.2 The States Parties to the present Covenant undertake to guarantee that the rights enunciated in the present Covenant will be exercised without discrimination of any kind as to race, colour, sex, language, religion, political or other opinion, national or social origin, property, birth or other status. |
| | | | 9 The States Parties to the present Covenant recognize the right of everyone to social security, including social insurance. |
| | | | 11.1 The States Parties to the present Covenant recognize the right of everyone to an adequate standard of living for himself and his family, including adequate food, clothing and housing, and to the continuous improvement of living conditions. The States Parties will take appropriate steps to ensure the realization of this right, recognizing to this effect the essential importance of international co-operation based on free consent. |
| | | | 11.2 The States Parties to the present Covenant, recognizing the fundamental right of everyone to be free from hunger, shall take, individually and through international co-operation, the measures, including specific programmes, which are needed: |

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| | | ICERD International Convention on the Elimination of All Forms of Racial Discrimination | Show all articles 1.1 In this Convention, the term "racial discrimination" shall mean any distinction, exclusion, restriction or preference based on race, colour, descent, or national or ethnic origin which has the purpose or effect of nullifying or impairing the recognition, enjoyment or exercise, on an equal footing, of human rights and fundamental freedoms in the political, economic, social, cultural or any other field of public life. |
| | | | 1.4 Special measures taken for the sole purpose of securing adequate advancement of certain racial or ethnic groups or individuals requiring such protection as may be necessary in order to ensure such groups or individuals equal enjoyment or exercise of human rights and fundamental freedoms shall not be deemed racial discrimination, provided, however, that such measures do not, as a consequence, lead to the maintenance of separate rights for different racial groups and that they shall not be continued after the objectives for which they were taken have been achieved. |
| | | | 2.2 States Parties shall, when the circumstances so warrant, take, in the social, economic, cultural and other fields, special and concrete measures to ensure the adequate development and protection of certain racial groups or individuals belonging to them, for the purpose of guaranteeing them the full and equal enjoyment of human rights and fundamental freedoms. These measures shall in no case entail as a consequence the maintenance of unequal or separate rights for different racial groups after the objectives for which they were taken have been achieved. |
| | | | 5 In compliance with the fundamental obligations laid down in article 2 of this Convention, States Parties undertake to prohibit and to eliminate racial discrimination in all its forms and to guarantee the right of everyone, without distinction as to race, colour, or national or ethnic origin, to equality before the law, notably in the enjoyment of the following rights: 5.A The right to equal treatment before the tribunals and all other organs administering justice; |
| | | | 5.c Political rights, in particular the right to participate in elections-to vote and to stand for election-on the basis of universal and equal suffrage, to take part in the Government as well as in the conduct of public affairs at any level and to have equal access to public service; |
| | | | 5.e Economic, social and cultural rights, in particular: 5.e.i The rights to work, to free choice of employment, to just and favourable conditions of work, to protection against unemployment, to equal pay for equal work, to just and favourable remuneration; |
| | | | 6 States Parties shall assure to everyone within their jurisdiction effective protection and remedies, through the competent national tribunals and other State institutions, against any acts of racial discrimination which violate his human rights and fundamental freedoms contrary to this Convention, as well as the right to seek from such tribunals just and adequate reparation or satisfaction for any damage suffered as a result of such discrimination. |
| | | CRC Convention on the Rights of the Child | Show all articles 2.1 States Parties shall respect and ensure the rights set forth in the present Convention to each child within their jurisdiction without discrimination of any kind, irrespective of the child's or his or her parent's or legal guardian's race, colour, sex, language, religion, political or other opinion, national, ethnic or social origin, property, disability, birth or other status. |
| | | | 2.2 States Parties shall take all appropriate measures to ensure that the child is protected against all forms of discrimination or punishment on the basis of the status, activities, expressed opinions, or beliefs of the child's parents, legal guardians, or family members. |
| | | | 4 States Parties shall undertake all appropriate legislative, administrative, and other measures for the implementation of the rights recognized in the present Convention. With regard to economic, social and cultural rights, States Parties shall undertake such measures to the maximum extent of their available resources and, where needed, within the framework of international co-operation. |
| | | | 19.1 States Parties shall take all appropriate legislative, administrative, social and educational measures to protect the child from all forms of physical or mental violence, injury or abuse, neglect or negligent treatment, maltreatment or exploitation, including sexual abuse, while in the care of parent(s), legal guardian(s) or any other person who has the care of the child. |
| | | | 19.2 Such protective measures should, as appropriate, include effective procedures for the establishment of social programmes to provide necessary support for the child and for those who have the care of the child, as well as for other forms of prevention and for identification, reporting, referral, investigation, treatment and follow-up of instances of child maltreatment described heretofore, and, as appropriate, for judicial involvement. |
| | | | 26.1 States Parties shall recognize for every child the right to benefit from social security, including social insurance, and shall take the necessary measures to achieve the full realization of this right in accordance with their national law. |

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| | | | <p>26.2 The benefits should, where appropriate, be granted, taking into account the resources and the circumstances of the child and persons having responsibility for the maintenance of the child, as well as any other consideration relevant to an application for benefits made by or on behalf of the child.</p> |
| | | <p>CEDAW Convention on the Elimination of All Forms of Discrimination Against Women</p> | <p>Show all articles</p> <p>1 For the purposes of the present Convention, the term "discrimination against women" shall mean any distinction, exclusion or restriction made on the basis of sex which has the effect or purpose of impairing or nullifying the recognition, enjoyment or exercise by women, irrespective of their marital status, on a basis of equality of men and women, of human rights and fundamental freedoms in the political, economic, social, cultural, civil or any other field.</p> <p>2 States Parties condemn discrimination against women in all its forms, agree to pursue by all appropriate means and without delay a policy of eliminating discrimination against women and, to this end, undertake:</p> <p>2.a To embody the principle of the equality of men and women in their national constitutions or other appropriate legislation if not yet incorporated therein and to ensure, through law and other appropriate means, the practical realization of this principle;</p> <p>2.b To adopt appropriate legislative and other measures, including sanctions where appropriate, prohibiting all discrimination against women;</p> <p>2.c To establish legal protection of the rights of women on an equal basis with men and to ensure through competent national tribunals and other public institutions the effective protection of women against any act of discrimination;</p> <p>2.d To refrain from engaging in any act or practice of discrimination against women and to ensure that public authorities and institutions shall act in conformity with this obligation;</p> <p>2.e To take all appropriate measures to eliminate discrimination against women by any person, organization or enterprise;</p> <p>2.f To take all appropriate measures, including legislation, to modify or abolish existing laws, regulations, customs and practices which constitute discrimination against women;</p> <p>2.g To repeal all national penal provisions which constitute discrimination against women.</p> <p>3 States Parties shall take in all fields, in particular in the political, social, economic and cultural fields, all appropriate measures, including legislation, to ensure the full development and advancement of women, for the purpose of guaranteeing them the exercise and enjoyment of human rights and fundamental freedoms on a basis of equality with men.</p> <p>7 States Parties shall take all appropriate measures to eliminate discrimination against women in the political and public life of the country and, in particular, shall ensure to women, on equal terms with men, the right:</p> <p>7.a To vote in all elections and public referenda and to be eligible for election to all publicly elected bodies;</p> <p>7.b To participate in the formulation of government policy and the implementation thereof and to hold public office and perform all public functions at all levels of government;</p> <p>7.c To participate in non-governmental organizations and associations concerned with the public and political life of the country.</p> <p>11.2 In order to prevent discrimination against women on the grounds of marriage or maternity and to ensure their effective right to work, States Parties shall take appropriate measures:</p> <p>11.2.c To encourage the provision of the necessary supporting social services to enable parents to combine family obligations with work responsibilities and participation in public life, in particular through promoting the establishment and development of a network of child-care facilities;</p> <p>13 States Parties shall take all appropriate measures to eliminate discrimination against women in other areas of economic and social life in order to ensure, on a basis of equality of men and women, the same rights, in particular:</p> <p>14.2 States Parties shall take all appropriate measures to eliminate discrimination against women in rural areas in order to ensure, on a basis of equality of men and women, that they participate in and benefit from rural development and, in particular, shall ensure to such women the right:</p> <p>14.2.a To participate in the elaboration and implementation of development planning at all levels;</p> |

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| | | | 15.1 States Parties shall accord to women equality with men before the law. |
| | | | 15.2 States Parties shall accord to women, in civil matters, a legal capacity identical to that of men and the same opportunities to exercise that capacity. In particular, they shall give women equal rights to conclude contracts and to administer property and shall treat them equally in all stages of procedure in courts and tribunals. |
| | | | 15.3 States Parties agree that all contracts and all other private instruments of any kind with a legal effect which is directed at restricting the legal capacity of women shall be deemed null and void. |
| | | | 15.4 States Parties shall accord to men and women the same rights with regard to the law relating to the movement of persons and the freedom to choose their residence and domicile. |
| | | CRPD Convention on the Rights of Persons with Disabilities | Show all articles 4.1 States Parties undertake to ensure and promote the full realization of all human rights and fundamental freedoms for all persons with disabilities without discrimination of any kind on the basis of disability. To this end, States Parties undertake: 4.1.a To adopt all appropriate legislative, administrative and other measures for the implementation of the rights recognized in the present Convention; |
| | | | 4.1.b To take all appropriate measures, including legislation, to modify or abolish existing laws, regulations, customs and practices that constitute discrimination against persons with disabilities; |
| | | | 4.1.c To take into account the protection and promotion of the human rights of persons with disabilities in all policies and programmes; |
| | | | 4.2 With regard to economic, social and cultural rights, each State Party undertakes to take measures to the maximum of its available resources and, where needed, within the framework of international cooperation, with a view to achieving progressively the full realization of these rights, without prejudice to those obligations contained in the present Convention that are immediately applicable according to international law. |
| | | | 13.1 States Parties shall ensure effective access to justice for persons with disabilities on an equal basis with others, including through the provision of procedural and age-appropriate accommodations, in order to facilitate their effective role as direct and indirect participants, including as witnesses, in all legal proceedings, including at investigative and other preliminary stages. |
| | | | 13.2 In order to help to ensure effective access to justice for persons with disabilities, States Parties shall promote appropriate training for those working in the field of administration of justice, including police and prison staff. |
| | | | 28.2 States Parties recognize the right of persons with disabilities to social protection and to the enjoyment of that right without discrimination on the basis of disability, and shall take appropriate steps to safeguard and promote the realization of this right, including measures: 28.2.b To ensure access by persons with disabilities, in particular women and girls with disabilities and older persons with disabilities, to social protection programmes and poverty reduction programmes; |
| | | | 28.2.c To ensure access by persons with disabilities and their families living in situations of poverty to assistance from the State with disability-related expenses, including adequate training, counselling, financial assistance and respite care; |
| | | ICRMW International Convention on the Protection of the Rights of All Migrant Workers and Members of Their Families | Show all articles 7 States Parties undertake, in accordance with the international instruments concerning human rights, to respect and to ensure to all migrant workers and members of their families within their territory or subject to their jurisdiction the rights provided for in the present Convention without distinction of any kind such as to sex, race, colour, language, religion or conviction, political or other opinion, national, ethnic or social origin, nationality, age, economic position, property, marital status, birth or other status. |
| | | | 27.1 With respect to social security, migrant workers and members of their families shall enjoy in the State of employment the same treatment granted to nationals in so far as they fulfil the requirements provided for by the applicable legislation of that State and the applicable bilateral and multilateral treaties. The competent authorities of the State of origin and the State of employment can at any time establish the necessary arrangements to determine the modalities of application of this norm. |
| | | | 43.1 Migrant workers shall enjoy equality of treatment with nationals of the State of employment in relation to: 43.1.e Access to social and health services, provided that the requirements for participation in the respective schemes are met; |
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| | | | <p>45.1 Members of the families of migrant workers shall, in the State of employment, enjoy equality of treatment with nationals of that State in relation to:</p> <p>45.1.c Access to social and health services, provided that requirements for participation in the respective schemes are met;</p> |
| | | | <p>84 Each State Party undertakes to adopt the legislative and other measures that are necessary to implement the provisions of the present Convention.</p> |
| | | UNDRIP United Nations Declaration on the Rights of Indigenous Peoples | <p>Show all articles</p> <p>3 Indigenous peoples have the right to self-determination. By virtue of that right they freely determine their political status and freely pursue their economic, social and cultural development.</p> |
| | | | <p>5 Indigenous peoples have the right to maintain and strengthen their distinct political, legal, economic, social and cultural institutions, while retaining their right to participate fully, if they so choose, in the political, economic, social and cultural life of the State.</p> |
| | | | <p>15.2 States shall take effective measures, in consultation and cooperation with the indigenous peoples concerned, to combat prejudice and eliminate discrimination and to promote tolerance, understanding and good relations among indigenous peoples and all other segments of society.</p> |
| | | | <p>20.1 Indigenous peoples have the right to maintain and develop their political, economic and social systems or institutions, to be secure in the enjoyment of their own means of subsistence and development, and to engage freely in all their traditional and other economic activities.</p> |
| | | | <p>20.2 Indigenous peoples deprived of their means of subsistence and development are entitled to just and fair redress.</p> |
| | | | <p>21.1 Indigenous peoples have the right, without discrimination, to the improvement of their economic and social conditions, including, inter alia, in the areas of education, employment, vocational training and retraining, housing, sanitation, health and social security.</p> |
| | | | <p>21.2 States shall take effective measures and, where appropriate, special measures to ensure continuing improvement of their economic and social conditions. Particular attention shall be paid to the rights and special needs of indigenous elders, women, youth, children and persons with disabilities.</p> |
| | | ILO 102 Social Security (Minimum Standards) Convention, 1952 (No. 102) | <p>Show all articles</p> <p>ILO 102 This ILO Convention lays down minimum standards for the level of social security benefits and the conditions under which they are granted, covering the 9 principal branches of social security (medical care, sickness, unemployment, old age, employment injury, family, maternity, invalidity and survivor's benefits).</p> |
| | | ILO 111 Discrimination (Employment and Occupation) Convention, 1958 (No. 111) | <p>Show all articles</p> <p>Description 1 This fundamental ILO Convention defines discrimination as any distinction, exclusion or preference made on the basis of race, colour, sex, religion, political opinion, national extraction or social origin, which has the effect of nullifying or impairing equality of opportunity or treatment in employment or occupation.</p> |
| | | ILO 118 Equality of Treatment (Social Security) Convention, 1962 (No. 118) | <p>Show all articles</p> <p>ILO 118 This ILO Convention establishes rules on the equality of treatment of nationals and non-nationals in social security, especially for migrant workers.</p> |
| | | ILO Rec 202 Social Protection Floors Recommendation, 2012 (No. 202) | <p>Show all articles</p> <p>ILO Rec 202 This recommendation gives guidance on introducing and maintaining social security floors and on implementing social protection floors.</p> |
| | | Aarhus Convention Convention on Access to Information, Public Participation in Decision-making and Access to Justice in Environmental Matters | <p>Show all articles</p> <p>3.7 Each Party shall promote the application of the principles of this Convention in international environmental decision-making processes and within the framework of international organizations in matters relating to the environment.</p> |
| | | | <p>3.8 Each Party shall ensure that persons exercising their rights in conformity with the provisions of this Convention shall not be penalized, persecuted or harassed in any way for their involvement. This provision shall not affect the powers of national courts to award reasonable costs in judicial proceedings.</p> |

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| | | Escazú Agreement Regional Agreement on Access to Information, Public Participation and Justice in Environmental Matters in Latin America and the Caribbean | Show all articles 1 The objective of the present Agreement is to guarantee the full and effective implementation in Latin America and the Caribbean of the rights of access to environmental information, public participation in the environmental decision-making process and access to justice in environmental matters, and the creation and strengthening of capacities and cooperation, contributing to the protection of the right of every person of present and future generations to live in a healthy environment and to sustainable development. |
| | | | 4.5 Each Party shall ensure that guidance and assistance is provided to the public —particularly those persons or groups in vulnerable situations — in order to facilitate the exercise of their access rights. |
| | | | 13 Each Party, to the extent of its ability and in accordance with its national priorities, commits to provide the resources for national activities that are needed to fulfil the obligations derived from the present Agreement. |
| | | ECHR European Convention for the Protection of Human Rights and Fundamental Freedoms | Show all articles 14 The enjoyment of the rights and freedoms set forth in this Convention shall be secured without discrimination on any ground such as sex, race, colour, language, religion, political or other opinion, national or social origin, association with a national minority, property, birth or other status. |
| | | | ECHR Protocol No. 12 Protocol No. 12 to the European Convention for the Protection of Human Rights and Fundamental Freedoms |
| | | | Show all articles 1.1 The enjoyment of any right set forth by law shall be secured without discrimination on any ground such as sex, race, colour, language, religion, political or other opinion, national or social origin, association with a national minority, property, birth or other status. |
| | | | 1.2 No one shall be discriminated against by any public authority on any ground such as those mentioned in paragraph 1. |
| | | European Social Charter European Social Charter (Revised) | Show all articles Part II The Parties undertake, as provided for in Part III, to consider themselves bound by the obligations laid down in the following articles and paragraphs. |
| | | | Part V.E The enjoyment of the rights set forth in this Charter shall be secured without discrimination on any ground such as race, colour, sex, language, religion, political or other opinion, national extraction or social origin, health, association with a national minority, birth or other status. |
| | | | Part#II.20.a access to employment, protection against dismissal and occupational reintegration; |
| | | | Part#II.20.b vocational guidance, training, retraining and rehabilitation; |
| | | | Part#II.20.c terms of employment and working conditions, including remuneration; |
| | | | Part#I.20 All workers have the right to equal opportunities and equal treatment in matters of employment and occupation without discrimination on the grounds of sex. |
| | | | Part#II.20.d career development, including promotion. |
| | | | Part#II.20 With a view to ensuring the effective exercise of the right to equal opportunities and equal treatment in matters of employment and occupation without discrimination on the grounds of sex, the Parties undertake to recognise that right and to take appropriate measures to ensure or promote its application in the following fields: |
| | | European Framework Convention on Minorities Council of Europe Framework Convention for the Protection of National Minorities | Show all articles 4.1 The Parties undertake to guarantee to persons belonging to national minorities the right of equality before the law and of equal protection of the law. In this respect, any discrimination based on belonging to a national minority shall be prohibited. |
| | | | 4.2 The Parties undertake to adopt, where necessary, adequate measures in order to promote, in all areas of economic, social, political and cultural life, full and effective equality between persons belonging to a national minority and those belonging to the majority. In this respect, they shall take due account of the specific conditions of the persons belonging to national minorities. |
| | | | 4.3 The measures adopted in accordance with paragraph 2 shall not be considered to be an act of discrimination. |
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| | | ADDDM American Declaration on the Rights and Duties of Man | Show all articles II All persons are equal before the law and have the rights and duties established in this Declaration, without distinction as to race, sex, language, creed or any other factor. |
| | | ACHR American Convention on Human Rights | Show all articles 1.1 The States Parties to this Convention undertake to respect the rights and freedoms recognized herein and to ensure to all persons subject to their jurisdiction the free and full exercise of those rights and freedoms, without any discrimination for reasons of race, color, sex, language, religion, political or other opinion, national or social origin, economic status, birth, or any other social condition. 2 Where the exercise of any of the rights or freedoms referred to in Article 1 is not already ensured by legislative or other provisions, the States Parties undertake to adopt, in accordance with their constitutional processes and the provisions of this Convention, such legislative or other measures as may be necessary to give effect to those rights or freedoms. 24 All persons are equal before the law. Consequently, they are entitled, without discrimination, to equal protection of the law |
| | | Protocol of San Salvador Additional Protocol to the American Convention on Human Rights in the Area of Economic, Social and Cultural rights (Protocol of San Salvador) | Show all articles 1 The States Parties to this Additional Protocol to the American Convention on Human Rights undertake to adopt the necessary measures, both domestically and through international cooperation, especially economic and technical, to the extent allowed by their available resources, and taking into account their degree of development, for the purpose of achieving progressively and pursuant to their internal legislations, the full observance of the rights recognized in this Protocol. 2 If the exercise of the rights set forth in this Protocol is not already guaranteed by legislative or other provisions, the States Parties undertake to adopt, in accordance with their constitutional processes and the provisions of this Protocol, such legislative or other measures as may be necessary for making those rights a reality. 3 The State Parties to this Protocol undertake to guarantee the exercise of the rights set forth herein without discrimination of any kind for reasons related to race, color, sex, language, religion, political or other opinions, national or social origin, economic status, birth or any other social condition. |
| | | ACHPR African Charter on Human and Peoples' Rights | Show all articles 1 The Member States of the Organization of African Unity parties to the present Charter shall recognize the rights, duties and freedoms enshrined in this Charter and shall undertake to adopt legislative or other measures to give effect to them. 2 Every individual shall be entitled to the enjoyment of the rights and freedoms recognized and guaranteed in the present Charter without distinction of any kind such as race, ethnic group, colour, sex, language, religion, political or any other opinion, national and social origin, fortune, birth or other status. 3.1 Every individual shall be equal before the law. 3.2 Every individual shall be entitled to equal protection of the law. 13.2 Every citizen shall have the right of equal access to the public service of his country. 13.3 Every individual shall have the right of access to public property and services in strict equality of all persons before the law. 18.3 The State shall ensure the elimination of every discrimination against women and also censure the protection of the rights of the woman and the child as stipulated in international declarations and conventions. 18.4 The aged and the disabled shall also have the right to special measures of protection in keeping with their physical or moral needs. |
| | | ACRWC African Charter on the Rights and Welfare of the Child | Show all articles 1.1 Member States of the Organization of African Unity, Parties to the present Charter shall recognize the rights, freedoms and duties enshrined in this Charter and shall undertake the necessary steps, in accordance with their Constitutional processes and with the provisions of the present Charter, to adopt such legislative or other measures as may be necessary to give effect to the provisions of this Charter. 3 Every child shall be entitled to the enjoyment of the rights and freedoms recognized and guaranteed in this Charter irrespective of the child's or his/her parents' or legal guardians' race, ethnic group, colour, sex, language, religion, political or other opinion, national and social origin, fortune, birth or other status. |

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| | | | <p>26.2 State Parties to the present Charter shall individually and collectively undertake to accord the highest priority to the special needs of children living under regimes practising racial, ethnic, religious or other forms of discrimination as well as in States subject to military destabilization.</p> |
| | | <p>Maputo Protocol Protocol to the African Charter on Human and Peoples' Rights on the Rights of Women in Africa</p> | <p>Show all articles</p> <p>2.1.a include in their national constitutions and other legislative instruments, if not already done, the principle of equality between women and men and ensure its effective application;</p> <p>2.1.b enact and effectively implement appropriate legislative or regulatory measures, including those prohibiting and curbing all forms of discrimination particularly those harmful practices which endanger the health and general well-being of women;</p> <p>2.1.c integrate a gender perspective in their policy decisions, legislation, development plans, programmes and activities and in all other spheres of life;</p> <p>2.1.d take corrective and positive action in those areas where discrimination against women in law and in fact continues to exist;</p> <p>2.1.e support the local, national, regional and continental initiatives directed at eradicating all forms of discrimination against women.</p> <p>2.2 States Parties shall commit themselves to modify the social and cultural patterns of conduct of women and men through public education, information, education and communication strategies, with a view to achieving the elimination of harmful cultural and traditional practices and all other practices which are based on the idea of the inferiority or the superiority of either of the sexes, or on stereotyped roles for women and men.</p> <p>19 Women shall have the right to fully enjoy their right to sustainable development. In this connection, the States Parties shall take all appropriate measures to:</p> <p>19.a introduce the gender perspective in the national development planning procedures;</p> <p>19.b ensure participation of women at all levels in the conceptualisation, decision-making, implementation and evaluation of development policies and programmes;</p> <p>19.e take into account indicators of human development specifically relating to women in the elaboration of development policies and programmes;</p> <p>19.f ensure that the negative effects of globalisation and any adverse effects of the implementation of trade and economic policies and programmes are reduced to the minimum for women.</p> |
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